

Converting Colors

RGB(255, 146, 124)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(255, 146, 124) contains.

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Color

RGB(255, 146, 124)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF927C
RGB	255, 146, 124
RGB Percent	100%, 57%, 49%
CMY	0.0000, 0.4275, 0.5137
CMYK	0.00, 0.43, 0.51, 0.00
HSL	10°, 100%, 74%
HSV	10°, 51%, 100%
XYZ	55.1570, 43.2730, 24.5142
YIQ	176.0830, 72.0260, 16.2660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

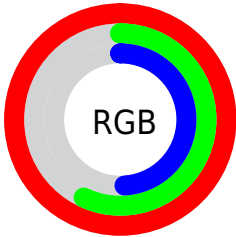
Format	Color
RYB	255, 150, 124
Decimal	16749180
CIELab	71.74, 38.86, 29.61
CIElCh	72, 48.856, 37.300
Yxy	43.2730, 0.4486, 0.3520
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294939260 (0xFFFF927C)
YUV	176.0830, -25.6769, 69.2102
Hunter-Lab	65.7822, 34.5495, 23.9527

Details

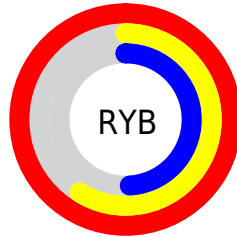
The RGB color **255, 146, 124** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **124, 233, 255**, and the grayscale version is **176, 176, 176**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 201, 177**, and **194, 93, 75** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 125, 99**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 167, 150**.

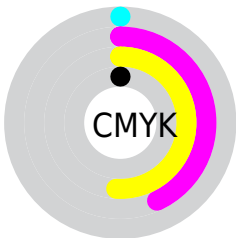
Distribution



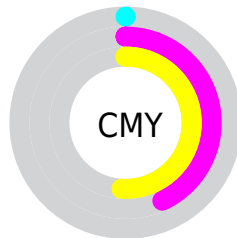
- Red (100%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 255, 146, 124 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 255, 146, 124 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 255, 146, 124

 255, 146, 124

255, 255, 255

 224, 119, 99

 255, 201, 177

 194, 93, 75

 255, 230, 204

 165, 68, 52

 255, 255, 233

 135, 43, 30

 107, 14, 7

 78, 0, 0

 52, 0, 1

 8, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

255, 146, 124

255, 146, 124

255, 125, 99

255, 167, 150

255, 104, 73

255, 188, 175

255, 82, 48

255, 210, 201

255, 61, 22

255, 231, 226

255, 43, 0

255, 252, 252

255, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 139, 166



255, 146, 124



231, 161, 93

Triad

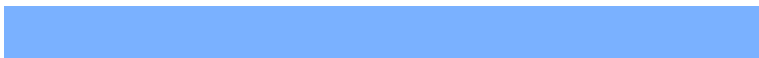
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 146, 124



84, 196, 140



122, 177, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 146, 124



124, 233, 255

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 190, 255



255, 146, 124



0, 199, 186

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 146, 124



145, 189, 102



0, 197, 228



194, 160, 247

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 146, 124



206, 172, 85



0, 197, 228



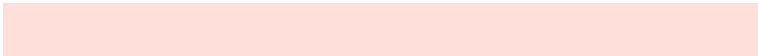
89, 182, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 146, 124



255, 223, 217



255, 124, 233



128, 108, 105



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 146, 124



255, 123, 97



255, 211, 124



128, 117, 115



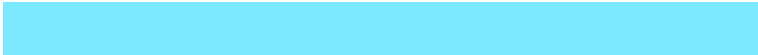
191, 32, 0



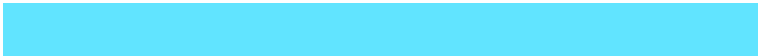
64, 11, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



124, 233, 255



97, 228, 255



124, 168, 255



115, 125, 128



0, 159, 191



0, 53, 64

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 146, 124 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

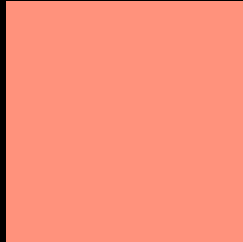
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 146, 124 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 255, 146, 124 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 146, 124.

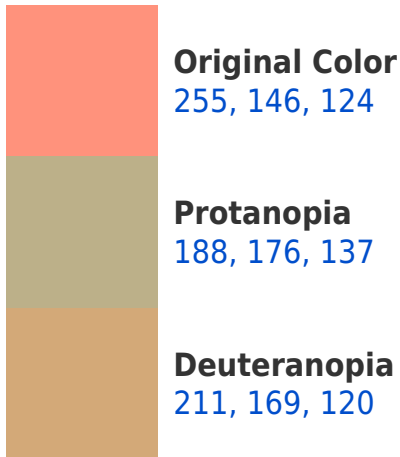



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 146, 124.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

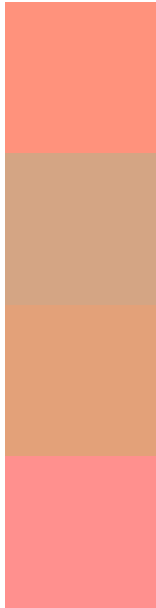
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
255, 143, 153

Trichromacy



Original Color
255, 146, 124

Protanomaly
212, 165, 132

Deuteranomaly
227, 161, 121

Tritanomaly
255, 144, 142

Monochromacy



Original Color
255, 146, 124

Achromatopsia
176, 176, 176

Achromatomaly
205, 165, 157

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 255, 146, 124 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 146, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 146, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 146, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 146, 124) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 255, 146, 124 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 146, 124) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 146, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 146, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 146, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 146, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 146,  
124) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 146, 124 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 146, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
146, 124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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