

Converting Colors

RGB(255, 168, 179)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(255, 168, 179) contains.

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Color

RGB(255, 168, 179)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFA8B3
RGB	255, 168, 179
RGB Percent	100%, 66%, 70%
CMY	0.0000, 0.3412, 0.2980
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.30, 0.00
HSL	352°, 100%, 83%
HSV	352°, 34%, 100%
XYZ	63.3793, 52.5199, 49.4447
YIQ	195.2670, 48.3210, 21.8650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

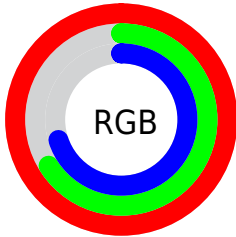
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 168, 179
Decimal	16754867
CIE Lab	77.59, 33.42, 7.64
CIE LCh	78, 34.277, 12.873
Yxy	52.5199, 0.3833, 0.3176
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294944947 (0xFFFFA8B3)
YUV	195.2670, -8.0196, 52.3858
Hunter-Lab	72.4706, 29.2838, 10.2775

Details

The RGB color **255, 168, 179** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **168, 255, 244**, and the grayscale version is **195, 195, 195**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 224, 235**, and **196, 115, 126** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 143, 157**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 194, 201**.

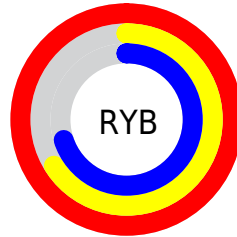
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (66%)

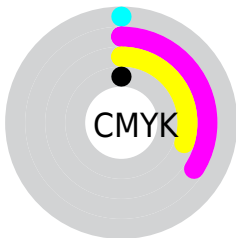
Blue (70%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (70%)

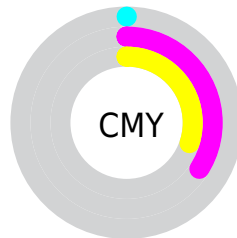


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)


Magenta (34%)

Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 255, 168, 179 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 255, 168, 179 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 255, 168, 179

 255, 168, 179

255, 255, 255

 225, 141, 152

 255, 224, 235


 196, 115, 126

 255, 253, 255

 168, 89, 101

 140, 65, 78

 113, 40, 55

 86, 14, 34

 61, 0, 11

 37, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

■ 255, 168, 179

■ 255, 168, 179

■ 255, 143, 157

■ 255, 194, 201

■ 255, 117, 134

■ 255, 219, 224

■ 255, 91, 112

■ 255, 245, 246

■ 255, 66, 90

255, 255, 255

■ 255, 40, 68

■ 255, 15, 45

■ 255, 0, 32

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



243, 170, 211



255, 168, 179



250, 173, 150

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 168, 179



165, 203, 144



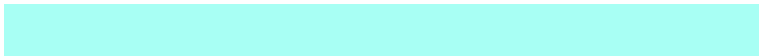
122, 200, 252

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 168, 179



168, 255, 244

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



89, 207, 234



255, 168, 179



127, 208, 172

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 168, 179



200, 194, 129



94, 209, 205



170, 190, 253

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 168, 179



238, 180, 136



94, 209, 205



108, 203, 247

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 168, 179



255, 230, 233



243, 168, 255



128, 112, 114



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 168, 179



255, 150, 164



255, 200, 168



128, 115, 116



191, 0, 24



64, 0, 8

Inverse Universe

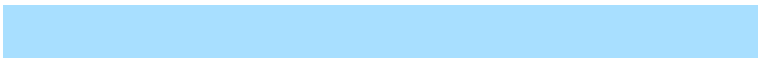
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 168, 179



255, 150, 164



168, 223, 255



128, 115, 116



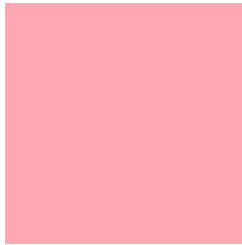
191, 0, 24



64, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 168, 179 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

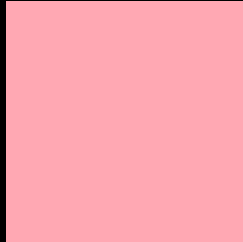
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 168, 179 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 255, 168, 179 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 168, 179.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 168, 179.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
255, 168, 179

Protanopia
195, 191, 192

Deuteranopia
217, 185, 176



Tritanopia
255, 168, 180

Trichromacy



Original Color

255, 168, 179



Protanomaly

217, 183, 187



Deuteranomaly

231, 179, 177



Tritanomaly

255, 168, 180

Monochromacy



Original Color

255, 168, 179



Achromatopsia

195, 195, 195



Achromatomaly

217, 185, 189

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 255, 168, 179 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 168, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 168, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 168, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 168, 179) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 255, 168, 179 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

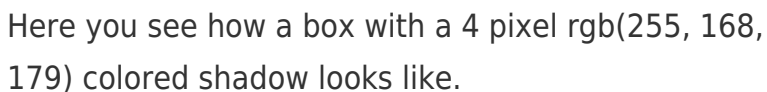
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 168, 179) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 168, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 168, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 168, 179); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 168, 179); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 168, 179) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 168, 179 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 168, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
168, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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