

Converting Colors

RGB(253, 222, 151)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(253, 222, 151) contains.

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Color

RGB(253, 222, 151)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FDDE97
RGB	253, 222, 151
RGB Percent	99%, 87%, 59%
CMY	0.0078, 0.1294, 0.4078
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.40, 0.01
HSL	42°, 96%, 79%
HSV	42°, 40%, 99%
XYZ	72.2152, 75.3596, 40.0179
YIQ	223.1750, 41.2670, -15.5090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

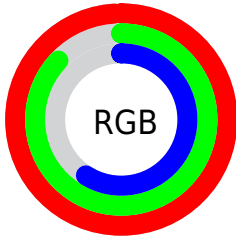
Format	Color
R_{YB}	196, 253, 151
Decimal	16637591
CIE _{Lab}	89.56, 1.24, 38.74
CIE _{LCh}	90, 38.761, 88.164
Yxy	75.3596, 0.3850, 0.4017
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294827671 (0xFFFDDE97)
YUV	223.1750, -35.5823, 26.1565
Hunter-Lab	86.8099, -3.4271, 33.4353

Details

The RGB color **253, 222, 151** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **151, 182, 253**, and the grayscale version is **223, 223, 223**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 206**, and **195, 167, 99** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **253, 214, 126**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **253, 230, 176**.

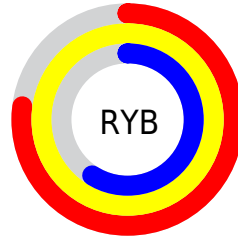
Distribution



Red (99%)

Green (87%)

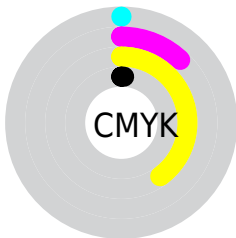
Blue (59%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (99%)

Blue (59%)

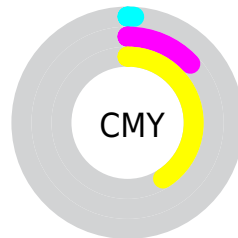


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (40%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (1%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 253, 222, 151 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 253, 222, 151 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 253, 222, 151

255, 255, 255

 255, 255, 206

 255, 255, 234

 253, 222, 151

 224, 194, 125

 195, 167, 99

 167, 141, 74

 139, 115, 50

 112, 91, 26

 86, 68, 0

 61, 46, 0

 36, 25, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 253, 222, 151

■ 253, 222, 151

■ 253, 214, 126

■ 253, 230, 176

■ 253, 207, 100

■ 253, 237, 202

■ 253, 199, 75

■ 253, 245, 227

■ 253, 191, 50

■ 253, 253, 252

■ 253, 184, 25

253, 255, 255

■ 253, 176, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 209, 163



253, 222, 151



214, 233, 159

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



253, 222, 151



102, 245, 255



255, 204, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



253, 222, 151



151, 182, 253

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



227, 216, 255



253, 222, 151



121, 239, 255

Square

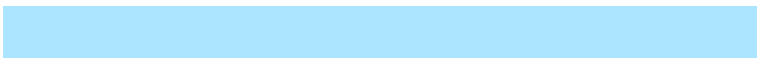
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



253, 222, 151



129, 245, 221



172, 229, 255



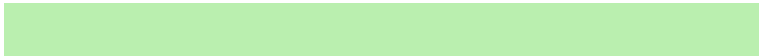
255, 198, 229

Rectangle

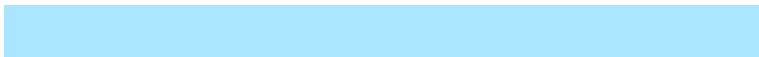
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



253, 222, 151



186, 239, 175



172, 229, 255



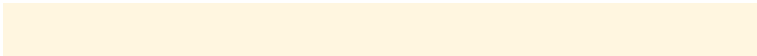
255, 208, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



253, 222, 151



255, 246, 224



253, 151, 183



128, 122, 110



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



253, 222, 151



255, 218, 133



234, 253, 151



128, 124, 115



191, 133, 0



64, 44, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



151, 182, 253



133, 170, 255



170, 151, 253



115, 119, 128



0, 58, 191



0, 19, 64

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 253, 222, 151 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

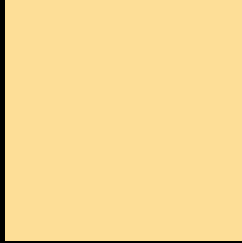
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 253, 222, 151 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 253, 222, 151 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 253, 222, 151.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 253, 222, 151.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
253, 222, 151

Protanopia
244, 225, 152

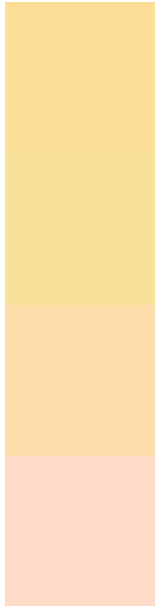
Deuteranopia
255, 219, 182



Tritanopia

255, 215, 228

Trichromacy



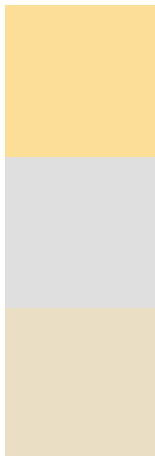
Original Color
253, 222, 151

Protanomaly
247, 224, 152

Deuteranomaly
254, 220, 171

Tritanomaly
254, 218, 200

Monochromacy



Original Color
253, 222, 151

Achromatopsia
223, 223, 223

Achromatomaly
234, 223, 197

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 253, 222, 151 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(253, 222, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(253, 222, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(253, 222, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(253, 222, 151) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 253, 222, 151 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(253, 222, 151) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(253, 222, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(253, 222, 151)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(253, 222, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 222, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 222,  
151) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 253, 222, 151 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(253, 222, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(253,  
222, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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