

# Converting Colors

RGB(254, 9, 101)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(254, 9, 101) contains.

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# Color

**RGB(254, 9, 101)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FE0965
RGB	254, 9, 101
RGB Percent	100%, 4%, 40%
CMY	0.0039, 0.9647, 0.6039
CMYK	0.00, 0.96, 0.60, 0.00
HSL	337°, 99%, 52%
HSV	337°, 96%, 100%
XYZ	43.3197, 22.2058, 14.3149
YIQ	92.7430, 116.4880, 80.5520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

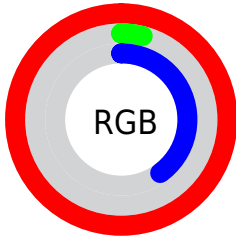
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	254, 9, 101
Decimal	16648549
CIELab	54.24, 82.01, 19.42
CIElCh	54, 84.274, 13.319
Yxy	22.2058, 0.5426, 0.2781
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294838629 (0xFFFE0965)
YUV	92.7430, 4.0707, 141.4224
Hunter-Lab	47.1230, 81.6279, 14.9752

# Details

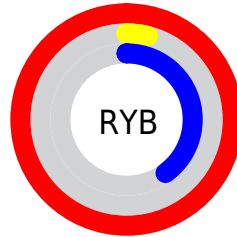
The RGB color **254, 9, 101** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0066**. The color can be described as dark saturated rose. A complement of this color would be **9, 254, 162**, and the grayscale version is **93, 93, 93**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 100, 151**, and **189, 0, 55** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **254, 0, 95**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **254, 34, 117**.

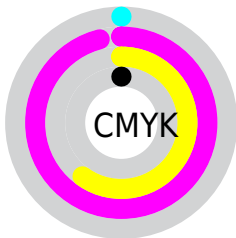
# Distribution



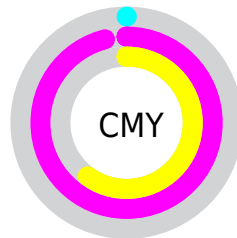
- Red (100%)
- Green (4%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (96%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (96%)
- Yellow (60%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 254, 9, 101 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 254, 9, 101 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





254, 9, 101



254, 9, 101

255, 255, 255



221, 0, 77



255, 100, 151



189, 0, 55



255, 132, 178



157, 0, 35



255, 163, 205



126, 0, 14



255, 193, 234



94, 0, 4



255, 223, 255



63, 0, 3

255, 254, 255



27, 0, 1



0, 0, 0



254, 9, 101



254, 9, 101

■ 254, 0, 95

■ 254, 34, 117

■ 254, 60, 133

■ 254, 85, 149

■ 254, 111, 164

■ 254, 136, 180

■ 254, 161, 196

■ 254, 187, 212

■ 254, 212, 228

■ 254, 238, 244

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



236, 37, 173



254, 9, 101



235, 71, 28

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



254, 9, 101



19, 151, 0



0, 150, 255

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



254, 9, 101



9, 254, 162

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 159, 229



254, 9, 101



0, 158, 85

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



254, 9, 101



128, 137, 0



0, 160, 161



0, 128, 255

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



254, 9, 101



207, 99, 0



0, 160, 161



0, 154, 255



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



254, 9, 101



255, 181, 209



160, 9, 254



128, 83, 100



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



254, 9, 101



255, 0, 96



254, 38, 9



128, 115, 120



191, 0, 72



64, 0, 24



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



254, 9, 101



255, 0, 96



9, 225, 254



128, 115, 120



191, 0, 72



64, 0, 24



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 254, 9, 101 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

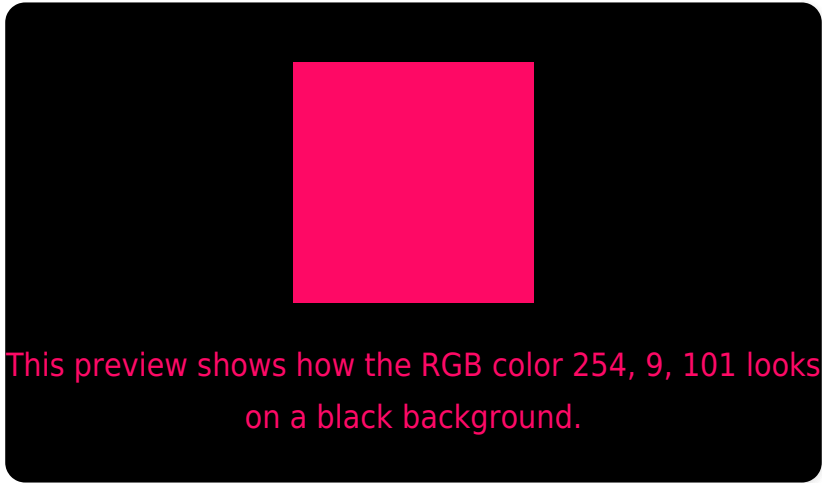
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 254, 9, 101 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 254, 9, 101.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 254, 9, 101.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
252, 41, 39

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

254, 9, 101



**Protanomaly**

174, 86, 130



**Deuteranomaly**

192, 83, 94



**Tritanomaly**

253, 29, 62

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

254, 9, 101



**Achromatopsia**

93, 93, 93



**Achromatomaly**

152, 62, 96

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 254, 9, 101 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 9, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 9, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 9, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 9, 101) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 254, 9, 101 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 9, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 9, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 9, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 9, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 9, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 9,  
101) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 254, 9, 101 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 9, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254, 9,  
101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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