

Converting Colors

RGB(251, 170, 100)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(251, 170, 100) contains.

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Color

RGB(251, 170, 100)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FBA064
RGB	251, 170, 100
RGB Percent	98%, 67%, 39%
CMY	0.0157, 0.3333, 0.6078
CMYK	0.00, 0.32, 0.60, 0.02
HSL	28°, 95%, 69%
HSV	28°, 60%, 98%
XYZ	56.4586, 50.1788, 18.7664
YIQ	186.2390, 70.7460, -4.5980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

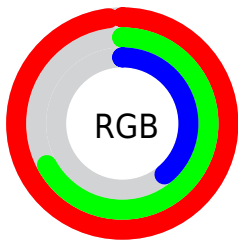
Format	Color
R _Y B	251, 230, 100
Decimal	16493156
CIE Lab	76.18, 22.98, 47.63
CIE LCh	76, 52.883, 64.238
Yxy	50.1788, 0.4502, 0.4001
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294683236 (0xFFFBAA64)
YUV	186.2390, -42.5158, 56.7954
Hunter-Lab	70.8370, 18.3037, 33.8786

Details

The RGB color **251, 170, 100** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9966**. A complement of this color would be **100, 181, 251**, and the grayscale version is **187, 187, 187**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 225, 153**, and **190, 118, 50** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **251, 157, 75**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **251, 183, 125**.

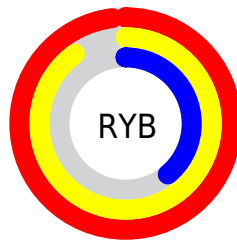
Distribution



Red (98%)

Green (67%)

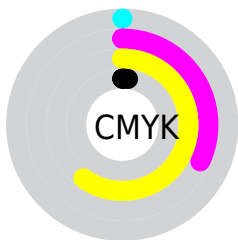
Blue (39%)



Red (98%)

Yellow (90%)

Blue (39%)

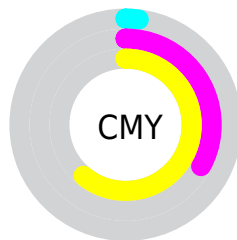


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (60%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (2%)
















Magenta (33%)

Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 251, 170, 100 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 251, 170, 100 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 251, 170, 100	 251, 170, 100
255, 255, 255	 221, 143, 75
 255, 225, 153	 190, 118, 50
 255, 254, 180	 161, 93, 25
 255, 255, 208	 132, 69, 0
 255, 255, 236	 104, 46, 0
	 76, 24, 0
	 49, 2, 0
	 16, 0, 0
	 0, 0, 0

■ 251, 170, 100

■ 251, 170, 100

■ 251, 157, 75

■ 251, 183, 125

■ 251, 143, 50

■ 251, 197, 150

■ 251, 130, 25

■ 251, 210, 175

■ 251, 116, 0

■ 251, 224, 200

■ 251, 237, 226

■ 251, 251, 251

■ 251, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 154, 135



251, 170, 100



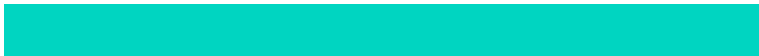
210, 187, 87

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



251, 170, 100



0, 213, 193



201, 172, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



251, 170, 100



100, 181, 251

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



117, 191, 255



251, 170, 100



0, 211, 241

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



251, 170, 100



94, 209, 144



0, 204, 255



254, 155, 231

Rectangle

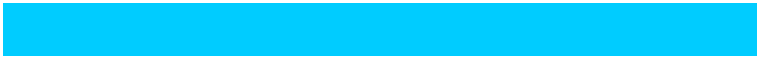
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



251, 170, 100



177, 197, 95



0, 204, 255



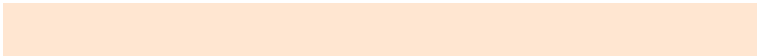
177, 179, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



251, 170, 100



255, 230, 209



251, 100, 183



128, 112, 99



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



251, 170, 100



255, 157, 71



251, 243, 100



125, 118, 112



189, 87, 0



61, 28, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



100, 181, 251



71, 170, 255



100, 108, 251



112, 119, 125



0, 101, 189



0, 33, 61

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 251, 170, 100 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 251, 170, 100 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 251, 170, 100 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 251, 170, 100.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 251, 170, 100.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
251, 170, 100

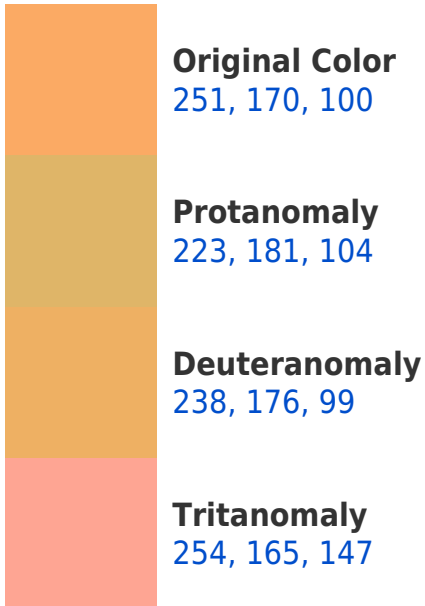
Protanopia
207, 188, 106

Deuteranopia
231, 179, 98

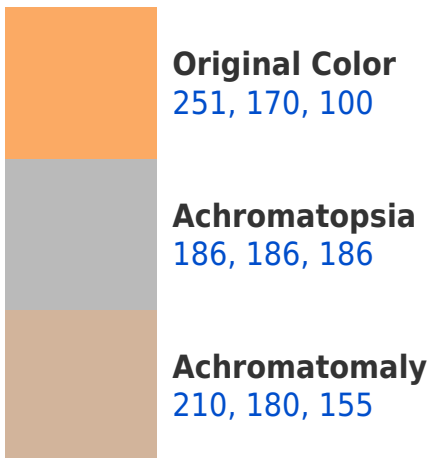


Tritanopia
255, 162, 174

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 251, 170, 100 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(251, 170, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(251, 170, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 170, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(251, 170, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 251, 170, 100 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(251, 170, 100) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(251, 170, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(251, 170, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(251, 170, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 170, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 170,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 251, 170, 100 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(251, 170, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(251,  
170, 100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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