

# Converting Colors

RGB(251, 204, 206)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(251, 204, 206) contains.

<b>RGB(251, 204, 206)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# **Color**

**RGB(251, 204, 206)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FBCCE
RGB	251, 204, 206
RGB Percent	98%, 80%, 81%
CMY	0.0157, 0.2000, 0.1922
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.18, 0.02
HSL	357°, 85%, 89%
HSV	357°, 19%, 98%
XYZ	72.5171, 68.1512, 67.7250
YIQ	218.2810, 27.3700, 10.5860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

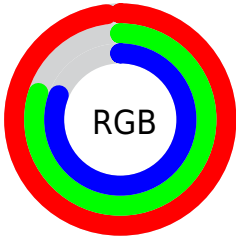
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	251, 204, 206
Decimal	16501966
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	86.08, 16.87, 5.28
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	86, 17.680, 17.376
Yxy	68.1512, 0.3480, 0.3270
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294692046 (0xFFFBCCCE)
YUV	218.2810, -6.0545, 28.6946
Hunter-Lab	82.5537, 12.3295, 9.1476

# Details

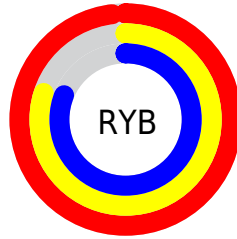
The RGB color **251, 204, 206** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **204, 251, 249**, and the grayscale version is **218, 218, 218**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **194, 150, 152** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **251, 179, 182**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **251, 229, 230**.

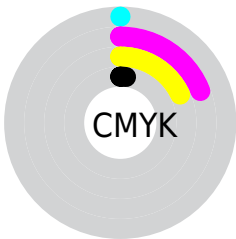
# Distribution



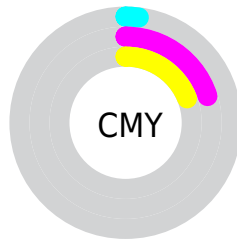
- Red (98%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (19%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 251, 204, 206 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 251, 204, 206 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 251, 204, 206

255, 255, 255

 251, 204, 206

 222, 176, 179

 194, 150, 152


 166, 124, 126

 139, 99, 101

 113, 75, 77

 88, 52, 54


 64, 30, 33


 41, 8, 10


 0, 0, 0

 251, 204, 206


 251, 204, 206

 251, 179, 182


 251, 229, 230

 251, 154, 158

 251, 254, 254

 251, 129, 134

 251, 255, 255


 251, 104, 110

 251, 79, 86

 251, 53, 62

 251, 28, 38

 251, 3, 14

 251, 0, 11

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



245, 204, 223



251, 204, 206



247, 207, 191

# Triad

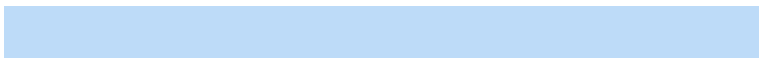
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



251, 204, 206



199, 222, 192



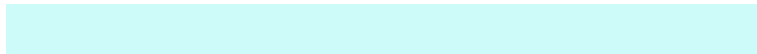
189, 219, 248

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



251, 204, 206



204, 251, 249

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



175, 223, 239



251, 204, 206



182, 225, 207

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



251, 204, 206



218, 217, 183



172, 225, 225



210, 213, 247

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



251, 204, 206



240, 210, 185



172, 225, 225



183, 221, 246

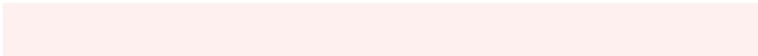


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



251, 204, 206



255, 240, 240



249, 204, 251



128, 119, 119



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

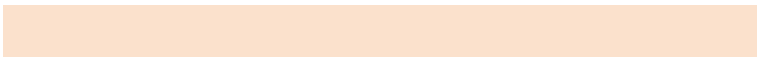
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



251, 204, 206



255, 199, 201



251, 225, 204



125, 112, 113



189, 0, 8



61, 0, 3



# Inverse Universe

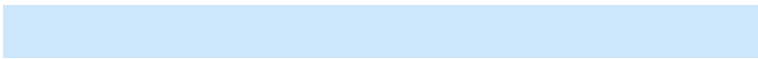
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



251, 204, 206



255, 199, 201



204, 230, 251



125, 112, 113



189, 0, 8



61, 0, 3



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 251, 204, 206 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

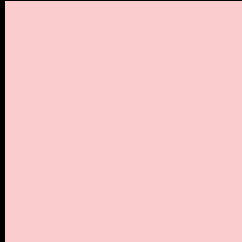
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 251, 204, 206 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 251, 204, 206 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 251, 204, 206.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 251, 204, 206.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
[251, 204, 206](#)

**Protanopia**  
[220, 215, 212](#)

**Deuteranopia**  
[240, 208, 205](#)



**Tritanopia**  
252, 202, 218

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

251, 204, 206

**Protanomaly**

231, 211, 210

**Deuteranomaly**

244, 207, 205

**Tritanomaly**

252, 203, 214

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

251, 204, 206

**Achromatopsia**

218, 218, 218

**Achromatomaly**

230, 213, 214

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 251, 204, 206 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(251, 204, 206) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(251, 204, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 204, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(251, 204, 206) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 251, 204, 206 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(251, 204, 206) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(251, 204, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(251, 204, 206)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 204, 206); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 204, 206); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 204, 206) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 251, 204, 206 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(251, 204, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(251,  
204, 206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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