

Converting Colors

RGB(250, 38, 180)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(250, 38, 180) contains.

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Color

RGB(250, 38, 180)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FA26B4
RGB	250, 38, 180
RGB Percent	98%, 15%, 71%
CMY	0.0196, 0.8510, 0.2941
CMYK	0.00, 0.85, 0.28, 0.02
HSL	320°, 95%, 56%
HSV	320°, 85%, 98%
XYZ	48.3557, 25.0055, 45.4579
YIQ	117.5760, 80.7700, 89.1060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

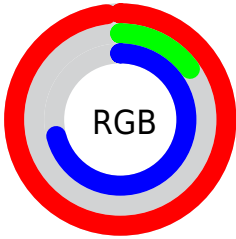
Format	Color
R _Y B	250, 38, 180
Decimal	16393908
CIE Lab	57.08, 84.15, -23.48
CIE LCh	57, 87.364, 344.411
Yxy	25.0055, 0.4070, 0.2105
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294583988 (0xFFFA26B4)
YUV	117.5760, 30.7750, 116.1358
Hunter-Lab	50.0055, 85.1011, -18.8942

Details

The RGB color **250, 38, 180** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF33CC**. The color can be described as light washed rose. A complement of this color would be **38, 250, 108**, and the grayscale version is **117, 117, 117**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 112, 236**, and **188, 0, 127** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **250, 13, 172**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **250, 63, 188**.

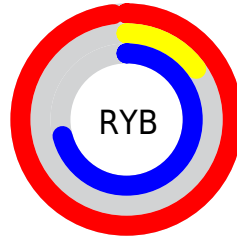
Distribution



Red (98%)

Green (15%)

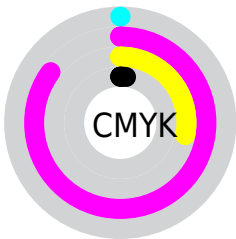
Blue (71%)



Red (98%)

Yellow (15%)

Blue (71%)

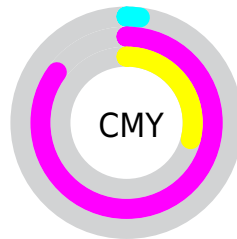


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (85%)

Yellow (28%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (2%)


Magenta (85%)


Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 250, 38, 180 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 250, 38, 180 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 250, 38, 180

 250, 38, 180

255, 255, 255

 219, 0, 153

 255, 112, 236

 188, 0, 127

 255, 143, 255

 158, 0, 102

 255, 174, 255

 128, 0, 78

 255, 204, 255


 98, 0, 54

 255, 235, 255

 70, 0, 33

 41, 0, 4

 0, 0, 0

 250, 38, 180

 250, 38, 180

■ 250, 13, 172

■ 250, 63, 188

■ 250, 0, 167

■ 250, 88, 197

■ 250, 113, 205

■ 250, 138, 213

■ 250, 163, 221

■ 250, 188, 230

■ 250, 213, 238

■ 250, 238, 246

■ 250, 255, 254

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



183, 95, 247



250, 38, 180



255, 16, 104

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



250, 38, 180



132, 145, 0



0, 167, 243

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



250, 38, 180



38, 250, 108

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 169, 173



250, 38, 180



4, 160, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



250, 38, 180



198, 119, 0



0, 167, 93



0, 157, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



250, 38, 180



255, 59, 55



0, 167, 93



0, 168, 222

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



250, 38, 180



255, 191, 234



105, 38, 250



128, 89, 115



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



250, 38, 180



255, 0, 171



250, 38, 77



125, 112, 121



189, 0, 126



61, 0, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



250, 38, 180



255, 0, 171



38, 250, 211



125, 112, 121



189, 0, 126



61, 0, 41

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 250, 38, 180 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

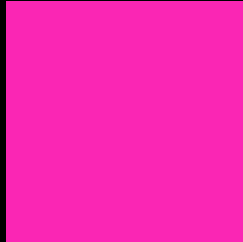
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 250, 38, 180 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 250, 38, 180 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 250, 38, 180.

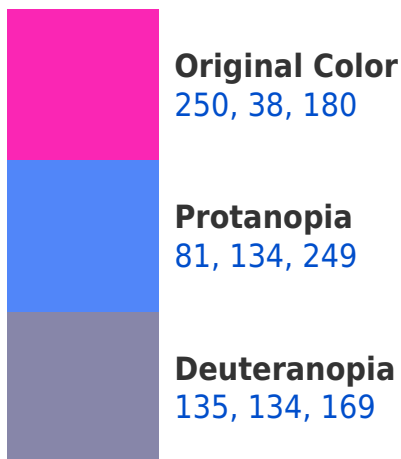


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 250, 38, 180.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
243, 78, 82

Trichromacy



Original Color

250, 38, 180



Protanomaly

142, 99, 224



Deuteranomaly

177, 99, 173



Tritanomaly

246, 63, 118

Monochromacy



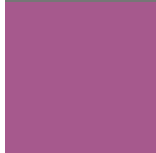
Original Color

250, 38, 180



Achromatopsia

118, 118, 118



Achromatomaly

166, 89, 141

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 250, 38, 180 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(250, 38, 180) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(250, 38, 180)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 38, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(250, 38, 180) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 250, 38, 180 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(250, 38, 180) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(250, 38, 180) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 38, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(250, 38, 180); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 38, 180);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 38,  
180) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 250, 38, 180 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(250, 38, 180) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(250, 38,  
180) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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