

Converting Colors

RGB(255, 103, 101)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(255, 103, 101) contains.

RGB(255, 103, 101)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(255, 103, 101)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF6765
RGB	255, 103, 101
RGB Percent	100%, 40%, 40%
CMY	0.0000, 0.5961, 0.6039
CMYK	0.00, 0.60, 0.60, 0.00
HSL	1°, 100%, 70%
HSV	1°, 60%, 100%
XYZ	48.4392, 31.9001, 15.9162
YIQ	148.2200, 91.2340, 31.6020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

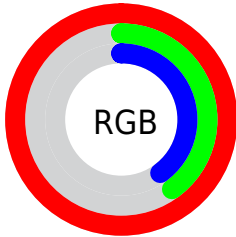
Format	Color
R_{YB}	255, 103, 101
Decimal	16738149
CIE _{Lab}	63.26, 57.74, 31.30
CIE _{LCh}	63, 65.682, 28.460
Yxy	31.9001, 0.5032, 0.3314
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294928229 (0xFFFF6765)
YUV	148.2200, -23.2795, 93.6461
Hunter-Lab	56.4802, 54.2471, 22.8281

Details

The RGB color **255, 103, 101** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6666**. A complement of this color would be **101, 253, 255**, and the grayscale version is **148, 148, 148**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 159, 152**, and **192, 45, 54** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 78, 75**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 128, 126**.

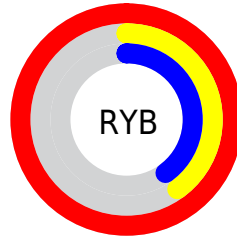
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (40%)

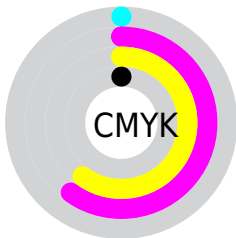
Blue (40%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (40%)

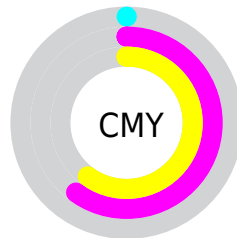


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (60%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 255, 103, 101 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 255, 103, 101 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 255, 103, 101

 255, 103, 101

255, 255, 255

 223, 75, 77

 255, 159, 152

 192, 45, 54

 255, 188, 179

 161, 0, 33

 255, 217, 206

 131, 0, 12

 255, 246, 235

 100, 0, 0

 71, 0, 1

 42, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 255, 103, 101

 255, 103, 101

■ 255, 78, 75

■ 255, 128, 126

■ 255, 53, 50

■ 255, 153, 152

■ 255, 27, 24

■ 255, 179, 178

■ 255, 3, 0

■ 255, 204, 203

■ 255, 229, 228

255, 254, 254

255, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



254, 95, 159



255, 103, 101



229, 126, 51

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 103, 101



28, 176, 89



0, 161, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 103, 101



101, 253, 255

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 174, 252



255, 103, 101



0, 180, 148

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 103, 101



127, 166, 37



0, 180, 207



146, 139, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 103, 101



201, 142, 22



0, 180, 207



0, 166, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 103, 101



255, 210, 209



255, 101, 255



128, 100, 99



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 103, 101



255, 74, 71



255, 178, 101



128, 115, 115



191, 2, 0



64, 1, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



101, 253, 255



71, 253, 255



101, 178, 255



115, 127, 128



0, 189, 191



0, 63, 64

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 103, 101 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

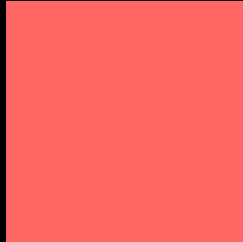
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 103, 101 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 255, 103, 101 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 103, 101.

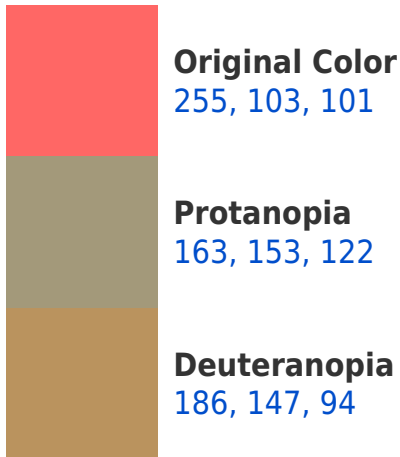



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 103, 101.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
255, 102, 109

Trichromacy



Original Color
255, 103, 101

Protanomaly
196, 135, 114

Deuteranomaly
211, 131, 97

Tritanomaly
255, 102, 106

Monochromacy



Original Color
255, 103, 101

Achromatopsia
148, 148, 148

Achromatomaly
187, 132, 131

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 255, 103, 101 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 103, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 103, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 103, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 103, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 255, 103, 101 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 103, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 103, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 103, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 103, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 103, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 103,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 103, 101 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 103, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
103, 101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor