

Converting Colors

RGB(255, 181, 217)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(255, 181, 217) contains.

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Color

RGB(255, 181, 217)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFB5D9
RGB	255, 181, 217
RGB Percent	100%, 71%, 85%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2902, 0.1490
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.15, 0.00
HSL	331°, 100%, 85%
HSV	331°, 29%, 100%
XYZ	70.2883, 59.3175, 73.3905
YIQ	207.2300, 32.5480, 26.8840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

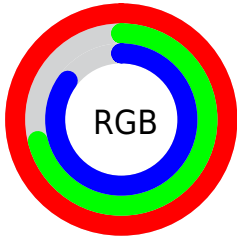
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 181, 217
Decimal	16758233
CIE Lab	81.47, 32.04, -7.31
CIE LCh	81, 32.865, 347.144
Yxy	59.3175, 0.3463, 0.2922
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294948313 (0xFFFFB5D9)
YUV	207.2300, 4.8166, 41.8943
Hunter-Lab	77.0179, 28.1219, -2.5851

Details

The RGB color **255, 181, 217** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **181, 255, 219**, and the grayscale version is **207, 207, 207**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 237, 255**, and **197, 127, 162** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 156, 204**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 207, 230**.

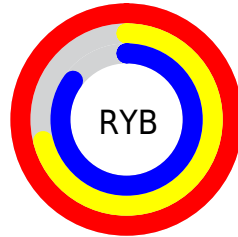
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (71%)

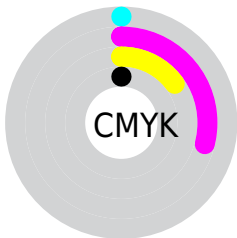
Blue (85%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (85%)

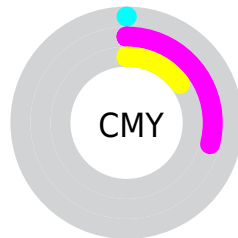


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (15%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)


Magenta (29%)

Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 255, 181, 217 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 255, 181, 217 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 255, 181, 217

255, 255, 255

 255, 237, 255

 255, 181, 217

 226, 154, 189

 197, 127, 162

 169, 102, 136

 142, 77, 111

 116, 52, 86

 90, 28, 63

 65, 2, 41

 43, 0, 21

 0, 0, 0

■ 255, 181, 217

■ 255, 181, 217

■ 255, 156, 204

■ 255, 207, 230

■ 255, 130, 191

■ 255, 232, 243

■ 255, 105, 178

255, 255, 255

■ 255, 79, 165

■ 255, 54, 152

■ 255, 28, 138

■ 255, 3, 125

■ 255, 0, 124

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



228, 189, 245



255, 181, 217



255, 180, 186

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 181, 217



206, 206, 143



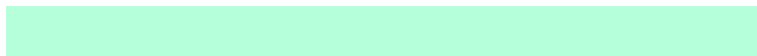
111, 216, 247

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 181, 217



181, 255, 219

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



109, 219, 219



255, 181, 217



171, 214, 160

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 181, 217



236, 196, 143



136, 219, 188



144, 209, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 181, 217



255, 183, 167



136, 219, 188



106, 218, 239

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 181, 217



255, 232, 243



218, 181, 255



128, 113, 120



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 181, 217



255, 166, 209



255, 181, 181



128, 115, 121



191, 0, 93



64, 0, 31

Inverse Universe

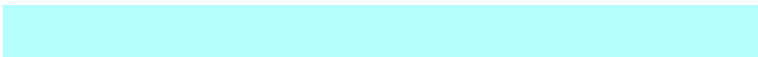
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 181, 217



255, 166, 209



181, 255, 255



128, 115, 121



191, 0, 93



64, 0, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 181, 217 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

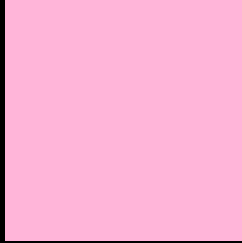
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 181, 217 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 255, 181, 217 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 181, 217.

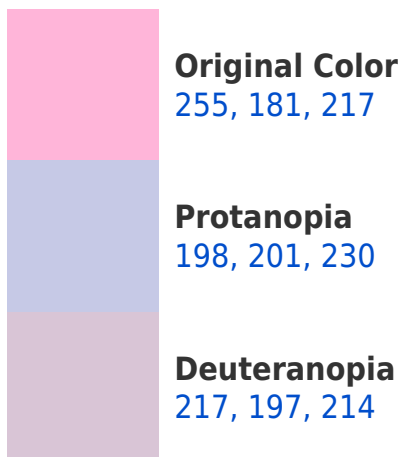



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 181, 217.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
253, 184, 198

Trichromacy



Original Color

255, 181, 217



Protanomaly

219, 194, 225



Deuteranomaly

231, 191, 215



Tritanomaly

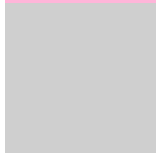
254, 183, 205

Monochromacy



Original Color

255, 181, 217



Achromatopsia

207, 207, 207



Achromatomaly

224, 198, 211

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 255, 181, 217 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(255, 181, 217) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 181, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 181, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 181, 217) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 255, 181, 217 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 181, 217) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 181, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 181, 217)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 181, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 181, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 181,  
217) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 181, 217 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 181, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
181, 217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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