

# Converting Colors

RGB(251, 247, 212)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(251, 247, 212) contains.

<b>RGB(251, 247, 212)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# **Color**

**RGB(251, 247, 212)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FBF7D4
RGB	251, 247, 212
RGB Percent	98%, 97%, 83%
CMY	0.0157, 0.0314, 0.1686
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.16, 0.02
HSL	54°, 83%, 91%
HSV	54°, 16%, 98%
XYZ	84.9281, 91.7842, 75.5273
YIQ	244.2060, 13.6190, -10.0370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

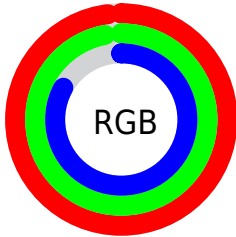
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	216, 251, 212
Decimal	16512980
CIE Lab	96.73, -4.33, 17.32
CIE LCh	97, 17.855, 104.026
Yxy	91.7842, 0.3367, 0.3639
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294703060 (0xFFFFBF7D4)
YUV	244.2060, -15.8776, 5.9583
Hunter-Lab	95.8041, -9.4211, 20.3215

# Details

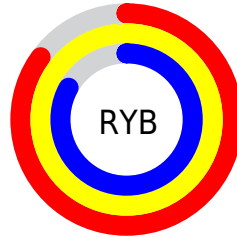
The RGB color **251, 247, 212** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **212, 216, 251**, and the grayscale version is **244, 244, 244**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **194, 191, 157** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **251, 244, 187**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **251, 250, 237**.

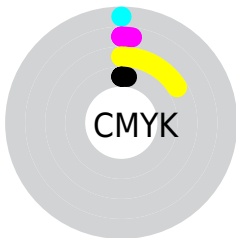
# Distribution



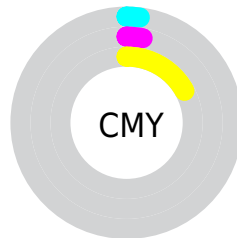
- Red (98%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (98%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (2%)




- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (17%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 251, 247, 212 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 251, 247, 212 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 251, 247, 212


255, 255, 255

 251, 247, 212

 222, 219, 184

 194, 191, 157

 167, 164, 131

 140, 137, 106

 115, 112, 82

 90, 88, 58

 66, 64, 36


 43, 42, 16


 22, 22, 0


 251, 247, 212

 251, 247, 212

 251, 244, 187

 251, 250, 237

 251, 242, 162


 251, 252, 255


 251, 239, 137


 251, 255, 255


 251, 237, 112

 251, 255, 255

 251, 234, 87

 251, 232, 61

 251, 229, 36

 251, 226, 11

 251, 225, 0

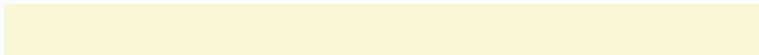
# Harmonies

## Analogous

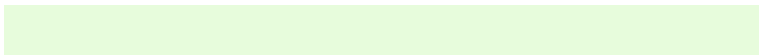
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 241, 213



251, 247, 212



231, 252, 220

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



251, 247, 212



203, 254, 255



255, 235, 255

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



251, 247, 212



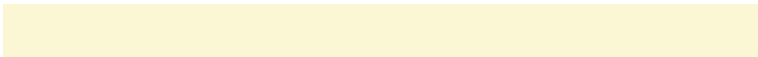
212, 216, 251

# Split Complementary

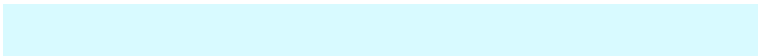
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 239, 255



251, 247, 212



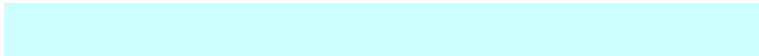
216, 250, 255

# Square

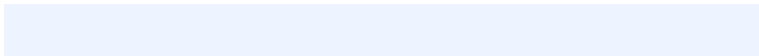
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



251, 247, 212



202, 255, 253



237, 244, 255



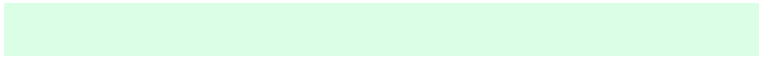
255, 234, 238

# Rectangle

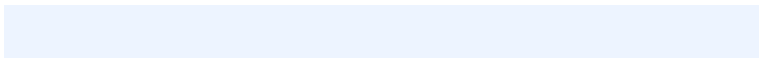
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



251, 247, 212



218, 254, 230



237, 244, 255



255, 236, 255

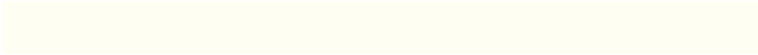


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



251, 247, 212



255, 254, 242



251, 212, 217



128, 127, 120



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



251, 247, 212



255, 250, 207



236, 251, 212



125, 124, 112



189, 169, 0



61, 55, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



212, 216, 251



207, 212, 255



227, 212, 251



112, 114, 125



0, 19, 189

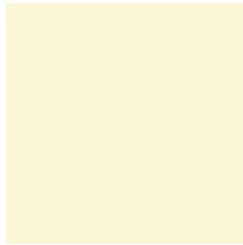


0, 6, 61



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 251, 247, 212 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 251, 247, 212 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

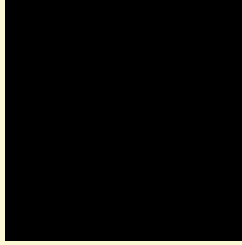
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 251, 247, 212 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 251, 247, 212.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 251, 247, 212.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
251, 247, 212

**Protanopia**  
255, 245, 220

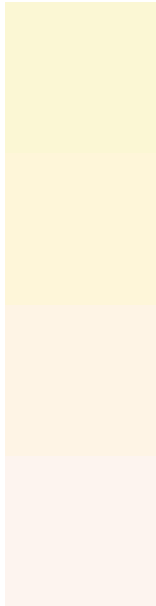
**Deuteranopia**  
255, 243, 238



# Tritanopia

254, 242, 255

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

251, 247, 212

## Protanomaly

254, 246, 217

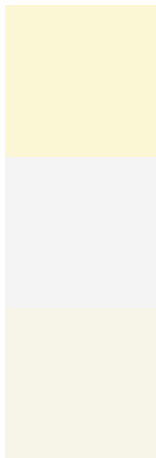
## Deuteranomaly

254, 244, 229

## Tritanomaly

253, 244, 239

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

251, 247, 212

## Achromatopsia

244, 244, 244

## Achromatomaly

247, 245, 232

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 251, 247, 212 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(251, 247, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(251, 247, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 247, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(251, 247, 212) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 251, 247, 212 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(251, 247, 212) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(251, 247, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(251, 247, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(251, 247, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 247, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 247,  
212) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 251, 247, 212 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(251, 247, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(251,  
247, 212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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