

Converting Colors

RGB(252, 154, 157)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(252, 154, 157) contains.

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Color

RGB(252, 154, 157)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FC9A9D
RGB	252, 154, 157
RGB Percent	99%, 60%, 62%
CMY	0.0118, 0.3961, 0.3843
CMYK	0.00, 0.39, 0.38, 0.01
HSL	358°, 94%, 80%
HSV	358°, 39%, 99%
XYZ	57.7863, 46.2410, 37.7780
YIQ	183.6440, 57.4450, 21.7090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

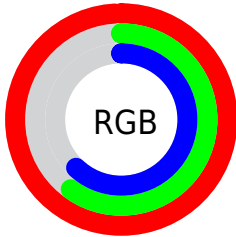
Format	Color
R_{YB}	252, 154, 157
Decimal	16554653
CIE Lab	73.70, 36.93, 14.12
CIE LCh	74, 39.539, 20.925
Yxy	46.2410, 0.4075, 0.3261
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294744733 (0xFFFC9A9D)
YUV	183.6440, -13.1355, 59.9482
Hunter-Lab	68.0007, 32.6862, 14.6617

Details

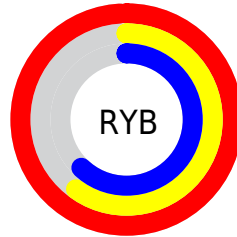
The RGB color **252, 154, 157** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **154, 252, 249**, and the grayscale version is **184, 184, 184**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 209, 211**, and **193, 101, 106** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **252, 129, 133**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **252, 179, 181**.

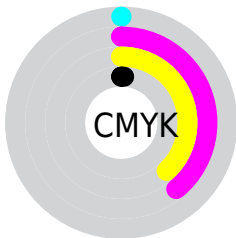
Distribution



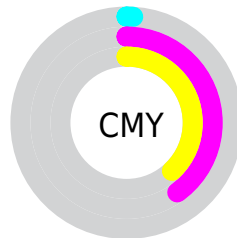
- Red (99%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (99%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (1%)





- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 252, 154, 157 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 252, 154, 157 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 252, 154, 157

 252, 154, 157

255, 255, 255

 222, 127, 131

 255, 209, 211


 193, 101, 106

 255, 238, 240

 164, 76, 82

 136, 51, 59

 108, 25, 37

 81, 0, 17

 55, 0, 0

 21, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 252, 154, 157

■ 252, 154, 157

■ 252, 129, 133

■ 252, 179, 181

■ 252, 104, 108

■ 252, 204, 206

■ 252, 78, 84

■ 252, 230, 230

■ 252, 53, 59

■ 252, 255, 255

■ 252, 28, 35

■ 252, 255, 255

■ 252, 3, 10

■ 252, 0, 8

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



244, 154, 194



252, 154, 157



241, 163, 126

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



252, 154, 157



138, 195, 134



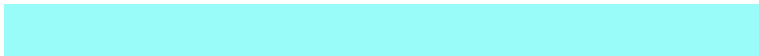
109, 188, 252

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



252, 154, 157



154, 252, 249

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42, 196, 236



252, 154, 157



90, 200, 168

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



252, 154, 157



179, 187, 112



35, 200, 206



169, 176, 249

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



252, 154, 157



225, 171, 113



35, 200, 206



87, 191, 249

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



252, 154, 157



255, 224, 225



249, 154, 252



128, 110, 110



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



252, 154, 157



255, 135, 139



252, 200, 154



125, 112, 113



189, 0, 6



61, 0, 2

Inverse Universe

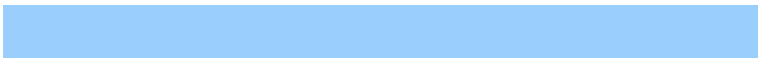
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



252, 154, 157



255, 135, 139



154, 206, 252



125, 112, 113



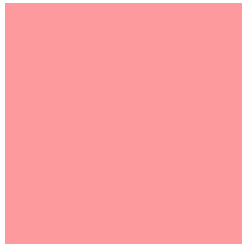
189, 0, 6



61, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 252, 154, 157 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

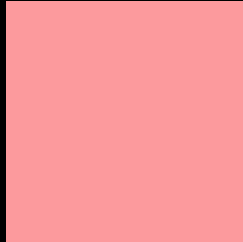
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 252, 154, 157 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 252, 154, 157 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 252, 154, 157.

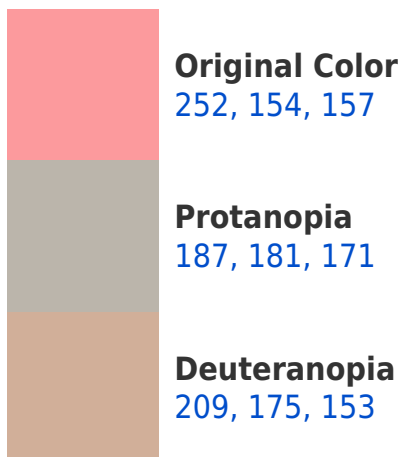



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 252, 154, 157.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
253, 153, 164

Trichromacy



Original Color

252, 154, 157



Protanomaly

211, 171, 166



Deuteranomaly

225, 167, 154



Tritanomaly

253, 153, 161

Monochromacy



Original Color

252, 154, 157



Achromatopsia

184, 184, 184



Achromatomaly

209, 173, 174

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 252, 154, 157 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(252, 154, 157) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 154, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 154, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 154, 157) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 252, 154, 157 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 154, 157) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 154, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(252, 154, 157)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 154, 157); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 154, 157);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 154,  
157) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 252, 154, 157 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 154, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252,  
154, 157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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