

# Converting Colors

RGB(251, 247, 247)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(251, 247, 247) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(251, 247, 247)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	FBF7F7
RGB	251, 247, 247
RGB Percent	98%, 97%, 97%
CMY	0.0157, 0.0314, 0.0314
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.02, 0.02
HSL	0°, 33%, 98%
HSV	0°, 2%, 98%
XYZ	89.8329, 93.7462, 101.3558
YIQ	248.1960, 2.3840, 0.8480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

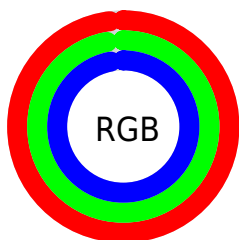
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">251, 247, 247</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16513015</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">97.53, 1.33, 0.46</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">98, 1.410, 19.039</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">93.7462, 0.3153, 0.3290</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294703095</a> (0xFFFBF7F7)
YUV	<a href="#">248.1960, -0.5896, 2.4591</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">96.8226, -3.8256, 5.7099</a>

# Details

The RGB color 251, 247, 247 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 247, 251, 251, and the grayscale version is 248, 248, 248.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and 195, 191, 191 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 251, 222, 222, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 251, 255, 255.

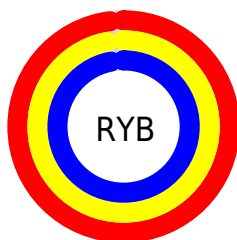
# Distribution



Red (98%)

Green (97%)

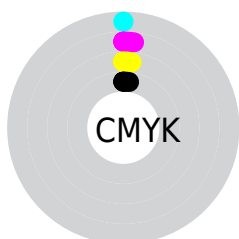
Blue (97%)



Red (98%)

Yellow (97%)

Blue (97%)

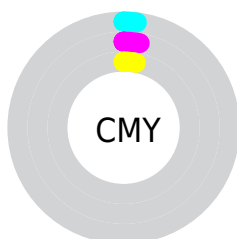


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (2%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation

## Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 251, 247, 247 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 251, 247, 247 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 251, 247, 247


 251, 247, 247

255, 255, 255


 222, 219, 219

 195, 191, 191

 167, 164, 164

 141, 137, 137

 115, 112, 112

 91, 88, 88


 67, 64, 64


 45, 42, 42


 25, 22, 22


 251, 247, 247


 251, 247, 247


 251, 222, 222

 251, 255, 255

 251, 197, 197

 251, 172, 172

 251, 147, 147

 251, 122, 122

 251, 96, 96

 251, 71, 71

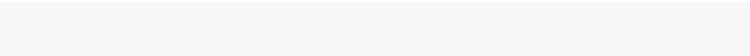
 251, 46, 46

 251, 21, 21

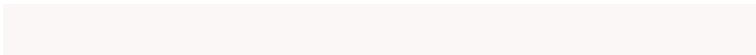
# Harmonies

## Analogous

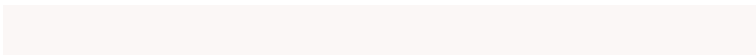
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



250, 247, 248



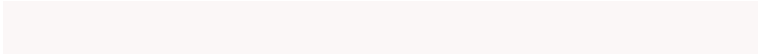
251, 247, 247



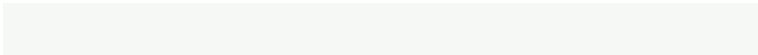
251, 247, 246

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



251, 247, 247



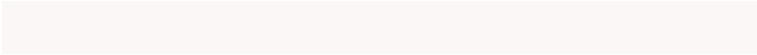
246, 248, 246



246, 248, 250

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



251, 247, 247



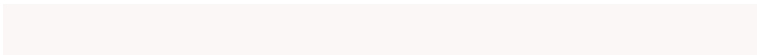
247, 251, 251

# Split Complementary

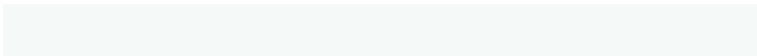
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



