

Converting Colors

RGB(254, 222, 157)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(254, 222, 157) contains.

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Color

RGB(254, 222, 157)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEDE9D
RGB	254, 222, 157
RGB Percent	100%, 87%, 62%
CMY	0.0039, 0.1294, 0.3843
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.38, 0.00
HSL	40°, 98%, 81%
HSV	40°, 38%, 100%
XYZ	73.0801, 75.7477, 42.6673
YIQ	224.1580, 39.9370, -13.4310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

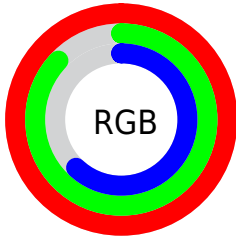
Format	Color
RYB	205, 254, 157
Decimal	16703133
CIELab	89.74, 2.28, 35.96
CIELCh	90, 36.031, 86.377
Yxy	75.7477, 0.3816, 0.3956
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294893213 (0xFFFEDE9D)
YUV	224.1580, -33.1089, 26.1714
Hunter-Lab	87.0332, -2.4249, 31.8568

Details

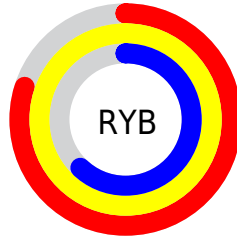
The RGB color **254, 222, 157** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **157, 189, 254**, and the grayscale version is **224, 224, 224**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 212**, and **196, 167, 105** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **254, 214, 132**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **254, 230, 182**.

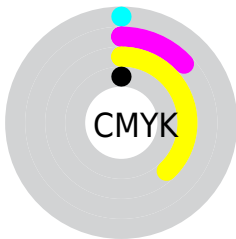
Distribution



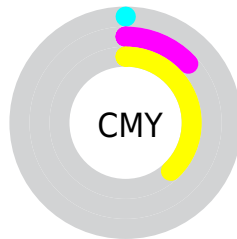
- Red (100%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 254, 222, 157 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 254, 222, 157 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 254, 222, 157

255, 255, 255


 255, 255, 212


 255, 255, 241

 254, 222, 157

 225, 194, 131

 196, 167, 105

 168, 141, 80

 140, 115, 56

 113, 91, 32

 87, 68, 7

 63, 45, 0

 38, 25, 0

 3, 0, 0

■ 254, 222, 157

■ 254, 222, 157

■ 254, 214, 132

■ 254, 230, 182

■ 254, 205, 106

■ 254, 239, 208

■ 254, 197, 81

■ 254, 247, 233

■ 254, 188, 55

254, 255, 255

■ 254, 180, 30

■ 254, 172, 5

■ 254, 170, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 210, 170



254, 222, 157



218, 233, 163

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



254, 222, 157



117, 244, 255



255, 207, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



254, 222, 157



157, 189, 254

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



225, 218, 255



254, 222, 157



131, 239, 255

Square

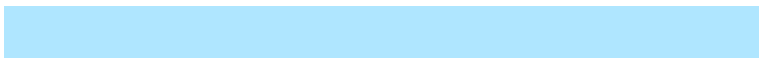
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



254, 222, 157



140, 244, 220



175, 230, 255



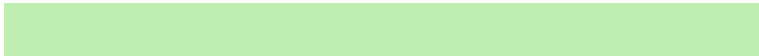
255, 200, 231

Rectangle

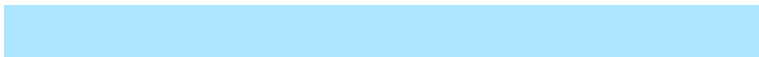
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



254, 222, 157



192, 238, 177



175, 230, 255



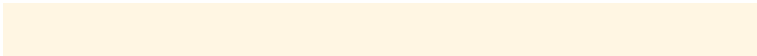
254, 210, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



254, 222, 157



255, 246, 227



254, 157, 189



128, 122, 111



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



254, 222, 157



255, 216, 138



238, 254, 157



128, 123, 115



191, 128, 0



64, 43, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



157, 189, 254



138, 176, 255



173, 157, 254



115, 119, 128



0, 63, 191



0, 21, 64

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 254, 222, 157 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

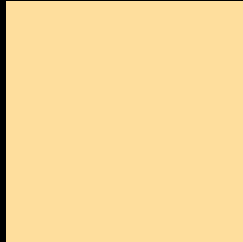
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 254, 222, 157 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 254, 222, 157 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 254, 222, 157.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 254, 222, 157.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
254, 222, 157

Protanopia
244, 226, 159

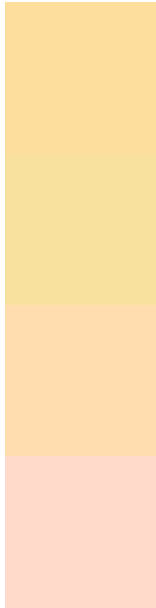
Deuteranopia
255, 220, 185



Tritanopia

255, 215, 229

Trichromacy



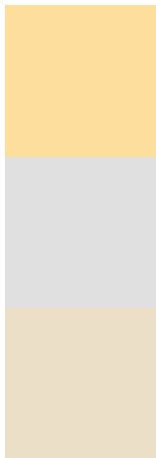
Original Color
254, 222, 157

Protanomaly
248, 225, 158

Deuteranomaly
255, 221, 175

Tritanomaly
255, 218, 203

Monochromacy



Original Color
254, 222, 157

Achromatopsia
224, 224, 224

Achromatomaly
235, 223, 200

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 254, 222, 157 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 222, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 222, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 222, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 222, 157) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 254, 222, 157 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 222, 157) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 222, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 222, 157)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 222, 157); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 222, 157);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 222,  
157) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 254, 222, 157 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 222, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
222, 157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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