

Converting Colors

RGB(254, 181, 214)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(254, 181, 214) contains.

RGB(254, 181, 214)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(254, 181, 214)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEB5D6
RGB	254, 181, 214
RGB Percent	100%, 71%, 84%
CMY	0.0039, 0.2902, 0.1608
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.16, 0.00
HSL	333°, 97%, 85%
HSV	333°, 29%, 100%
XYZ	69.5345, 58.9736, 71.3365
YIQ	206.5890, 32.9150, 25.7390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

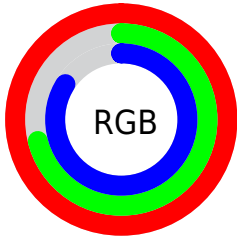
Format	Color
RYB	254, 181, 214
Decimal	16692694
CIELab	81.28, 31.23, -5.99
CIElCh	81, 31.801, 349.149
Yxy	58.9736, 0.3479, 0.2951
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294882774 (0xFFFEb5D6)
YUV	206.5890, 3.6536, 41.5794
Hunter-Lab	76.7943, 27.2355, -1.3203

Details

The RGB color **254, 181, 214** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **181, 254, 221**, and the grayscale version is **207, 207, 207**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 237, 255**, and **196, 127, 159** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **254, 156, 200**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **254, 206, 228**.

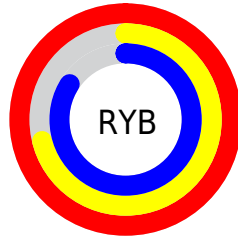
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (71%)

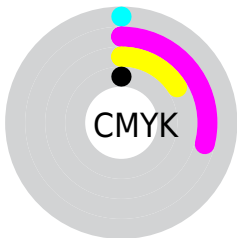
Blue (84%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (84%)

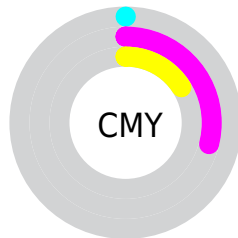


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)


Magenta (29%)

Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 254, 181, 214 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 254, 181, 214 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 254, 181, 214

255, 255, 255


 255, 237, 255


 254, 181, 214

 225, 154, 186

 196, 127, 159

 168, 102, 133

 141, 77, 108

 115, 53, 84

 89, 29, 61

 64, 3, 39

 43, 0, 18

 0, 0, 0

■ 254, 181, 214

■ 254, 181, 214

■ 254, 156, 200

■ 254, 206, 228

■ 254, 130, 186

■ 254, 232, 242

■ 254, 105, 172

254, 255, 255

■ 254, 79, 158

■ 254, 54, 144

■ 254, 29, 130

■ 254, 3, 117

■ 254, 0, 115

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



229, 188, 241



254, 181, 214



255, 181, 184

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



254, 181, 214



204, 206, 145



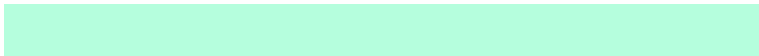
116, 215, 246

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



254, 181, 214



181, 254, 221

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



112, 218, 220



254, 181, 214



170, 214, 162

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



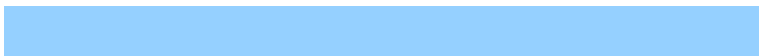
254, 181, 214



233, 196, 144



136, 218, 190



149, 208, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



254, 181, 214



255, 184, 166



136, 218, 190



111, 217, 238

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



254, 181, 214



255, 232, 242



220, 181, 254



128, 113, 120



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



254, 181, 214



255, 168, 207



254, 183, 181



128, 115, 121



191, 0, 86



64, 0, 29

Inverse Universe

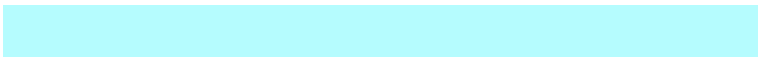
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



254, 181, 214



255, 168, 207



181, 252, 254



128, 115, 121



191, 0, 86



64, 0, 29

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 254, 181, 214 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

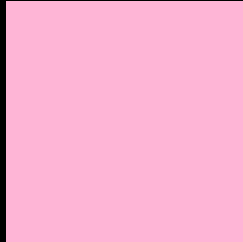
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 254, 181, 214 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 254, 181, 214 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 254, 181, 214.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 254, 181, 214.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
252, 184, 198

Trichromacy



Original Color

254, 181, 214



Protanomaly

219, 194, 222



Deuteranomaly

231, 191, 212



Tritanomaly

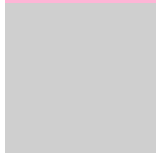
253, 183, 204

Monochromacy



Original Color

254, 181, 214



Achromatopsia

207, 207, 207



Achromatomaly

224, 198, 210

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 254, 181, 214 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(254, 181, 214) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 181, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 181, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 181, 214) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 254, 181, 214 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 181, 214) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 181, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 181, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 181, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 181, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 181,  
214) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 254, 181, 214 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 181, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
181, 214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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