

Converting Colors

RGB(255, 165, 186)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(255, 165, 186) contains.

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Color

RGB(255, 165, 186)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFA5BA
RGB	255, 165, 186
RGB Percent	100%, 65%, 73%
CMY	0.0000, 0.3529, 0.2706
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.27, 0.00
HSL	346°, 100%, 82%
HSV	346°, 35%, 100%
XYZ	63.5581, 51.7154, 53.0866
YIQ	194.3040, 46.8990, 25.6110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

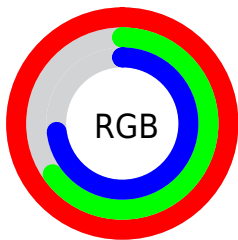
Format	Color
RYB	255, 165, 186
Decimal	16754106
CIELab	77.11, 35.90, 3.12
CIElCh	77, 36.032, 4.972
Yxy	51.7154, 0.3775, 0.3072
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294944186 (0xFFFFA5BA)
YUV	194.3040, -4.0939, 53.2304
Hunter-Lab	71.9134, 31.9121, 6.5715

Details

The RGB color **255, 165, 186** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **165, 255, 234**, and the grayscale version is **194, 194, 194**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 221, 242**, and **196, 112, 133** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 140, 166**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 191, 206**.

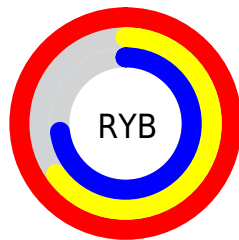
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (65%)

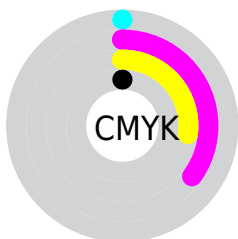
Blue (73%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (73%)

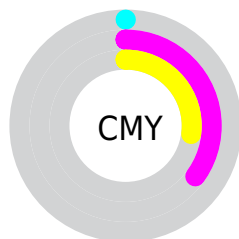


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)


Magenta (35%)

Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 255, 165, 186 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 255, 165, 186 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 255, 165, 186

 255, 165, 186

255, 255, 255

 225, 138, 159

 255, 221, 242

 196, 112, 133

 255, 250, 255

 168, 86, 108

 140, 61, 84

 113, 36, 61

 86, 8, 39

 61, 0, 18

 37, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

■ 255, 165, 186

■ 255, 165, 186

■ 255, 140, 166

■ 255, 191, 206

■ 255, 114, 147

■ 255, 216, 225

■ 255, 89, 127

■ 255, 242, 245

■ 255, 63, 108

255, 255, 255

■ 255, 38, 88

■ 255, 12, 69

■ 255, 0, 60

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



237, 169, 219



255, 165, 186



254, 169, 154

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 165, 186



172, 200, 135



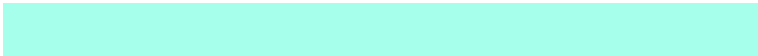
102, 201, 250

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 165, 186



165, 255, 234

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74, 207, 228



255, 165, 186



132, 206, 161

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 165, 186



208, 190, 123



93, 209, 195



154, 192, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 165, 186



244, 175, 137



93, 209, 195



88, 204, 244

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 165, 186



255, 227, 233



234, 165, 255



128, 111, 115



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 165, 186



255, 148, 173



255, 189, 165



128, 115, 118



191, 0, 45



64, 0, 15

Inverse Universe

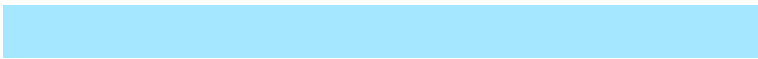
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 165, 186



255, 148, 173



165, 231, 255



128, 115, 118



191, 0, 45



64, 0, 15

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 165, 186 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

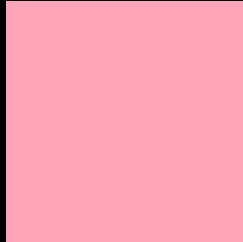
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 165, 186 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 255, 165, 186 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 165, 186.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 165, 186.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
254, 166, 179

Trichromacy



Original Color

255, 165, 186



Protanomaly

214, 181, 195



Deuteranomaly

228, 177, 184



Tritanomaly

254, 166, 182

Monochromacy



Original Color

255, 165, 186



Achromatopsia

194, 194, 194



Achromatomaly

216, 183, 191

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 255, 165, 186 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 165, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 165, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 165, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 165, 186) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 255, 165, 186 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 165, 186) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 165, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 165, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 165, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 165, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 165,  
186) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 165, 186 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 165, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
165, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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