245, 249, 250



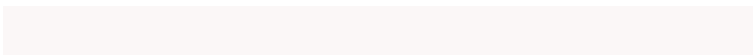
251, 247, 247



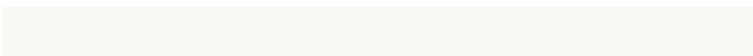
245, 249, 247

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



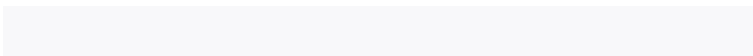
251, 247, 247



248, 248, 245



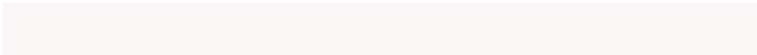
245, 249, 249



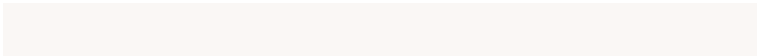
248, 248, 250

# Rectangle

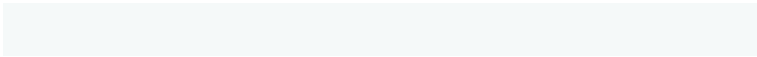
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



251, 247, 247



250, 247, 245



245, 249, 249

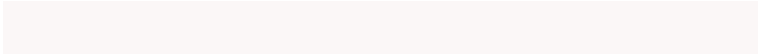


246, 248, 250



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



251, 247, 247

255, 255, 255



251, 247, 251



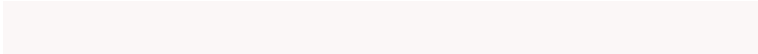
128, 128, 128



0, 0, 0

# Same Dimension

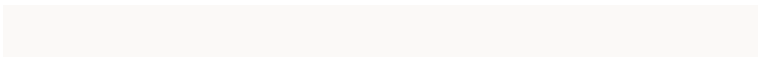
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



251, 247, 247



255, 250, 250



251, 249, 247



125, 122, 122



189, 0, 0



61, 0, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



247, 251, 251



250, 255, 255



247, 249, 251



122, 125, 125



0, 189, 189

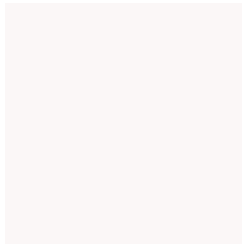


0, 61, 61



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 251, 247, 247 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

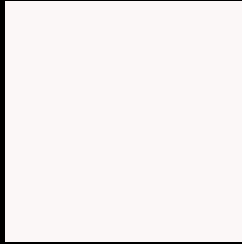
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 251, 247, 247 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## RGB 251, 247, 247 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 251, 247, 247.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 251, 247, 247.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
[251](#), [247](#), [247](#)

**Protanopia**  
[252](#), [247](#), [247](#)

**Deuteranopia**  
[255](#), [246](#), [248](#)



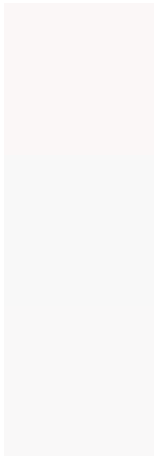
## **Tritanopia**

250, 246, 255

# Trichromacy

	<b>Original Color</b> 251, 247, 247
	<b>Protanomaly</b> 252, 247, 247
	<b>Deuteranomaly</b> 254, 246, 248
	<b>Tritanomaly</b> 250, 246, 252

# Monochromacy

	<b>Original Color</b> 251, 247, 247
	<b>Achromatopsia</b> 248, 248, 248
	<b>Achromatomaly</b> 249, 248, 248

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 251, 247, 247 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(251, 247, 247) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(251, 247, 247)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 247, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(251, 247, 247) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 251, 247, 247 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(251, 247, 247) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(251, 247, 247) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 247, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(251, 247, 247); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 247, 247);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 247,  
247) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 251, 247, 247 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(251, 247, 247) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(251,  
247, 247) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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