

Converting Colors

RGB(255, 0, 113)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(255, 0, 113) contains.

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Color

RGB(255, 0, 113)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF0071
RGB	255, 0, 113
RGB Percent	100%, 0%, 44%
CMY	0.0000, 1.0000, 0.5569
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.56, 0.00
HSL	333°, 100%, 50%
HSV	333°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	44.2206, 22.4523, 17.6258
YIQ	89.1270, 115.7070, 89.2030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

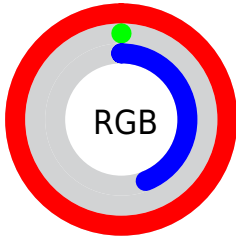
Format	Color
R_{YB}	255, 0, 113
Decimal	16711793
CIE _{Lab}	54.50, 83.54, 12.56
CIE _{LCh}	55, 84.479, 8.549
Yxy	22.4523, 0.5246, 0.2663
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294901873 (0xFFFF0071)
YUV	89.1270, 11.7694, 145.4706
Hunter-Lab	47.3838, 83.6623, 11.1140

Details

The RGB color **255, 0, 113** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0066**. The color can be described as dark saturated rose. A complement of this color would be **0, 255, 142**, and the grayscale version is **89, 89, 89**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 99, 164**, and **191, 0, 66** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 0, 113**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 25, 127**.

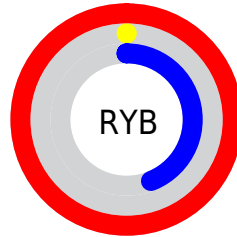
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (0%)

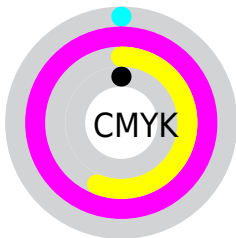
Blue (44%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (44%)

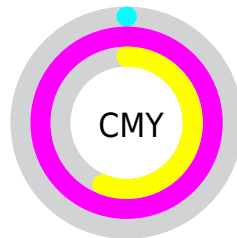


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (56%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 255, 0, 113 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 255, 0, 113 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 255, 0, 113

 255, 0, 113

255, 255, 255

 223, 0, 89

 255, 99, 164

 191, 0, 66

 255, 131, 191

 159, 0, 44

 255, 162, 219

 127, 0, 25

 255, 192, 247

 96, 0, 4

 255, 223, 255


 65, 0, 3


255, 254, 255


 30, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 255, 0, 113

 255, 25, 127

 255, 51, 141

 255, 77, 156

 255, 102, 170

 255, 128, 184

 255, 153, 198

 255, 179, 212

 255, 204, 227

 255, 230, 241

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



230, 47, 185



255, 0, 113



241, 63, 42

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 0, 113



52, 150, 0



0, 153, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 0, 113



0, 255, 142

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 160, 221



255, 0, 113



0, 158, 73

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 0, 113



140, 134, 0



0, 161, 150



0, 133, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 0, 113



216, 94, 0



0, 161, 150



0, 156, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 0, 113



255, 179, 212



140, 0, 255



128, 82, 102



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 0, 113



255, 13, 0



128, 115, 120



191, 0, 85



64, 0, 28

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 0, 113



0, 242, 255



128, 115, 120



191, 0, 85



64, 0, 28

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 0, 113 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

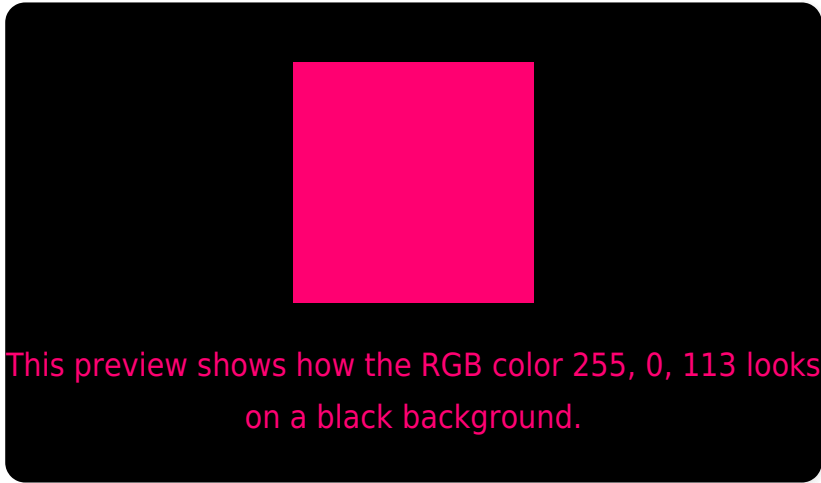
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 255, 0, 113 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 0, 113.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 0, 113.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

255, 0, 113

Protanopia

124, 130, 164

Deuteranopia

154, 126, 102



Tritanopia
252, 45, 44

Trichromacy



Original Color
255, 0, 113



Protanomaly
172, 83, 145



Deuteranomaly
191, 80, 106



Tritanomaly
253, 29, 69

Monochromacy



Original Color
255, 0, 113



Achromatopsia
89, 89, 89



Achromatomaly
149, 57, 98

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 255, 0, 113 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 0, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 0, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 0, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 0, 113) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 255, 0, 113 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 0, 113) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 0, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 0, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 0, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 0, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 0,  
113) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 0, 113 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 0, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 0,  
113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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