

Converting Colors

RGB(251, 214, 201)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(251, 214, 201) contains.

RGB(251, 214, 201)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(251, 214, 201)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FBD6C9
RGB	251, 214, 201
RGB Percent	98%, 84%, 79%
CMY	0.0157, 0.1608, 0.2118
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.20, 0.02
HSL	16°, 86%, 89%
HSV	16°, 20%, 98%
XYZ	74.3728, 72.8194, 65.3940
YIQ	223.5810, 26.2250, 3.8010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

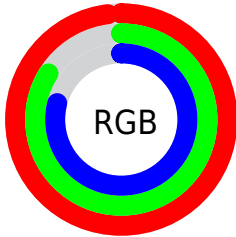
Format	Color
R _Y B	251, 219, 201
Decimal	16504521
CIE Lab	88.36, 10.91, 11.19
CIE LCh	88, 15.631, 45.725
Yxy	72.8194, 0.3498, 0.3425
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294694601 (0xFFFBD6C9)
YUV	223.5810, -11.1324, 24.0465
Hunter-Lab	85.3343, 6.2361, 14.2984

Details

The RGB color **251, 214, 201** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **201, 238, 251**, and the grayscale version is **224, 224, 224**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **194, 159, 147** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **251, 195, 176**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **251, 233, 226**.

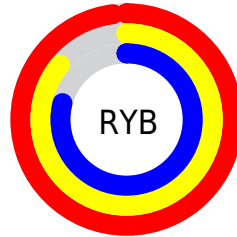
Distribution



Red (98%)

Green (84%)

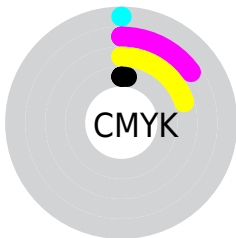
Blue (79%)



Red (98%)

Yellow (86%)

Blue (79%)

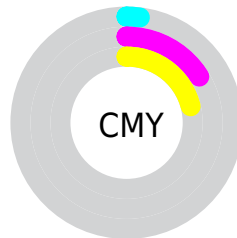


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (2%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 251, 214, 201 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 251, 214, 201 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

251, 214, 201

251, 214, 201

255, 255, 255

222, 186, 174

194, 159, 147

166, 133, 121

140, 108, 96

114, 84, 73

88, 60, 50

64, 38, 29

42, 18, 4

10, 0, 0

■ 251, 214, 201

■ 251, 214, 201

■ 251, 195, 176

■ 251, 233, 226

■ 251, 177, 151

■ 251, 251, 251

■ 251, 158, 126

■ 251, 255, 255

■ 251, 140, 101

■ 251, 121, 75

■ 251, 103, 50

■ 251, 84, 25

■ 251, 65, 0

■ 251, 65, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



254, 212, 214



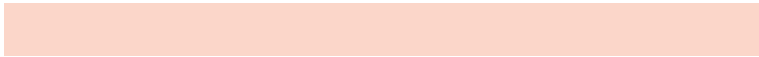
251, 214, 201



241, 218, 193

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



251, 214, 201



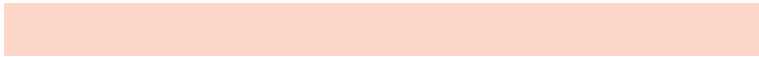
193, 230, 214



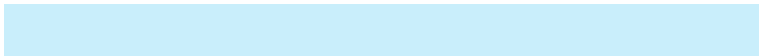
216, 220, 250

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



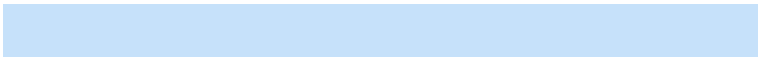
251, 214, 201



201, 238, 251

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



198, 225, 250



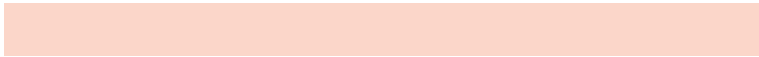
251, 214, 201



184, 231, 229

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



251, 214, 201



208, 227, 201



186, 229, 242



234, 216, 243

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



251, 214, 201



231, 222, 192



186, 229, 242



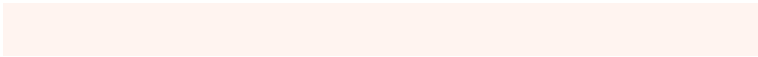
209, 222, 251

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



251, 214, 201



255, 244, 240



251, 201, 239



128, 121, 119



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



251, 214, 201



255, 210, 194



251, 239, 201



125, 116, 112



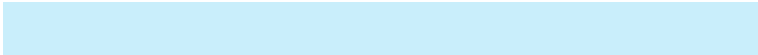
189, 49, 0



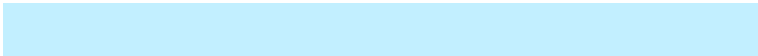
61, 16, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



201, 238, 251



194, 239, 255



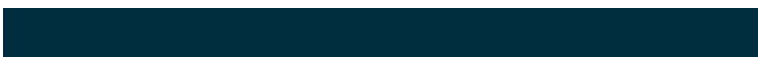
201, 214, 251



112, 122, 125



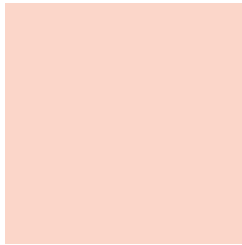
0, 140, 189



0, 45, 61

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 251, 214, 201 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

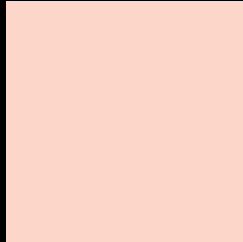
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 251, 214, 201 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 251, 214, 201 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 251, 214, 201.


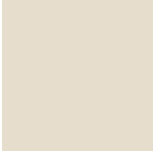




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 251, 214, 201.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

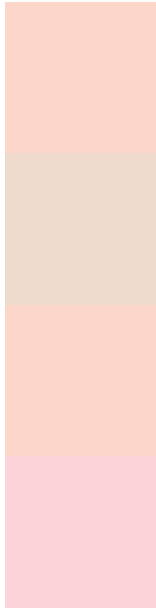
Dichromacy

	Original Color 251, 214, 201
	Protanopia 230, 221, 205
	Deuteranopia 251, 214, 201



Tritanopia
254, 210, 227

Trichromacy



Original Color

251, 214, 201

Protanomaly

238, 218, 204

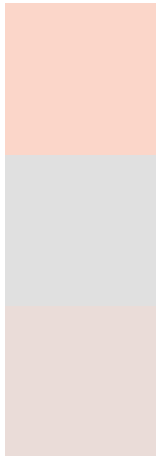
Deuteranomaly

251, 214, 201

Tritanomaly

253, 211, 218

Monochromacy



Original Color

251, 214, 201

Achromatopsia

224, 224, 224

Achromatomaly

234, 220, 216

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 251, 214, 201 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(251, 214, 201)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(251, 214, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 214, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(251, 214, 201) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 251, 214, 201 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(251, 214, 201) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(251, 214, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(251, 214, 201)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(251, 214, 201); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 214, 201);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 214,  
201) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 251, 214, 201 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(251, 214, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(251,  
214, 201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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