

Converting Colors

RGB(255, 155, 196)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(255, 155, 196) contains.

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Color

RGB(255, 155, 196)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF9BC4
RGB	255, 155, 196
RGB Percent	100%, 61%, 77%
CMY	0.0000, 0.3922, 0.2314
CMYK	0.00, 0.39, 0.23, 0.00
HSL	335°, 100%, 80%
HSV	335°, 39%, 100%
XYZ	62.9252, 48.6882, 58.3058
YIQ	189.5740, 46.4390, 33.9510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

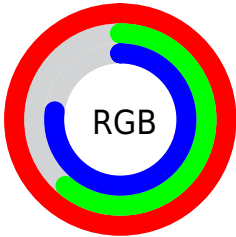
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 155, 196
Decimal	16751556
CIE Lab	75.26, 42.43, -5.07
CIE LCh	75, 42.731, 353.185
Yxy	48.6882, 0.3703, 0.2865
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294941636 (0xFFFF9BC4)
YUV	189.5740, 3.1680, 57.3786
Hunter-Lab	69.7769, 38.8624, -0.6990

Details

The RGB color **255, 155, 196** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **155, 255, 214**, and the grayscale version is **190, 190, 190**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 211, 253**, and **196, 102, 142** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 130, 181**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 180, 211**.

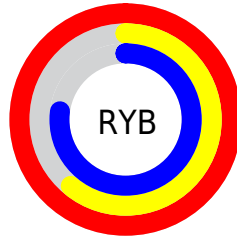
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (61%)

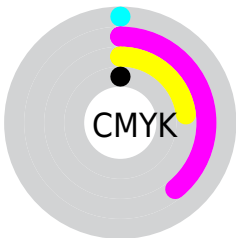
Blue (77%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (61%)

Blue (77%)

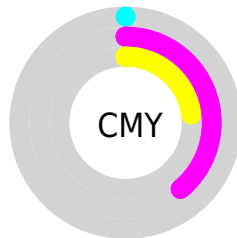


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (23%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 255, 155, 196 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 255, 155, 196 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 255, 155, 196

 255, 155, 196

255, 255, 255

 225, 128, 169

 255, 211, 253

 196, 102, 142

 255, 240, 255

 168, 76, 117

 140, 50, 92

 113, 22, 69

 86, 0, 46

 60, 0, 26

 36, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

■ 255, 155, 196

■ 255, 155, 196

■ 255, 130, 181

■ 255, 180, 211

■ 255, 104, 166

■ 255, 206, 226

■ 255, 79, 151

■ 255, 232, 241

■ 255, 53, 136

255, 255, 255

■ 255, 27, 121

■ 255, 2, 106

■ 255, 0, 105

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



226, 164, 233



255, 155, 196



255, 156, 156

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 155, 196



180, 192, 111



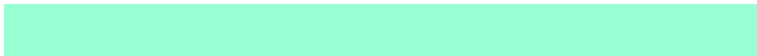
0, 201, 247

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 155, 196



155, 255, 214

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 206, 215



255, 155, 196



134, 201, 137

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 155, 196



219, 180, 107



78, 206, 175



109, 192, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 155, 196



254, 162, 133



78, 206, 175



0, 203, 238

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 155, 196



255, 224, 237



213, 155, 255



128, 110, 117



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 155, 196



255, 135, 184



255, 163, 155



128, 115, 120



191, 0, 78



64, 0, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 155, 196



255, 135, 184



155, 247, 255



128, 115, 120



191, 0, 78



64, 0, 26

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 155, 196 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

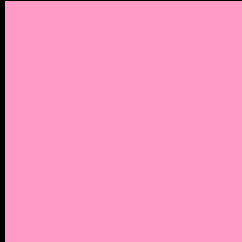
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 155, 196 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 255, 155, 196 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 155, 196.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 155, 196.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
255, 155, 196

Protanopia
180, 184, 214

Deuteranopia
201, 180, 192



Tritanopia
252, 159, 171

Trichromacy



Original Color

255, 155, 196



Protanomaly

207, 173, 207



Deuteranomaly

221, 171, 193



Tritanomaly

253, 158, 180

Monochromacy



Original Color

255, 155, 196



Achromatopsia

190, 190, 190



Achromatomaly

214, 177, 192

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 255, 155, 196 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 155, 196)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 155, 196)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 155, 196) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 155, 196) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 255, 155, 196 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 155, 196) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 155, 196) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 155, 196)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 155, 196); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 155, 196);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 155,  
196) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 155, 196 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 155, 196) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
155, 196) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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