

Converting Colors

RGB(255, 186, 136)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(255, 186, 136) contains.

RGB(255, 186, 136)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(255, 186, 136)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFBA88
RGB	255, 186, 136
RGB Percent	100%, 73%, 53%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2706, 0.4667
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.47, 0.00
HSL	25°, 100%, 77%
HSV	25°, 47%, 100%
XYZ	63.2428, 58.1554, 31.1844
YIQ	200.9310, 57.1740, -0.9220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

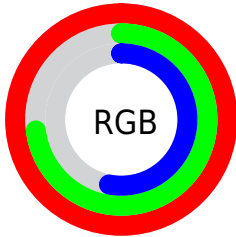
Format	Color
RYB	255, 222, 136
Decimal	16759432
CIELab	80.83, 19.16, 35.11
CIELCh	81, 39.996, 61.376
Yxy	58.1554, 0.4145, 0.3811
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294949512 (0xFFFFBA88)
YUV	200.9310, -32.0110, 47.4185
Hunter-Lab	76.2597, 14.5772, 29.1367

Details

The RGB color **255, 186, 136** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **136, 205, 255**, and the grayscale version is **201, 201, 201**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 242, 190**, and **196, 133, 85** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 171, 111**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 201, 162**.

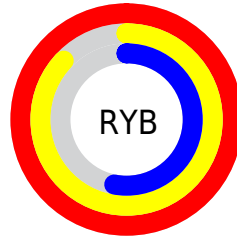
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (73%)

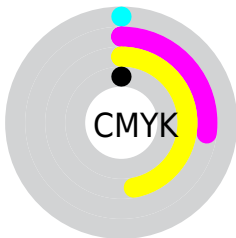
Blue (53%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (87%)

Blue (53%)

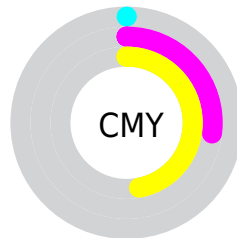


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (47%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 255, 186, 136 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 255, 186, 136 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 255, 186, 136

 255, 186, 136

255, 255, 255

 225, 159, 110

 255, 242, 190


 196, 133, 85

 255, 255, 218

 167, 107, 61

 255, 255, 246

 139, 83, 38

 111, 59, 15

 84, 37, 0

 57, 16, 0

 35, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 255, 186, 136

■ 255, 186, 136

■ 255, 171, 111

■ 255, 201, 162

■ 255, 156, 85

■ 255, 216, 187

■ 255, 142, 60

■ 255, 230, 213

■ 255, 127, 34

■ 255, 245, 238

■ 255, 112, 9

255, 255, 255

■ 255, 107, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 175, 164



255, 186, 136



224, 199, 125

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 186, 136



93, 221, 201



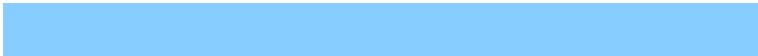
207, 190, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



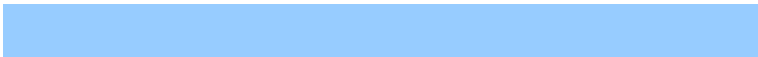
255, 186, 136



136, 205, 255

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



151, 204, 255



255, 186, 136



59, 220, 238

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 186, 136



140, 218, 164



90, 214, 255



249, 178, 237

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 186, 136



199, 207, 130



90, 214, 255



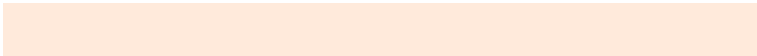
190, 195, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 186, 136



255, 234, 219



255, 136, 205



128, 115, 106



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 186, 136



255, 172, 112



255, 245, 136



128, 120, 115



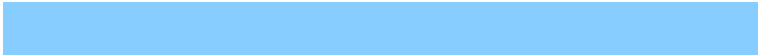
191, 80, 0



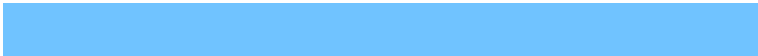
64, 27, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



136, 205, 255



112, 195, 255



136, 146, 255



115, 122, 128



0, 111, 191



0, 37, 64

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 186, 136 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

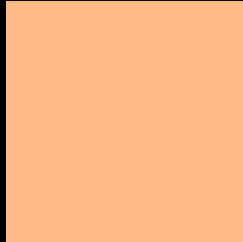
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 186, 136 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

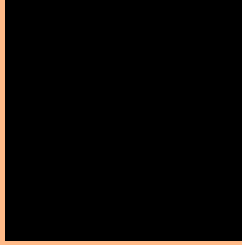
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 255, 186, 136 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 186, 136.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 186, 136.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
255, 181, 193

Trichromacy



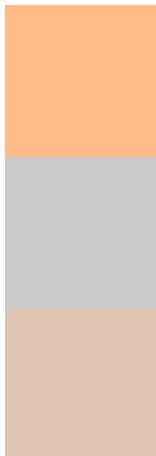
Original Color
255, 186, 136

Protanomaly
231, 196, 140

Deuteranomaly
246, 190, 135

Tritanomaly
255, 183, 172

Monochromacy



Original Color
255, 186, 136

Achromatopsia
201, 201, 201

Achromatomaly
221, 196, 177

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 255, 186, 136 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 186, 136)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 186, 136)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 186, 136) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 186, 136) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 255, 186, 136 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 186, 136) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 186, 136) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 186, 136)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 186, 136); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 186, 136);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 186,  
136) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 186, 136 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 186, 136) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
186, 136) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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