

Converting Colors

RGB(250, 187, 147)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(250, 187, 147) contains.

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Color

RGB(250, 187, 147)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FABB93
RGB	250, 187, 147
RGB Percent	98%, 73%, 58%
CMY	0.0196, 0.2667, 0.4235
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.41, 0.02
HSL	23°, 91%, 78%
HSV	23°, 41%, 98%
XYZ	62.4611, 57.9712, 35.5013
YIQ	201.2770, 50.3880, 0.9160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

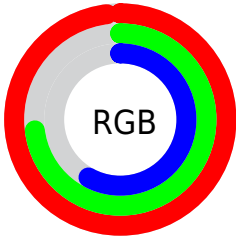
Format	Color
R _Y B	250, 212, 147
Decimal	16432019
CIE Lab	80.72, 17.80, 29.11
CIE LCh	81, 34.117, 58.560
Yxy	57.9712, 0.4006, 0.3718
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294622099 (0xFFFABB93)
YUV	201.2770, -26.7586, 42.7301
Hunter-Lab	76.1388, 13.1910, 25.6520

Details

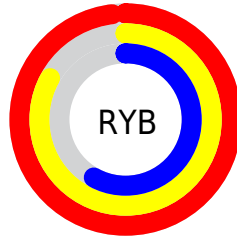
The RGB color **250, 187, 147** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **147, 210, 250**, and the grayscale version is **202, 202, 202**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 243, 201**, and **191, 134, 96** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **250, 172, 122**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **250, 202, 172**.

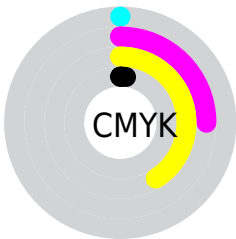
Distribution



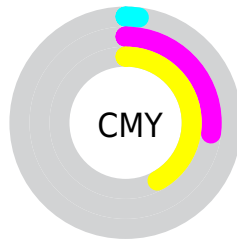
- Red (98%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (2%)





- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 250, 187, 147 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 250, 187, 147 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 250, 187, 147

 250, 187, 147


255, 255, 255

 220, 160, 121

 255, 243, 201

 191, 134, 96

 255, 255, 229

 163, 108, 72

 135, 84, 49

 108, 60, 27

 82, 38, 2

 56, 17, 0

 33, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 250, 187, 147

■ 250, 187, 147

■ 250, 172, 122

■ 250, 202, 172

■ 250, 156, 97

■ 250, 218, 197

■ 250, 141, 72

■ 250, 233, 222

■ 250, 126, 47

■ 250, 248, 247

■ 250, 111, 22

■ 250, 255, 255

■ 250, 97, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 179, 171



250, 187, 147



224, 198, 137

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



250, 187, 147



118, 218, 198



203, 193, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



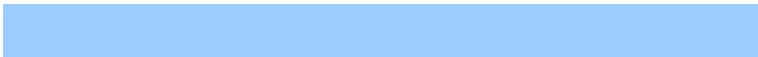
250, 187, 147



147, 210, 250

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



156, 204, 255



250, 187, 147



97, 217, 230

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



250, 187, 147



154, 215, 166



113, 212, 254



240, 182, 234

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



250, 187, 147



202, 205, 139



113, 212, 254



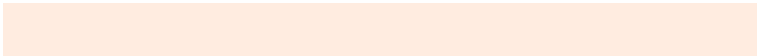
188, 197, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



250, 187, 147



255, 236, 224



250, 147, 211



128, 117, 110



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



250, 187, 147



255, 179, 130



250, 238, 147



125, 117, 112



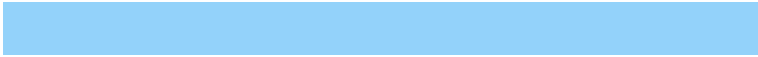
189, 73, 0



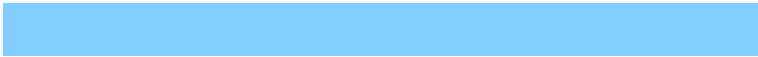
61, 24, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



147, 210, 250



130, 206, 255



147, 159, 250



112, 120, 125



0, 115, 189



0, 37, 61

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 250, 187, 147 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 250, 187, 147 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

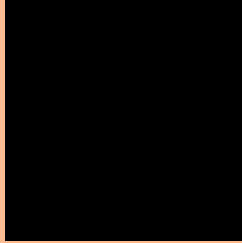
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 250, 187, 147 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 250, 187, 147.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 250, 187, 147.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
250, 187, 147

Protanopia
215, 200, 153

Deuteranopia
238, 192, 146



Tritanopia
254, 181, 194

Trichromacy



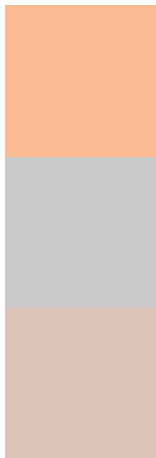
Original Color
250, 187, 147

Protanomaly
228, 195, 151

Deuteranomaly
242, 190, 146

Tritanomaly
253, 183, 177

Monochromacy



Original Color
250, 187, 147

Achromatopsia
201, 201, 201

Achromatomaly
219, 196, 181

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 250, 187, 147 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(250, 187, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(250, 187, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 187, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(250, 187, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 250, 187, 147 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(250, 187, 147) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(250, 187, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(250, 187, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(250, 187, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 187, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 187,  
147) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 250, 187, 147 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(250, 187, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(250,  
187, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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