

Converting Colors

RGB(251, 176, 210)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(251, 176, 210) contains.

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Color

RGB(251, 176, 210)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FBB0D2
RGB	251, 176, 210
RGB Percent	98%, 69%, 82%
CMY	0.0157, 0.3098, 0.1765
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.16, 0.02
HSL	333°, 90%, 84%
HSV	333°, 30%, 98%
XYZ	66.9419, 56.2130, 68.2947
YIQ	202.3010, 33.7860, 26.4740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

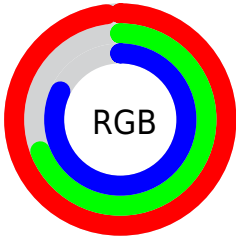
Format	Color
R _{YB}	251, 176, 210
Decimal	16494802
CIE Lab	79.73, 32.21, -6.14
CIE LCh	80, 32.789, 349.206
Yxy	56.2130, 0.3497, 0.2936
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294684882 (0xFFFB0D2)
YUV	202.3010, 3.7956, 42.7090
Hunter-Lab	74.9754, 28.1671, -1.5243

Details

The RGB color **251, 176, 210** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **176, 251, 217**, and the grayscale version is **202, 202, 202**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 232, 255**, and **193, 123, 156** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **251, 151, 196**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **251, 201, 224**.

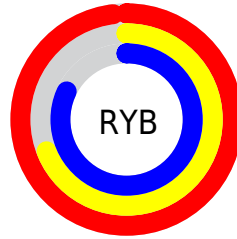
Distribution



Red (98%)

Green (69%)

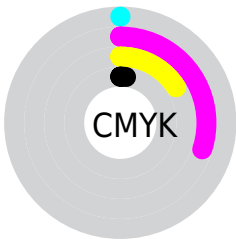
Blue (82%)



Red (98%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (82%)

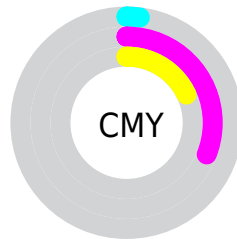


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (2%)


Magenta (31%)

Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 251, 176, 210 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 251, 176, 210 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 251, 176, 210

255, 255, 255


 255, 232, 255

 251, 176, 210

 222, 149, 182

 193, 123, 156


 165, 97, 130

 138, 72, 104

 112, 48, 80

 86, 24, 57

 61, 0, 36

 41, 0, 15

 0, 0, 0

■ 251, 176, 210

■ 251, 176, 210

■ 251, 151, 196

■ 251, 201, 224

■ 251, 126, 183

■ 251, 226, 237

■ 251, 101, 169

■ 251, 251, 251

■ 251, 76, 155

■ 251, 255, 255

■ 251, 51, 141

■ 251, 25, 128

■ 251, 0, 114

■ 251, 0, 114

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



226, 183, 238



251, 176, 210



255, 176, 179

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



251, 176, 210



199, 202, 139



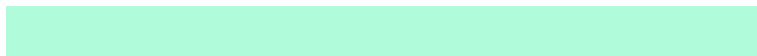
107, 211, 243

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



251, 176, 210



176, 251, 217

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



104, 214, 217



251, 176, 210



164, 210, 157

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



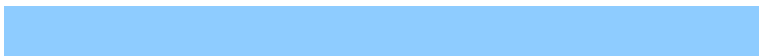
251, 176, 210



229, 192, 138



129, 214, 185



142, 204, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



251, 176, 210



255, 179, 160



129, 214, 185



102, 213, 235

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



251, 176, 210



255, 232, 242



216, 176, 251



128, 113, 120



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



251, 176, 210



255, 163, 205



251, 179, 176



125, 112, 118



189, 0, 86



61, 0, 28

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



251, 176, 210



255, 163, 205



176, 249, 251



125, 112, 118



189, 0, 86



61, 0, 28

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 251, 176, 210 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

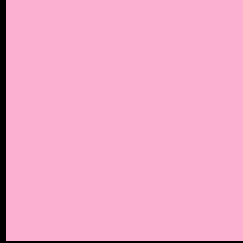
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 251, 176, 210 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 251, 176, 210 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 251, 176, 210.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 251, 176, 210.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
251, 176, 210

Protanopia
194, 197, 223

Deuteranopia
213, 192, 207



Tritanopia
249, 179, 193

Trichromacy



Original Color
251, 176, 210

Protanomaly
215, 189, 218

Deuteranomaly
227, 186, 208

Tritanomaly
250, 178, 199

Monochromacy



Original Color
251, 176, 210

Achromatopsia
202, 202, 202

Achromatomaly
220, 193, 205

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 251, 176, 210 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(251, 176, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(251, 176, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 176, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(251, 176, 210) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 251, 176, 210 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(251, 176, 210) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(251, 176, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(251, 176, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(251, 176, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 176, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 176,  
210) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 251, 176, 210 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(251, 176, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(251,  
176, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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