

Converting Colors

RGB(252, 116, 151)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(252, 116, 151) contains.

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Color

RGB(252, 116, 151)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FC7497
RGB	252, 116, 151
RGB Percent	99%, 45%, 59%
CMY	0.0118, 0.5451, 0.4078
CMYK	0.00, 0.54, 0.40, 0.01
HSL	345°, 96%, 72%
HSV	345°, 54%, 99%
XYZ	51.9762, 35.4206, 33.3756
YIQ	160.6540, 69.8210, 39.7170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

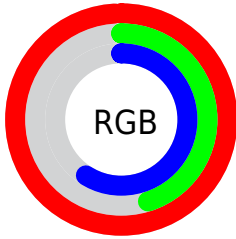
Format	Color
RYB	252, 116, 151
Decimal	16544919
CIELab	66.07, 55.11, 6.66
CIELCh	66, 55.506, 6.889
Yxy	35.4206, 0.4304, 0.2933
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294734999 (0xFFFC7497)
YUV	160.6540, -4.7594, 80.1104
Hunter-Lab	59.5152, 51.7371, 8.4114

Details

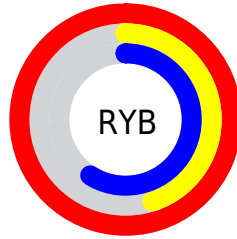
The RGB color **252, 116, 151** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6699**. A complement of this color would be **116, 252, 217**, and the grayscale version is **161, 161, 161**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 172, 205**, and **191, 60, 100** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **252, 91, 132**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **252, 141, 170**.

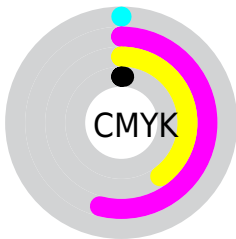
Distribution



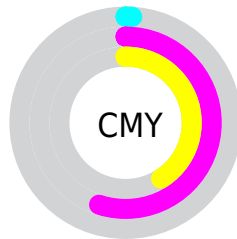
- Red (99%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (99%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (1%)




- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 252, 116, 151 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 252, 116, 151 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 252, 116, 151


255, 255, 255


 255, 172, 205

 255, 200, 233

 255, 229, 255

 252, 116, 151

 221, 88, 125

 191, 60, 100

 162, 29, 77


 133, 0, 54


 104, 0, 33

 76, 0, 10

 49, 0, 2

 0, 0, 0

 252, 116, 151

 252, 116, 151

■ 252, 91, 132

■ 252, 141, 170

■ 252, 66, 114

■ 252, 166, 188

■ 252, 40, 95

■ 252, 192, 207

■ 252, 15, 76

■ 252, 217, 226

■ 252, 0, 65

■ 252, 242, 245

252, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



230, 124, 201



252, 116, 151



246, 125, 103

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



252, 116, 151



125, 175, 77



0, 176, 252

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



252, 116, 151



116, 252, 217

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 184, 219



252, 116, 151



41, 182, 120

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



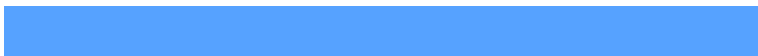
252, 116, 151



177, 162, 55



0, 185, 171



86, 162, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



252, 116, 151



230, 137, 77



0, 185, 171



0, 179, 243

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



252, 116, 151



255, 214, 225



216, 116, 252



128, 103, 110



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



252, 116, 151



255, 89, 132



252, 148, 116



125, 112, 116



189, 0, 49



61, 0, 16

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



252, 116, 151



255, 89, 132



116, 220, 252



125, 112, 116



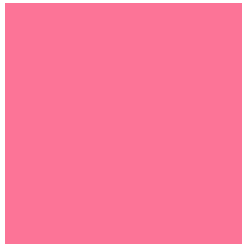
189, 0, 49



61, 0, 16

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 252, 116, 151 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

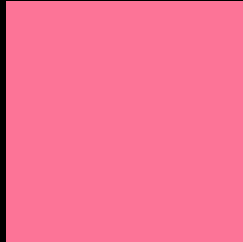
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 252, 116, 151 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 252, 116, 151 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 252, 116, 151.

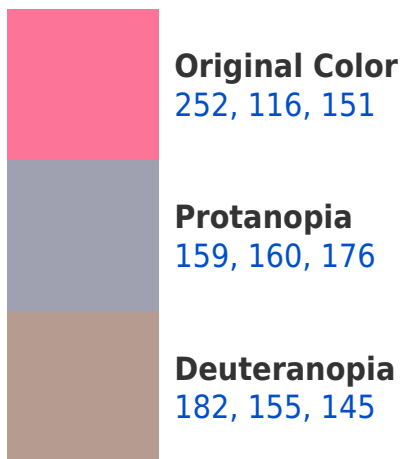


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 252, 116, 151.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
250, 120, 128

Trichromacy



Original Color

252, 116, 151



Protanomaly

193, 144, 167



Deuteranomaly

207, 141, 147



Tritanomaly

251, 119, 136

Monochromacy



Original Color

252, 116, 151



Achromatopsia

161, 161, 161



Achromatomaly

194, 145, 157

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 252, 116, 151 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(252, 116, 151) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 116, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 116, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 116, 151) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 252, 116, 151 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 116, 151) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 116, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 116, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 116, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 116, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 116,  
151) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 252, 116, 151 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 116, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252,  
116, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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