

Converting Colors

RGB(252, 130, 106)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(252, 130, 106) contains.

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Color

RGB(252, 130, 106)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FC826A
RGB	252, 130, 106
RGB Percent	99%, 51%, 42%
CMY	0.0118, 0.4902, 0.5843
CMYK	0.00, 0.48, 0.58, 0.01
HSL	10°, 96%, 70%
HSV	10°, 58%, 99%
XYZ	50.7290, 37.7013, 18.2390
YIQ	163.7420, 80.4160, 18.4000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

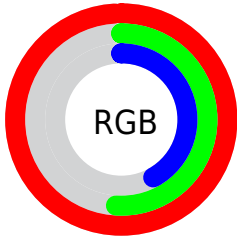
Format	Color
R _Y B	252, 135, 106
Decimal	16548458
CIE Lab	67.80, 44.37, 34.23
CIE LCh	68, 56.043, 37.649
Yxy	37.7013, 0.4756, 0.3534
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294738538 (0xFFFC826A)
YUV	163.7420, -28.4668, 77.4023
Hunter-Lab	61.4014, 40.0219, 25.3691

Details

The RGB color **252, 130, 106** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9966**. A complement of this color would be **106, 228, 252**, and the grayscale version is **164, 164, 164**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 185, 158**, and **190, 77, 58** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **252, 109, 81**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **252, 151, 131**.

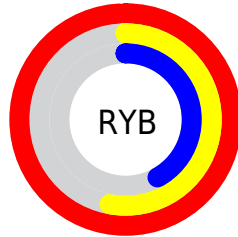
Distribution



Red (99%)

Green (51%)

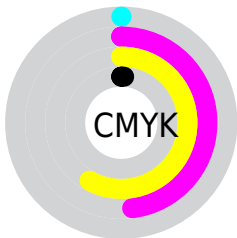
Blue (42%)



Red (99%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (42%)

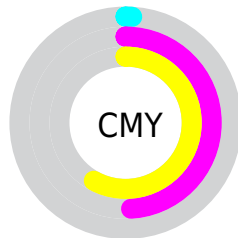


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (58%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (1%)


Magenta (49%)


Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 252, 130, 106 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 252, 130, 106 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 252, 130, 106

 252, 130, 106

255, 255, 255

 221, 103, 82

 255, 185, 158

 190, 77, 58

 255, 213, 185

 160, 51, 36

 255, 242, 212

 130, 22, 14

 255, 255, 241

 101, 0, 0

 72, 0, 0

 46, 0, 2

 0, 0, 0

 252, 130, 106

 252, 130, 106

■ 252, 109, 81

■ 252, 151, 131

■ 252, 88, 56

■ 252, 172, 156

■ 252, 67, 30

■ 252, 193, 182

■ 252, 46, 5

■ 252, 214, 207

■ 252, 41, 0

■ 252, 235, 232

252, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 120, 154



252, 130, 106



224, 149, 70

Triad

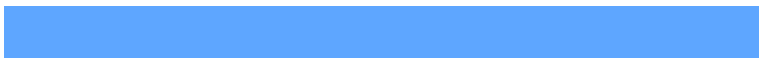
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



252, 130, 106



42, 187, 125



94, 166, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



252, 130, 106



106, 228, 252

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 181, 255



252, 130, 106



0, 190, 177

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



252, 130, 106



127, 180, 81



0, 188, 226



185, 147, 246

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



252, 130, 106



197, 161, 59



0, 188, 226



30, 172, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



252, 130, 106



255, 219, 212



252, 106, 230



128, 106, 102



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



252, 130, 106



255, 106, 77



252, 201, 106



125, 115, 112



189, 31, 0



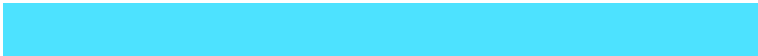
61, 10, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



106, 228, 252



77, 226, 255



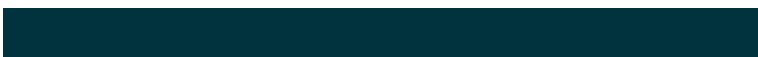
106, 157, 252



112, 123, 125



0, 158, 189



0, 51, 61

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 252, 130, 106 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 252, 130, 106 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 252, 130, 106 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 252, 130, 106.

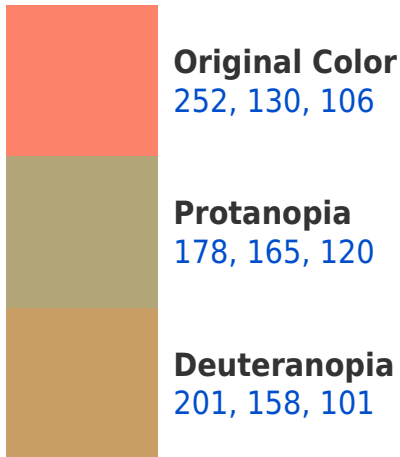



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 252, 130, 106.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





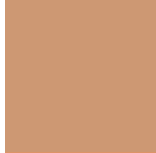
Tritanopia
254, 126, 135

Trichromacy



Original Color

252, 130, 106



Protanomaly

205, 152, 115



Deuteranomaly

220, 148, 103



Tritanomaly

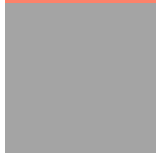
253, 127, 124

Monochromacy



Original Color

252, 130, 106



Achromatopsia

164, 164, 164



Achromatomaly

196, 152, 143

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 252, 130, 106 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 130, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 130, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 130, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 130, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 252, 130, 106 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 130, 106) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 130, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 130, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 130, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 130, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 130,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 252, 130, 106 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 130, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252,  
130, 106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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