

Converting Colors

RGB(255, 183, 227)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(255, 183, 227) contains.

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Color

RGB(255, 183, 227)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFB7E3
RGB	255, 183, 227
RGB Percent	100%, 72%, 89%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2824, 0.1098
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.11, 0.00
HSL	323°, 100%, 86%
HSV	323°, 28%, 100%
XYZ	72.0386, 60.6730, 80.5873
YIQ	209.5440, 28.7880, 28.9480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

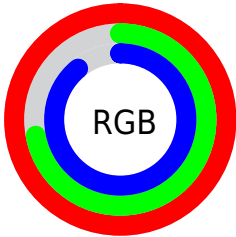
Format	Color
R_{YB}	255, 183, 227
Decimal	16758755
CIE _{Lab}	82.20, 32.59, -11.60
CIE _{LCh}	82, 34.589, 340.412
Yxy	60.6730, 0.3377, 0.2845
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294948835 (0xFFFFB7E3)
YUV	209.5440, 8.6058, 39.8649
Hunter-Lab	77.8929, 28.7717, -6.8159

Details

The RGB color **255, 183, 227** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **183, 255, 211**, and the grayscale version is **209, 209, 209**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 240, 255**, and **197, 129, 172** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 158, 217**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 209, 237**.

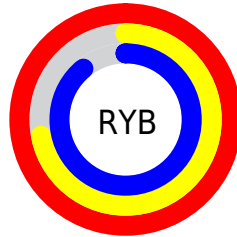
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (72%)

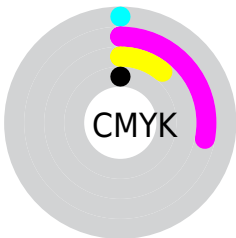
Blue (89%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (72%)

Blue (89%)

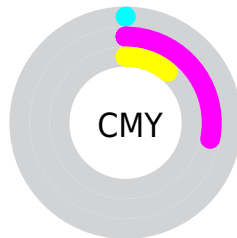


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 255, 183, 227 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 255, 183, 227 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 255, 183, 227


 255, 183, 227

255, 255, 255

 226, 156, 199

 255, 240, 255

 197, 129, 172

 170, 103, 145

 142, 78, 119

 116, 54, 95

 90, 30, 71

 65, 4, 48

 43, 0, 28

 0, 0, 0

■ 255, 183, 227

■ 255, 183, 227

■ 255, 158, 217

■ 255, 209, 237

■ 255, 132, 207

■ 255, 234, 247

■ 255, 106, 197

255, 255, 255

■ 255, 81, 187

■ 255, 56, 177

■ 255, 30, 167

■ 255, 5, 158

■ 255, 0, 156

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



223, 192, 254



255, 183, 227



255, 180, 194

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 183, 227



216, 206, 140



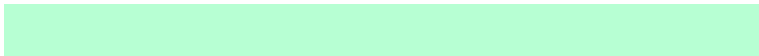
101, 220, 245

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 183, 227



183, 255, 211

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



109, 222, 215



255, 183, 227



180, 215, 154

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 183, 227



246, 195, 144



142, 221, 182



131, 214, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 183, 227



255, 183, 173



142, 221, 182



99, 221, 236

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 183, 227



255, 235, 247



211, 183, 255



128, 115, 123



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 183, 227



255, 168, 221



255, 183, 191



128, 115, 123



191, 0, 117



64, 0, 39

Inverse Universe

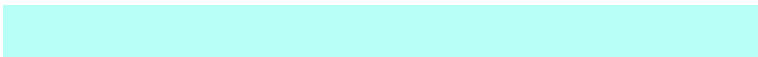
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 183, 227



255, 168, 221



183, 255, 247



128, 115, 123



191, 0, 117



64, 0, 39

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 183, 227 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

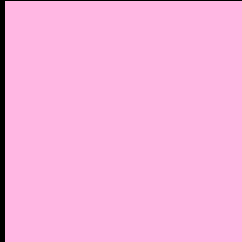
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 183, 227 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 255, 183, 227 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 183, 227.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 183, 227.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
255, 183, 227

Protanopia
198, 203, 240

Deuteranopia
216, 199, 224



Tritanopia
252, 187, 202

Trichromacy



Original Color

255, 183, 227



Protanomaly

219, 196, 235



Deuteranomaly

230, 193, 225



Tritanomaly

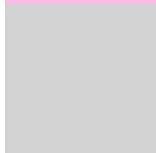
253, 186, 211

Monochromacy



Original Color

255, 183, 227



Achromatopsia

210, 210, 210



Achromatomaly

226, 200, 216

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 255, 183, 227 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 183, 227)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 183, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 183, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 183, 227) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 255, 183, 227 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 183, 227) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 183, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 183, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 183, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 183, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 183,  
227) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 183, 227 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 183, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
183, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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