

# Converting Colors

RGB(249, 229, 189)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(249, 229, 189) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(249, 229, 189)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F9E5BD
RGB	249, 229, 189
RGB Percent	98%, 90%, 74%
CMY	0.0235, 0.1020, 0.2588
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.24, 0.02
HSL	40°, 83%, 86%
HSV	40°, 24%, 98%
XYZ	76.2715, 79.8525, 59.5372
YIQ	230.4200, 24.7600, -8.2000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

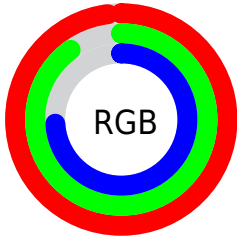
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	219, 249, 189
Decimal	16377277
CIE Lab	91.62, 0.76, 22.00
CIE LCh	92, 22.017, 88.019
Yxy	79.8525, 0.3537, 0.3703
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294567357 (0xFFF9E5BD)
YUV	230.4200, -20.4201, 16.2947
Hunter-Lab	89.3602, -4.0254, 23.0495

# Details

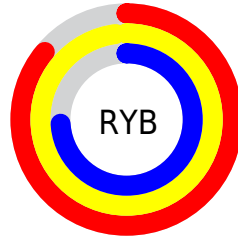
The RGB color **249, 229, 189** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **189, 209, 249**, and the grayscale version is **231, 231, 231**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 245**, and **192, 174, 136** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **249, 221, 164**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **249, 237, 214**.

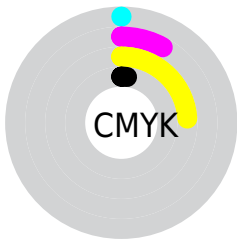
# Distribution



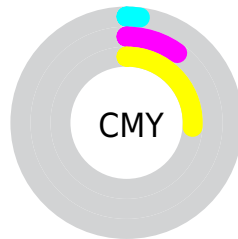
- Red (98%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (98%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (26%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 249, 229, 189 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 249, 229, 189 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 249, 229, 189

255, 255, 255


 255, 255, 245

 249, 229, 189

 220, 201, 162

 192, 174, 136

 164, 147, 110


 138, 121, 85

 112, 97, 62

 87, 73, 40

 62, 51, 18

 40, 30, 0

 11, 5, 0

■ 249, 229, 189

■ 249, 229, 189

■ 249, 221, 164

■ 249, 237, 214

■ 249, 212, 139

■ 249, 246, 239

■ 249, 204, 114

■ 249, 254, 255

■ 249, 196, 89

■ 249, 255, 255

■ 249, 188, 65

■ 249, 179, 40

■ 249, 171, 15

■ 249, 166, 0

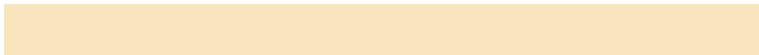
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 222, 196



249, 229, 189



226, 236, 193

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



249, 229, 189



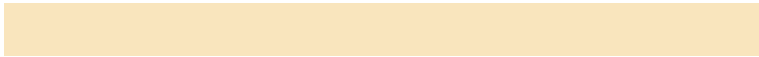
174, 243, 250



255, 220, 254

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



249, 229, 189



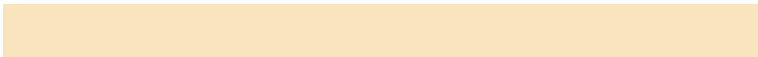
189, 209, 249

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



233, 226, 255



249, 229, 189



183, 239, 255

# Square

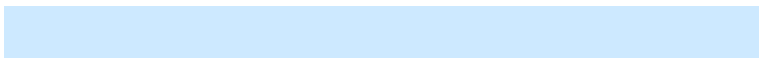
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



249, 229, 189



182, 243, 229



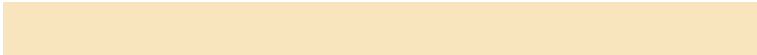
205, 233, 255



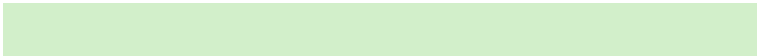
255, 216, 233

# Rectangle

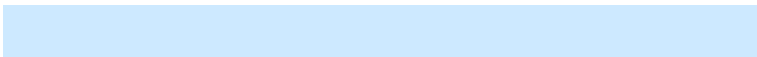
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



249, 229, 189



210, 239, 202



205, 233, 255



250, 222, 255

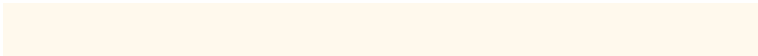


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



249, 229, 189



255, 249, 237



249, 189, 209



128, 124, 117



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

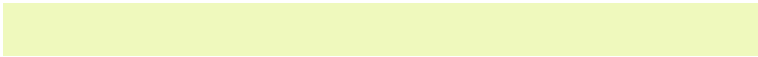
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



249, 229, 189



255, 230, 181



239, 249, 189



125, 121, 112



189, 126, 0



61, 41, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



189, 209, 249



181, 206, 255



199, 189, 249



112, 117, 125



0, 63, 189



0, 20, 61



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 249, 229, 189 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

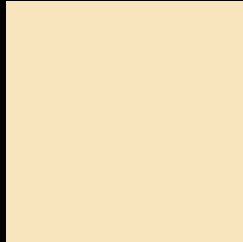
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 249, 229, 189 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

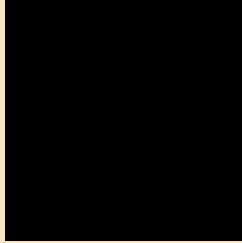
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

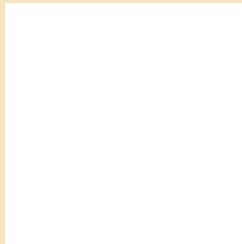
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 249, 229, 189 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 249, 229, 189.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 249, 229, 189.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

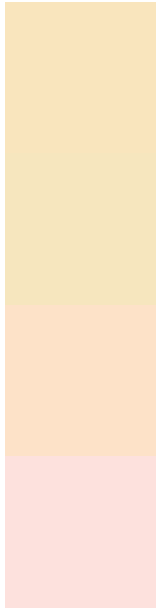




# Tritanopia

255, 222, 239

# Trichromacy



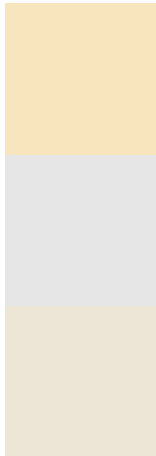
**Original Color**  
249, 229, 189

**Protanomaly**  
246, 230, 190

**Deuteranomaly**  
253, 226, 200

**Tritanomaly**  
253, 225, 221

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
249, 229, 189

**Achromatopsia**  
230, 230, 230

**Achromatomaly**  
237, 230, 215

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 249, 229, 189 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(249, 229, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(249, 229, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 229, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(249, 229, 189) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 249, 229, 189 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(249, 229, 189) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(249, 229, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(249, 229, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 229, 189); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 229, 189); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 229, 189) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 249, 229, 189 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(249, 229, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(249,  
229, 189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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