

Converting Colors

RGB(251, 193, 138)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(251, 193, 138) contains.

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Color

RGB(251, 193, 138)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FBC18A
RGB	251, 193, 138
RGB Percent	98%, 76%, 54%
CMY	0.0157, 0.2431, 0.4588
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.45, 0.02
HSL	29°, 93%, 76%
HSV	29°, 45%, 98%
XYZ	63.4411, 60.4841, 32.3757
YIQ	204.0720, 52.2230, -4.8090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

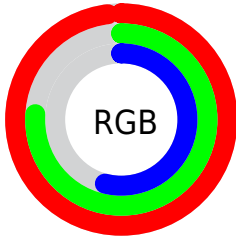
Format	Color
RYB	251, 245, 138
Decimal	16499082
CIELab	82.10, 14.12, 35.65
CIELCh	82, 38.343, 68.395
Yxy	60.4841, 0.4059, 0.3870
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294689162 (0xFFFFBC18A)
YUV	204.0720, -32.5735, 41.1559
Hunter-Lab	77.7715, 9.5087, 29.7581

Details

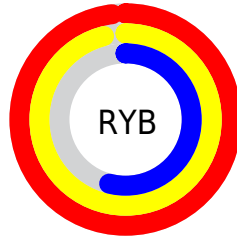
The RGB color **251, 193, 138** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **138, 196, 251**, and the grayscale version is **204, 204, 204**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 249, 192**, and **192, 139, 87** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **251, 180, 113**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **251, 206, 163**.

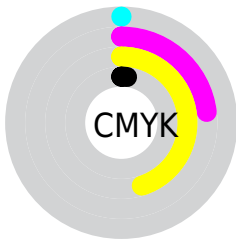
Distribution



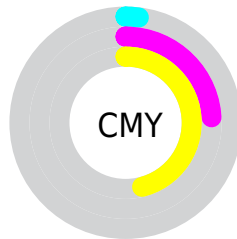
- Red (98%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Black (2%)




- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 251, 193, 138 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 251, 193, 138 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 251, 193, 138

 251, 193, 138


255, 255, 255

 221, 166, 112

 255, 249, 192

 192, 139, 87

 255, 255, 220

 164, 114, 63

 255, 255, 249

 136, 89, 40

 108, 66, 16

 82, 44, 0

 56, 23, 0

 32, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 251, 193, 138

■ 251, 193, 138

■ 251, 180, 113

■ 251, 206, 163

■ 251, 167, 88

■ 251, 219, 188

■ 251, 154, 63

■ 251, 232, 213

■ 251, 141, 38

■ 251, 245, 238

■ 251, 129, 12

■ 251, 255, 255

■ 251, 122, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 182, 161



251, 193, 138



219, 205, 132

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



251, 193, 138



95, 224, 213



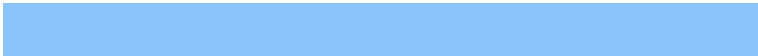
222, 191, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



251, 193, 138



138, 196, 251

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



171, 204, 255



251, 193, 138



78, 222, 248

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



251, 193, 138



136, 222, 177



115, 215, 255



255, 180, 231

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



251, 193, 138



193, 212, 140



115, 215, 255



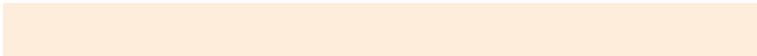
206, 196, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



251, 193, 138



255, 237, 219



251, 138, 196



128, 116, 106



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



251, 193, 138



255, 184, 117



251, 249, 138



125, 119, 112



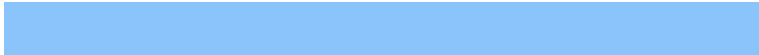
189, 92, 0



61, 30, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



138, 196, 251



117, 188, 255



138, 140, 251



112, 119, 125



0, 97, 189



0, 31, 61

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 251, 193, 138 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

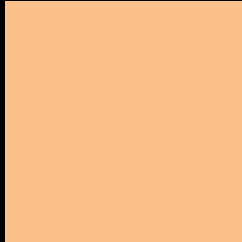
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 251, 193, 138 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

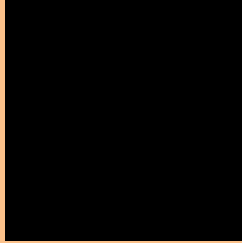
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 251, 193, 138 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 251, 193, 138.


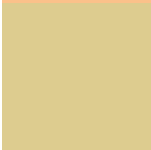




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 251, 193, 138.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

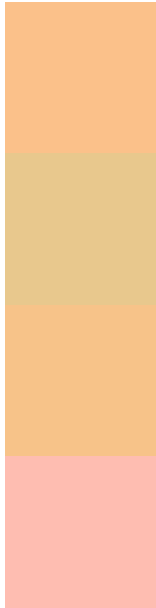
Dichromacy

	Original Color 251, 193, 138
	Protanopia 221, 204, 143
	Deuteranopia 245, 196, 137



Tritanopia
255, 186, 199

Trichromacy



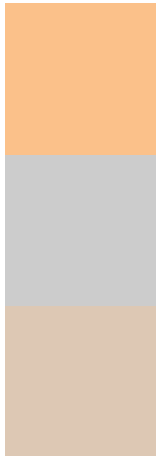
Original Color
251, 193, 138

Protanomaly
232, 200, 141

Deuteranomaly
247, 195, 137

Tritanomaly
254, 189, 177

Monochromacy



Original Color
251, 193, 138

Achromatopsia
204, 204, 204

Achromatomaly
221, 200, 180

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 251, 193, 138 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(251, 193, 138)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(251, 193, 138)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 193, 138) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(251, 193, 138) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 251, 193, 138 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(251, 193, 138) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(251, 193, 138) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(251, 193, 138)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(251, 193, 138); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 193, 138);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 193,  
138) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 251, 193, 138 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(251, 193, 138) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(251,  
193, 138) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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