

Converting Colors

RGB(250, 109, 139)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(250, 109, 139) contains.

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Color

RGB(250, 109, 139)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	FA6D8B
RGB	250, 109, 139
RGB Percent	98%, 43%, 55%
CMY	0.0196, 0.5725, 0.4549
CMYK	0.00, 0.56, 0.44, 0.02
HSL	347°, 93%, 70%
HSV	347°, 56%, 98%
XYZ	49.5532, 33.1254, 28.2082
YIQ	154.5790, 74.4060, 39.2220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

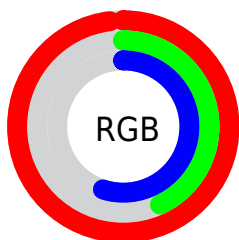
Format	Color
RYB	250, 109, 139
Decimal	16412043
CIELab	64.26, 56.46, 10.89
CIELCh	64, 57.503, 10.912
Yxy	33.1254, 0.4469, 0.2987
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294602123 (0xFFFA6D8B)
YUV	154.5790, -7.6804, 83.6842
Hunter-Lab	57.5546, 52.9637, 11.2295

Details

The RGB color **250, 109, 139** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6699**. A complement of this color would be **109, 250, 220**, and the grayscale version is **155, 155, 155**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 165, 192**, and **189, 52, 89** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **250, 84, 119**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **250, 134, 159**.

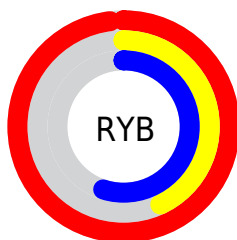
Distribution



Red (98%)

Green (43%)

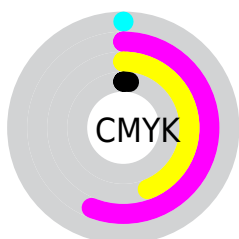
Blue (55%)



Red (98%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (55%)

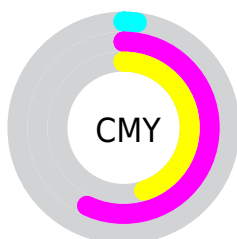


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (44%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (2%)


Magenta (57%)

Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 250, 109, 139 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 250, 109, 139 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 250, 109, 139


255, 255, 255

 255, 165, 192

 255, 193, 220

 255, 222, 249

 255, 252, 255

 250, 109, 139

 219, 81, 114

 189, 52, 89

 159, 15, 66

 130, 0, 44

 101, 0, 24


 73, 0, 1


 44, 0, 1


 0, 0, 0


 250, 109, 139

 250, 109, 139


 250, 84, 119

 250, 134, 159

 250, 59, 100

 250, 159, 178

 250, 34, 80

 250, 184, 198

 250, 9, 60

 250, 209, 218

 250, 0, 53

 250, 234, 237

 250, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



232, 115, 191



250, 109, 139



241, 121, 91

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



250, 109, 139



110, 172, 74



0, 170, 252

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



250, 109, 139



109, 250, 220

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 179, 222



250, 109, 139



0, 179, 120

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



250, 109, 139



166, 159, 46



0, 181, 174



93, 155, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



250, 109, 139



222, 134, 65



0, 181, 174



0, 174, 245

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



250, 109, 139



255, 212, 221



219, 109, 250



128, 102, 107



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



250, 109, 139



255, 82, 118



250, 149, 109



125, 112, 115



189, 0, 40



61, 0, 13

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



250, 109, 139



255, 82, 118



109, 210, 250



125, 112, 115



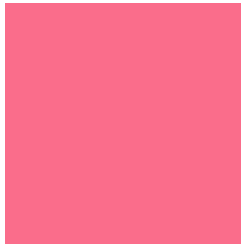
189, 0, 40



61, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 250, 109, 139 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

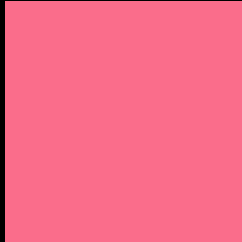
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 250, 109, 139 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 250, 109, 139 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 250, 109, 139.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 250, 109, 139.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

250, 109, 139

Protanopia

157, 155, 164

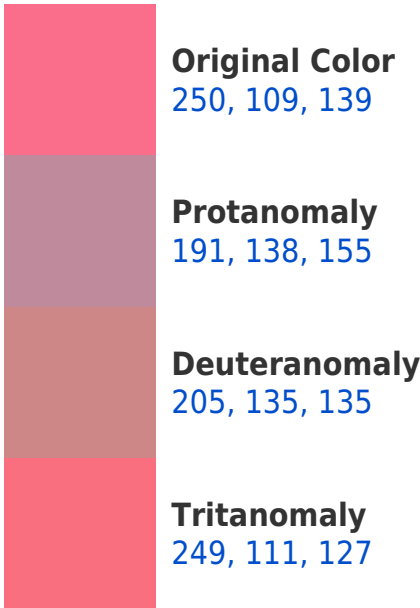
Deuteranopia

180, 150, 132

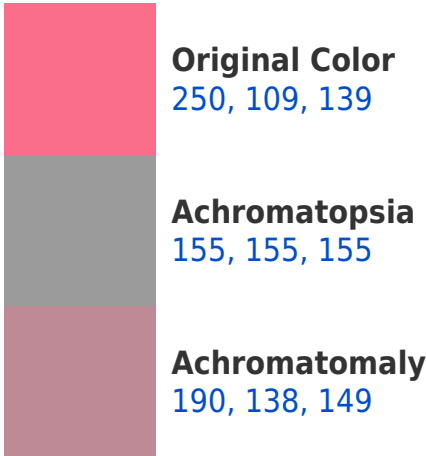


Tritanopia
249, 112, 120

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 250, 109, 139 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(250, 109, 139) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(250, 109, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 109, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(250, 109, 139) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 250, 109, 139 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(250, 109, 139) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(250, 109, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 109, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(250, 109, 139); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 109, 139);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 109,  
139) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 250, 109, 139 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(250, 109, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(250,  
109, 139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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