

Converting Colors

RGB(251, 181, 202)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(251, 181, 202) contains.

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Color

RGB(251, 181, 202)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FBB5CA
RGB	251, 181, 202
RGB Percent	98%, 71%, 79%
CMY	0.0157, 0.2902, 0.2078
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.20, 0.02
HSL	342°, 90%, 85%
HSV	342°, 28%, 98%
XYZ	66.9682, 57.8212, 63.5081
YIQ	204.3240, 34.9790, 21.3710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

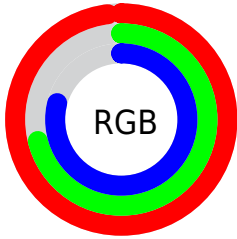
Format	Color
R _Y B	251, 181, 202
Decimal	16496074
CIE Lab	80.64, 28.37, -0.48
CIE LCh	81, 28.374, 359.022
Yxy	57.8212, 0.3557, 0.3071
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294686154 (0xFFFBB5CA)
YUV	204.3240, -1.1457, 40.9349
Hunter-Lab	76.0403, 24.1333, 3.7098

Details

The RGB color **251, 181, 202** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **181, 251, 230**, and the grayscale version is **204, 204, 204**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 237, 255**, and **193, 128, 148** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **251, 156, 184**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **251, 206, 220**.

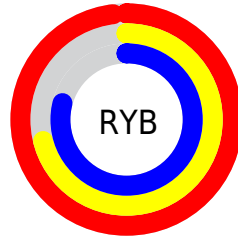
Distribution



Red (98%)

Green (71%)

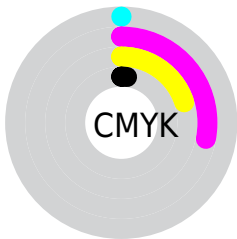
Blue (79%)



Red (98%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (79%)

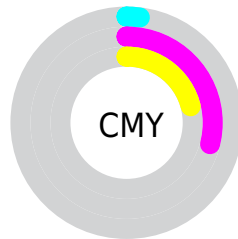


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (2%)


Magenta (29%)

Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 251, 181, 202 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 251, 181, 202 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 251, 181, 202

255, 255, 255

 255, 237, 255

 251, 181, 202

 222, 154, 175

 193, 128, 148

 166, 102, 122

 138, 77, 97

 112, 53, 74

 86, 30, 51

 61, 5, 30

 42, 0, 5

 0, 0, 0

■ 251, 181, 202

■ 251, 181, 202

■ 251, 156, 184

■ 251, 206, 220

■ 251, 131, 167

■ 251, 231, 237

■ 251, 106, 149

■ 251, 255, 255

■ 251, 81, 132

■ 251, 255, 255

■ 251, 56, 114

■ 251, 30, 97

■ 251, 5, 79

■ 251, 0, 75

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



234, 185, 228



251, 181, 202



254, 183, 176

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



251, 181, 202



192, 206, 153



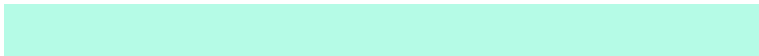
134, 210, 245

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



251, 181, 202



181, 251, 230

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



122, 214, 225



251, 181, 202



162, 212, 172

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



251, 181, 202



220, 198, 147



135, 215, 198



166, 203, 253

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



251, 181, 202



247, 187, 161



135, 215, 198



127, 212, 239

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



251, 181, 202



255, 235, 241



230, 181, 251



128, 115, 119



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



251, 181, 202



255, 171, 196



251, 195, 181



125, 112, 116



189, 0, 57



61, 0, 18

Inverse Universe

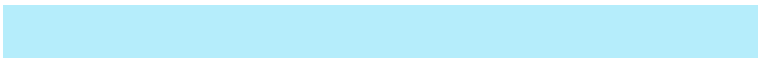
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



251, 181, 202



255, 171, 196



181, 237, 251



125, 112, 116



189, 0, 57



61, 0, 18

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 251, 181, 202 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

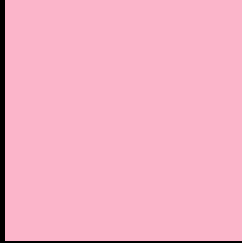
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 251, 181, 202 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 251, 181, 202 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 251, 181, 202.

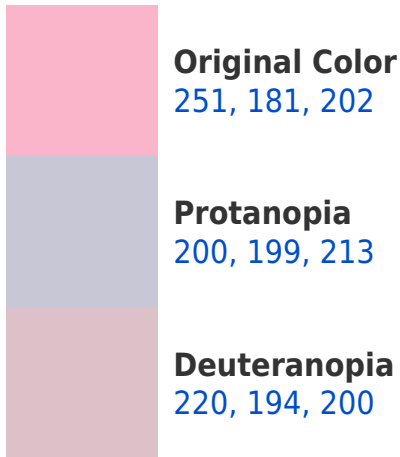



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 251, 181, 202.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
250, 182, 196

Trichromacy



Original Color

251, 181, 202



Protanomaly

219, 192, 209



Deuteranomaly

231, 189, 201



Tritanomaly

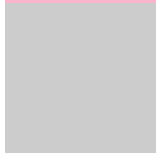
250, 182, 198

Monochromacy



Original Color

251, 181, 202



Achromatopsia

204, 204, 204



Achromatomaly

221, 196, 203

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 251, 181, 202 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(251, 181, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(251, 181, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 181, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(251, 181, 202) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 251, 181, 202 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(251, 181, 202) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(251, 181, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(251, 181, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 181, 202); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 181, 202); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 181, 202) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 251, 181, 202 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(251, 181, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(251,  
181, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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