

Converting Colors

RGB(251, 186, 190)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(251, 186, 190) contains.

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Color

RGB(251, 186, 190)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FBBABE
RGB	251, 186, 190
RGB Percent	98%, 73%, 75%
CMY	0.0157, 0.2706, 0.2549
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.24, 0.02
HSL	356°, 89%, 86%
HSV	356°, 26%, 98%
XYZ	66.6368, 59.3447, 56.6577
YIQ	205.8910, 37.4560, 15.0240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

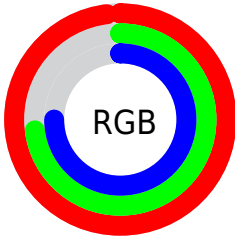
Format	Color
R _Y B	251, 186, 190
Decimal	16497342
CIE Lab	81.48, 24.01, 7.20
CIE LCh	81, 25.065, 16.705
Yxy	59.3447, 0.3649, 0.3249
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294687422 (0xFFFBABE)
YUV	205.8910, -7.8343, 39.5606
Hunter-Lab	77.0355, 19.5928, 10.3185

Details

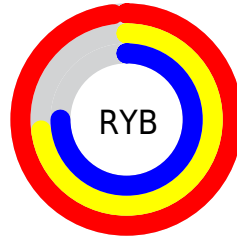
The RGB color **251, 186, 190** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **186, 251, 247**, and the grayscale version is **206, 206, 206**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 242, 246**, and **193, 132, 137** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **251, 161, 166**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **251, 211, 214**.

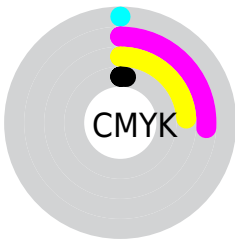
Distribution



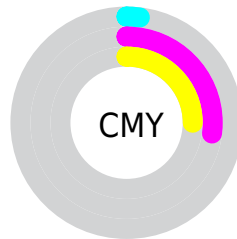
- Red (98%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (2%)




- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 251, 186, 190 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 251, 186, 190 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 251, 186, 190

255, 255, 255

 255, 242, 246

 251, 186, 190


 222, 159, 163


 193, 132, 137

 165, 107, 111

 138, 82, 87

 112, 58, 64

 86, 36, 42

 61, 13, 22

 40, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 251, 186, 190

■ 251, 186, 190

■ 251, 161, 166

■ 251, 211, 214

■ 251, 136, 143

■ 251, 236, 237

■ 251, 111, 119

■ 251, 255, 255

■ 251, 86, 96

■ 251, 61, 72

■ 251, 35, 49

■ 251, 10, 25

■ 251, 0, 15

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



243, 187, 214



251, 186, 190



246, 190, 169

Triad

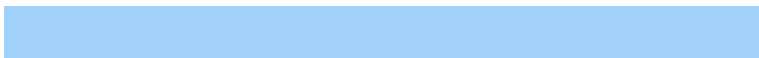
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



251, 186, 190



180, 211, 170



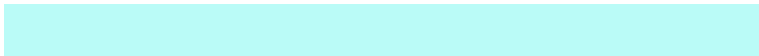
161, 208, 248

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



251, 186, 190



186, 251, 247

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



140, 213, 236



251, 186, 190



154, 215, 191

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



251, 186, 190



206, 205, 157



138, 216, 215



193, 200, 247

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



251, 186, 190



236, 195, 160



138, 216, 215



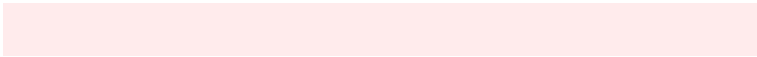
152, 210, 245

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



251, 186, 190



255, 235, 236



247, 186, 251



128, 115, 116



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



251, 186, 190



255, 176, 181



251, 214, 186



125, 112, 113



189, 0, 12



61, 0, 4

Inverse Universe

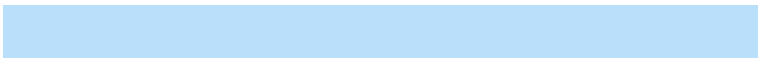
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



251, 186, 190



255, 176, 181



186, 223, 251



125, 112, 113



189, 0, 12



61, 0, 4

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 251, 186, 190 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

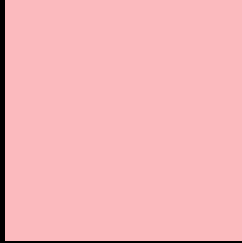
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 251, 186, 190 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 251, 186, 190 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 251, 186, 190.

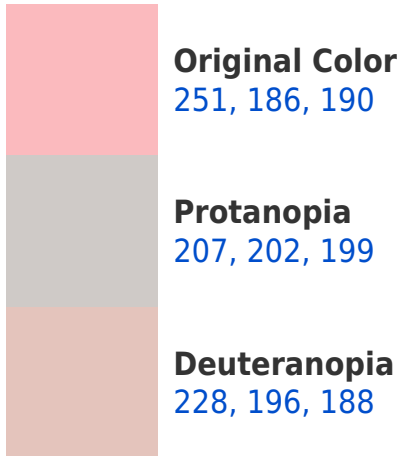



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 251, 186, 190.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





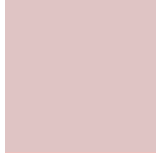
Tritanopia
252, 185, 199

Trichromacy



Original Color

251, 186, 190



Protanomaly

223, 196, 196



Deuteranomaly

236, 192, 189



Tritanomaly

252, 185, 196

Monochromacy



Original Color

251, 186, 190



Achromatopsia

206, 206, 206



Achromatomaly

222, 199, 200

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 251, 186, 190 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(251, 186, 190)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(251, 186, 190)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 186, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(251, 186, 190) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 251, 186, 190 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(251, 186, 190) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(251, 186, 190) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(251, 186, 190)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(251, 186, 190); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 186, 190);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 186,  
190) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 251, 186, 190 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(251, 186, 190) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(251,  
186, 190) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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