

Converting Colors

RGB(249, 223, 163)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(249, 223, 163) contains.

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Color

RGB(249, 223, 163)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F9DFA3
RGB	249, 223, 163
RGB Percent	98%, 87%, 64%
CMY	0.0235, 0.1255, 0.3608
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.35, 0.02
HSL	42°, 88%, 81%
HSV	42°, 35%, 98%
XYZ	72.0655, 75.5594, 45.4365
YIQ	223.9340, 34.7560, -13.1480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

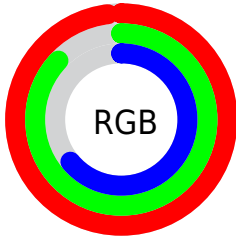
Format	Color
R _Y B	200, 249, 163
Decimal	16375715
CIE Lab	89.65, 0.52, 32.71
CIE LCh	90, 32.712, 89.081
Yxy	75.5594, 0.3733, 0.3914
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294565795 (0xFFFF9DFA3)
YUV	223.9340, -30.0405, 21.9829
Hunter-Lab	86.9249, -4.1325, 29.8560

Details

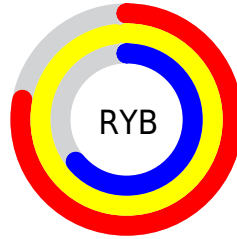
The RGB color **249, 223, 163** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **163, 189, 249**, and the grayscale version is **224, 224, 224**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 218**, and **191, 168, 111** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **249, 215, 138**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **249, 231, 188**.

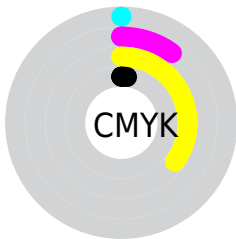
Distribution



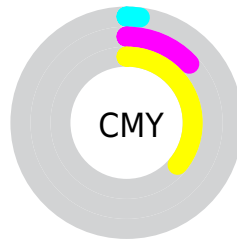
- Red (98%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (98%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 249, 223, 163 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 249, 223, 163 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 249, 223, 163

 249, 223, 163

255, 255, 255

 220, 195, 136

 255, 255, 218

 191, 168, 111

 255, 255, 247

 164, 142, 86

 136, 116, 62

 110, 92, 38

 84, 68, 15

 60, 46, 0

 35, 26, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 249, 223, 163

■ 249, 223, 163

■ 249, 215, 138

■ 249, 231, 188

■ 249, 208, 113

■ 249, 238, 213

■ 249, 200, 88

■ 249, 246, 238

■ 249, 193, 63

■ 249, 253, 255

■ 249, 185, 38

■ 249, 255, 255

■ 249, 178, 14

■ 249, 174, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 213, 173



249, 223, 163



216, 233, 170

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



249, 223, 163



131, 242, 255



255, 208, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



249, 223, 163



163, 189, 249

Split Complementary

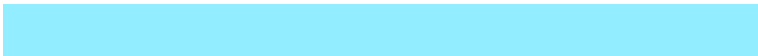
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



229, 218, 255



249, 223, 163



146, 237, 255

Square

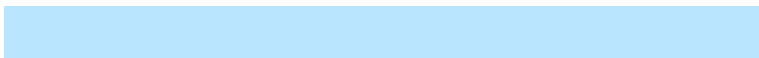
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



249, 223, 163



147, 243, 223



185, 229, 255



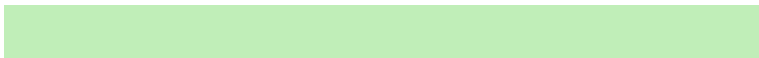
255, 203, 228

Rectangle

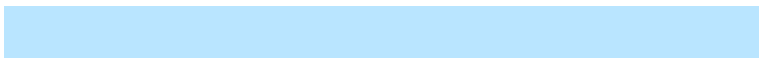
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



249, 223, 163



192, 238, 184



185, 229, 255



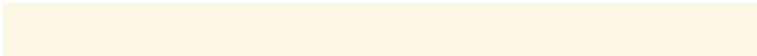
254, 211, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



249, 223, 163



255, 247, 230



249, 163, 190



128, 123, 112



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



249, 223, 163



255, 223, 150



233, 249, 163



125, 121, 112



189, 132, 0



61, 43, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



163, 189, 249



150, 182, 255



179, 163, 249



112, 116, 125



0, 57, 189



0, 19, 61

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 249, 223, 163 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 249, 223, 163 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 249, 223, 163 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 249, 223, 163.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 249, 223, 163.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
249, 223, 163

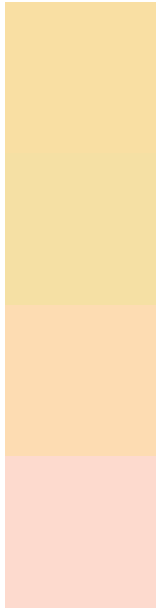
Protanopia
242, 225, 164

Deuteranopia
255, 219, 186



Tritanopia
255, 215, 231

Trichromacy



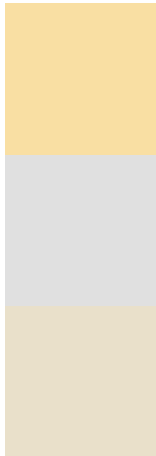
Original Color
249, 223, 163

Protanomaly
245, 224, 164

Deuteranomaly
253, 220, 178

Tritanomaly
253, 218, 206

Monochromacy



Original Color
249, 223, 163

Achromatopsia
224, 224, 224

Achromatomaly
233, 224, 202

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 249, 223, 163 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(249, 223, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(249, 223, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 223, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(249, 223, 163) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 249, 223, 163 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(249, 223, 163) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(249, 223, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 223, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(249, 223, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 223, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 223,  
163) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 249, 223, 163 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(249, 223, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(249,  
223, 163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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