

Converting Colors

RGB(255, 151, 248)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(255, 151, 248) contains.

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Color

RGB(255, 151, 248)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF97F8
RGB	255, 151, 248
RGB Percent	100%, 59%, 97%
CMY	0.0000, 0.4078, 0.0275
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.03, 0.00
HSL	304°, 100%, 80%
HSV	304°, 41%, 100%
XYZ	69.2499, 50.1705, 94.8409
YIQ	193.1540, 30.8470, 52.2150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

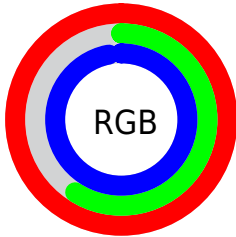
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 151, 248
Decimal	16750584
CIE Lab	76.17, 52.61, -32.08
CIE LCh	76, 61.624, 328.626
Yxy	50.1705, 0.3232, 0.2342
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294940664 (0xFFFF97F8)
YUV	193.1540, 27.0391, 54.2389
Hunter-Lab	70.8312, 50.5605, -29.8058

Details

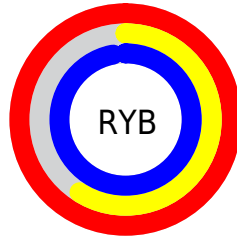
The RGB color **255, 151, 248** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99FF**. A complement of this color would be **151, 255, 158**, and the grayscale version is **193, 193, 193**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 207, 255**, and **196, 97, 191** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 126, 246**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 177, 250**.

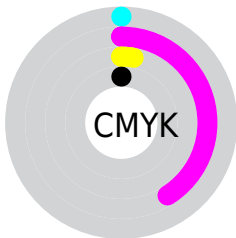
Distribution



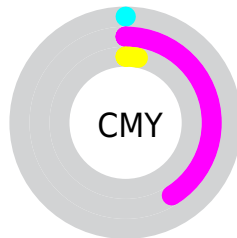
- Red (100%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (3%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 255, 151, 248 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 255, 151, 248 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 255, 151, 248

 255, 151, 248


255, 255, 255

 225, 124, 219

 255, 207, 255

 196, 97, 191

 255, 236, 255

 168, 70, 164


 140, 42, 137

 113, 6, 112

 86, 0, 87

 61, 0, 63

 37, 0, 41

 0, 1, 18

 255, 151, 248


 255, 151, 248

 255, 126, 246

 255, 177, 250

 255, 100, 245


 255, 202, 251

 255, 75, 243

 255, 228, 253

 255, 49, 241

 255, 253, 255

 255, 24, 239

 255, 255, 255

 255, 0, 238

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



186, 174, 255



255, 151, 248



255, 138, 193

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 151, 248



222, 184, 68



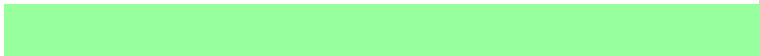
0, 215, 241

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 151, 248



151, 255, 158

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 216, 183



255, 151, 248



165, 201, 82

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 151, 248



255, 163, 91



89, 211, 126



0, 209, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 151, 248



255, 139, 155



89, 211, 126



0, 216, 222

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 151, 248



255, 224, 253



158, 151, 255



128, 110, 126



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 151, 248



255, 130, 247



255, 151, 196



128, 115, 127



191, 0, 178



64, 0, 59

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 151, 248



255, 130, 247



151, 255, 210



128, 115, 127



191, 0, 178



64, 0, 59

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 151, 248 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

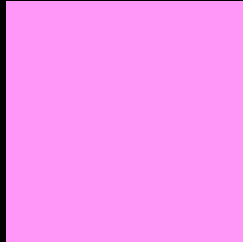
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 151, 248 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 255, 151, 248 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 151, 248.

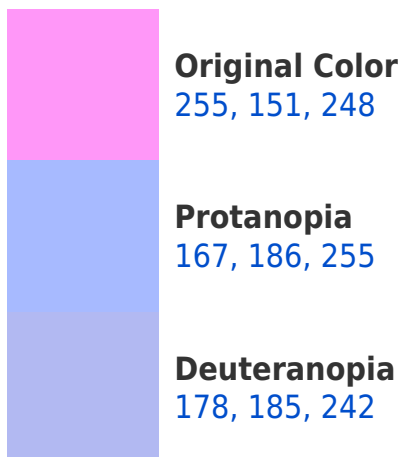


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 151, 248.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
246, 166, 178

Trichromacy



Original Color

255, 151, 248



Protanomaly

199, 173, 252



Deuteranomaly

206, 173, 244



Tritanomaly

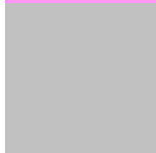
249, 161, 203

Monochromacy



Original Color

255, 151, 248



Achromatopsia

193, 193, 193



Achromatomaly

216, 178, 213

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 255, 151, 248 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 151, 248)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 151, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 151, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 151, 248) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 255, 151, 248 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

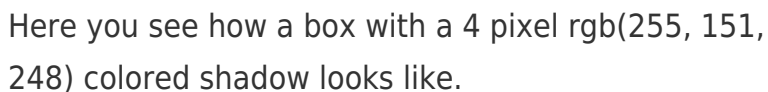
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 151, 248) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 151, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 151, 248)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 151, 248); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 151, 248); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 151, 248) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 151, 248 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 151, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
151, 248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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