

Converting Colors

RGB(253, 134, 151)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(253, 134, 151) contains.

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Color

RGB(253, 134, 151)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FD8697
RGB	253, 134, 151
RGB Percent	99%, 53%, 59%
CMY	0.0078, 0.4745, 0.4078
CMYK	0.00, 0.47, 0.40, 0.01
HSL	351°, 97%, 76%
HSV	351°, 47%, 99%
XYZ	54.6190, 40.1672, 34.1525
YIQ	171.5190, 65.4670, 30.5150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

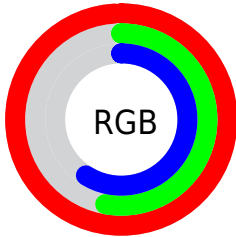
Format	Color
R _Y B	253, 134, 151
Decimal	16615063
CIE Lab	69.59, 46.78, 11.68
CIE LCh	70, 48.212, 14.017
Yxy	40.1672, 0.4236, 0.3115
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294805143 (0xFFFD8697)
YUV	171.5190, -10.1159, 71.4588
Hunter-Lab	63.3776, 42.9211, 12.4146

Details

The RGB color **253, 134, 151** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **134, 253, 236**, and the grayscale version is **172, 172, 172**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 189, 205**, and **193, 81, 100** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **253, 109, 129**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **253, 159, 173**.

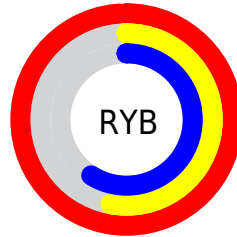
Distribution



Red (99%)

Green (53%)

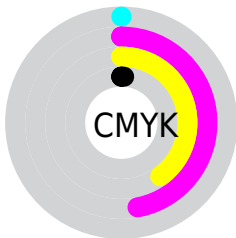
Blue (59%)



Red (99%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (59%)

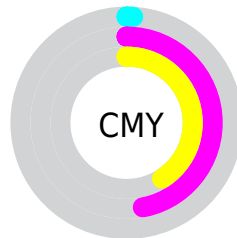


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (40%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (1%)

Magenta (47%)


Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 253, 134, 151 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 253, 134, 151 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 253, 134, 151

 253, 134, 151

255, 255, 255

 223, 107, 125

 255, 189, 205

 193, 81, 100

 255, 218, 233

 164, 54, 77

 255, 247, 255

 135, 25, 54

 106, 0, 33

 79, 0, 10

 54, 0, 2

 5, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 253, 134, 151

■ 253, 134, 151

■ 253, 109, 129

■ 253, 159, 173

■ 253, 83, 108

■ 253, 185, 194

■ 253, 58, 86

■ 253, 210, 216

■ 253, 33, 64

■ 253, 235, 238

■ 253, 7, 43

253, 255, 255

■ 253, 0, 36

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



239, 137, 195



253, 134, 151



244, 144, 111

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



253, 134, 151



128, 185, 105



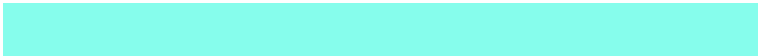
0, 181, 253

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



253, 134, 151



134, 253, 236

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 189, 230



253, 134, 151



60, 191, 144

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



253, 134, 151



176, 174, 82



0, 192, 190



135, 167, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



253, 134, 151



227, 154, 92



0, 192, 190



0, 185, 248

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



253, 134, 151



255, 219, 224



235, 134, 253



128, 106, 109



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



253, 134, 151



255, 112, 133



253, 176, 134



128, 115, 117



191, 0, 27



64, 0, 9

Inverse Universe

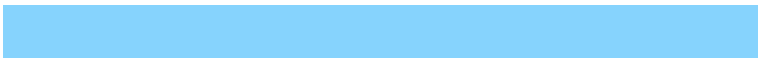
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



253, 134, 151



255, 112, 133



134, 211, 253



128, 115, 117



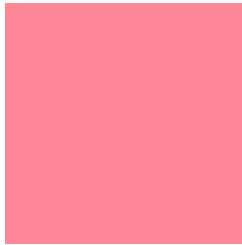
191, 0, 27



64, 0, 9

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 253, 134, 151 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

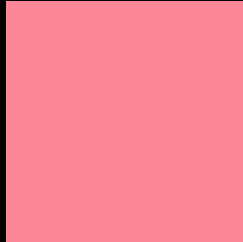
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 253, 134, 151 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 253, 134, 151 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 253, 134, 151.

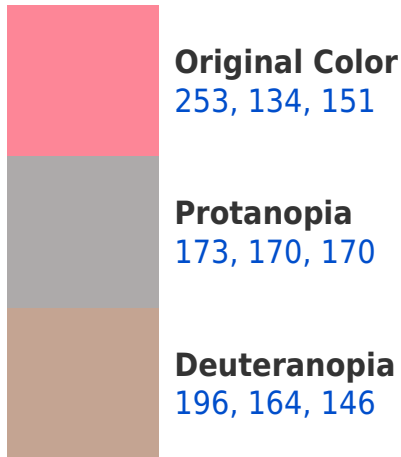


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 253, 134, 151.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
252, 135, 145

Trichromacy



Original Color

253, 134, 151



Protanomaly

202, 157, 163



Deuteranomaly

217, 153, 148



Tritanomaly

252, 135, 147

Monochromacy



Original Color

253, 134, 151



Achromatopsia

172, 172, 172



Achromatomaly

201, 158, 164

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 253, 134, 151 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(253, 134, 151) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(253, 134, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(253, 134, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(253, 134, 151) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 253, 134, 151 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(253, 134, 151) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(253, 134, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(253, 134, 151)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(253, 134, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 134, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 134,  
151) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 253, 134, 151 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(253, 134, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(253,  
134, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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