

# Converting Colors

RGB(249, 97, 243)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(249, 97, 243) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(249, 97, 243)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F961F3
RGB	249, 97, 243
RGB Percent	98%, 38%, 95%
CMY	0.0235, 0.6196, 0.0471
CMYK	0.00, 0.61, 0.02, 0.02
HSL	302°, 93%, 68%
HSV	302°, 61%, 98%
XYZ	59.5193, 35.1602, 88.4436
YIQ	159.0920, 43.7260, 77.6300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

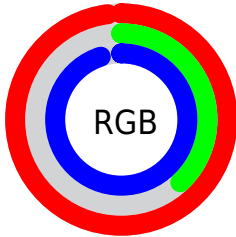
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	249, 97, 243
Decimal	16343539
CIE Lab	65.87, 74.87, -45.45
CIE LCh	66, 87.583, 328.740
Yxy	35.1602, 0.3250, 0.1920
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294533619 (0xFFFF961F3)
YUV	159.0920, 41.3666, 78.8493
Hunter-Lab	59.2960, 75.4040, -46.9274

# Details

The RGB color **249, 97, 243** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF66FF**. A complement of this color would be **97, 249, 103**, and the grayscale version is **159, 159, 159**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 156, 255**, and **189, 27, 186** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **249, 72, 242**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **249, 122, 244**.

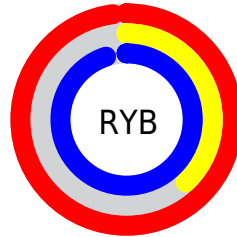
# Distribution



Red (98%)

Green (38%)

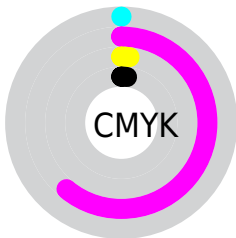
Blue (95%)



Red (98%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (95%)

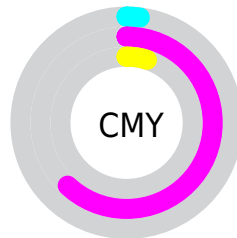


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (61%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (2%)

Magenta (62%)
















Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 249, 97, 243 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 249, 97, 243 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 249, 97, 243	 249, 97, 243
255, 255, 255	 219, 66, 214
 255, 156, 255	 189, 27, 186
 255, 185, 255	 160, 0, 159
 255, 215, 255	 131, 0, 132
 255, 245, 255	 103, 0, 106
	 75, 0, 82
	 48, 0, 58
	 11, 0, 35
	 0, 0, 9


 249, 97, 243

 249, 97, 243

 249, 72, 242

 249, 122, 244

 249, 47, 241

 249, 147, 245

 249, 22, 240

 249, 172, 246

 249, 0, 239

 249, 197, 247

 249, 221, 248

 249, 246, 249

 249, 255, 250

 249, 255, 251

 249, 255, 252

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



143, 140, 255



249, 97, 243



255, 61, 167

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



249, 97, 243



196, 156, 0



0, 194, 234

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



249, 97, 243



97, 249, 103

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 194, 154



249, 97, 243



118, 177, 0

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



249, 97, 243



255, 122, 0



0, 189, 71



0, 188, 255

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



249, 97, 243



255, 68, 115



0, 189, 71



0, 194, 209



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



249, 97, 243



255, 209, 253



102, 97, 249



128, 99, 126



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



249, 97, 243



255, 69, 248



249, 97, 168



125, 112, 124



189, 0, 181



61, 0, 59



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



249, 97, 243



255, 69, 248



97, 249, 178



125, 112, 124



189, 0, 181



61, 0, 59



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 249, 97, 243 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

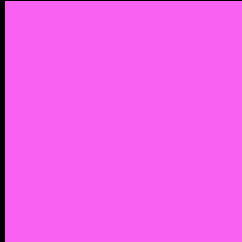
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 249, 97, 243 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 249, 97, 243 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 249, 97, 243.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 249, 97, 243.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
249, 97, 243

**Protanopia**  
122, 157, 255

**Deuteranopia**  
131, 159, 233



**Tritanopia**  
237, 127, 136

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

249, 97, 243



**Protanomaly**

168, 135, 251



**Deuteranomaly**

174, 136, 237



**Tritanomaly**

241, 116, 175

# Monochromacy



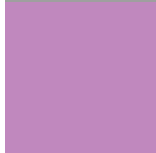
**Original Color**

249, 97, 243



**Achromatopsia**

159, 159, 159



**Achromatomaly**

192, 136, 190

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 249, 97, 243 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(249, 97, 243) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(249, 97, 243)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 97, 243) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(249, 97, 243) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 249, 97, 243 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(249, 97, 243) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(249, 97, 243) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 97, 243) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(249, 97, 243); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 97, 243);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 97,  
243) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 249, 97, 243 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(249, 97, 243) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(249, 97,  
243) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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