

Converting Colors

RGB(255, 132, 178)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(255, 132, 178) contains.

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Color

RGB(255, 132, 178)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF84B2
RGB	255, 132, 178
RGB Percent	100%, 52%, 70%
CMY	0.0000, 0.4824, 0.3020
CMYK	0.00, 0.48, 0.30, 0.00
HSL	338°, 100%, 76%
HSV	338°, 48%, 100%
XYZ	57.5271, 40.9769, 46.9968
YIQ	174.0210, 58.5420, 40.3820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

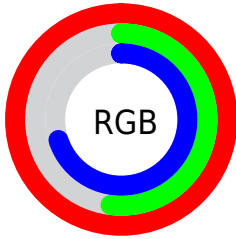
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 132, 178
Decimal	16745650
CIE Lab	70.16, 51.56, -2.60
CIE LCh	70, 51.630, 357.118
Yxy	40.9769, 0.3954, 0.2816
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294935730 (0xFFFF84B2)
YUV	174.0210, 1.9616, 71.0186
Hunter-Lab	64.0132, 48.3907, 1.2801

Details

The RGB color **255, 132, 178** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **132, 255, 209**, and the grayscale version is **174, 174, 174**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 188, 234**, and **195, 78, 125** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 107, 162**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 158, 194**.

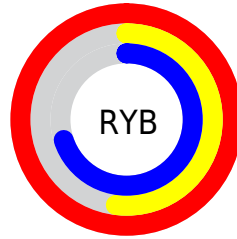
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (52%)

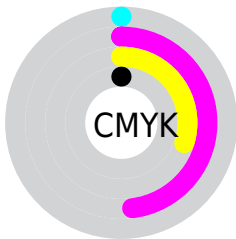
Blue (70%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (70%)

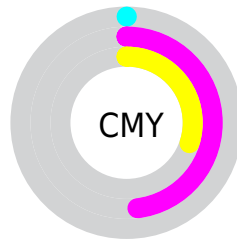


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 255, 132, 178 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 255, 132, 178 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 255, 132, 178

 255, 132, 178


255, 255, 255

 225, 105, 151

 255, 188, 234

 195, 78, 125

 255, 216, 255

 166, 50, 101

 255, 246, 255

 138, 17, 77

 110, 0, 54

 82, 0, 33

 58, 0, 9

 20, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 255, 132, 178

■ 255, 132, 178

■ 255, 107, 162

■ 255, 158, 194

■ 255, 81, 146

■ 255, 183, 210

■ 255, 56, 130

■ 255, 209, 226

■ 255, 30, 114

■ 255, 234, 242

■ 255, 5, 98

255, 255, 255

■ 255, 0, 95

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



225, 143, 223



255, 132, 178



255, 135, 131

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 132, 178



156, 181, 84



0, 189, 249

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 132, 178



132, 255, 209

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 195, 213



255, 132, 178



98, 191, 119

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 132, 178



203, 167, 75



0, 195, 165



70, 178, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 132, 178



247, 145, 105



0, 195, 165



0, 192, 239

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 132, 178



255, 219, 233



208, 132, 255



128, 106, 114



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 132, 178



255, 107, 162



255, 146, 132



128, 115, 120



191, 0, 72



64, 0, 24

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 132, 178



255, 107, 162



132, 241, 255



128, 115, 120



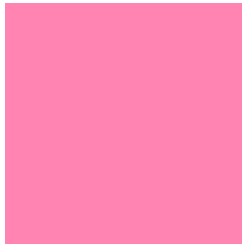
191, 0, 72



64, 0, 24

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 132, 178 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

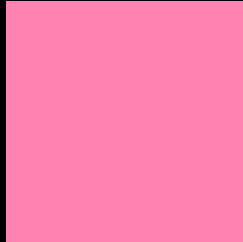
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 132, 178 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

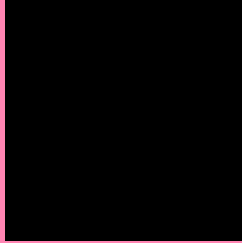
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 255, 132, 178 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 132, 178.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 132, 178.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
255, 132, 178

Protanopia
166, 171, 202

Deuteranopia
188, 166, 172



Tritanopia
252, 138, 148

Trichromacy



Original Color

255, 132, 178



Protanomaly

198, 157, 193



Deuteranomaly

212, 154, 174



Tritanomaly

253, 136, 159

Monochromacy



Original Color

255, 132, 178



Achromatopsia

174, 174, 174



Achromatomaly

203, 159, 175

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 255, 132, 178 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 132, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 132, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 132, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 132, 178) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 255, 132, 178 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 132, 178) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 132, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 132, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 132, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 132, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 132,  
178) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 132, 178 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 132, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
132, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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