

Converting Colors

RGB(255, 186, 230)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(255, 186, 230) contains.

RGB(255, 186, 230)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(255, 186, 230)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFBAE6
RGB	255, 186, 230
RGB Percent	100%, 73%, 90%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2706, 0.0980
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.10, 0.00
HSL	322°, 100%, 86%
HSV	322°, 27%, 100%
XYZ	73.0818, 62.0910, 82.9958
YIQ	211.6470, 27.0000, 28.3120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

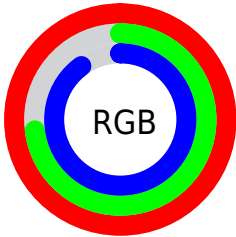
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 186, 230
Decimal	16759526
CIE Lab	82.96, 31.51, -12.07
CIE LCh	83, 33.739, 339.034
Yxy	62.0910, 0.3350, 0.2846
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294949606 (0xFFFFBAE6)
YUV	211.6470, 9.0480, 38.0206
Hunter-Lab	78.7978, 27.6554, -7.2902

Details

The RGB color **255, 186, 230** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **186, 255, 211**, and the grayscale version is **212, 212, 212**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 243, 255**, and **197, 132, 174** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 161, 221**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 211, 239**.

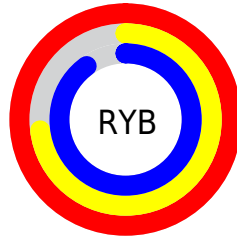
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (73%)

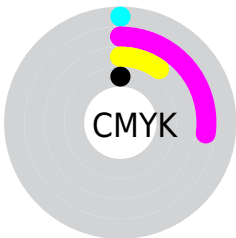
Blue (90%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (73%)

Blue (90%)

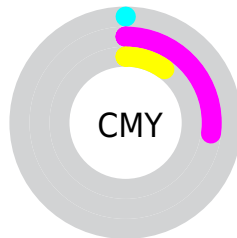


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)


Magenta (27%)

Yellow (10%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 255, 186, 230 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 255, 186, 230 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 255, 186, 230


 255, 186, 230

255, 255, 255

 226, 159, 202


 255, 243, 255

 197, 132, 174

 170, 106, 148

 143, 81, 122

 116, 57, 97

 91, 33, 73

 66, 8, 51

 43, 0, 30

 3, 0, 0

■ 255, 186, 230

■ 255, 186, 230

■ 255, 161, 221

■ 255, 211, 239

■ 255, 135, 212

■ 255, 237, 248

■ 255, 109, 202

255, 255, 255

■ 255, 84, 193

■ 255, 58, 184

■ 255, 33, 175

■ 255, 8, 165

■ 255, 0, 163

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



223, 195, 255



255, 186, 230



255, 183, 198

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 186, 230



219, 208, 144



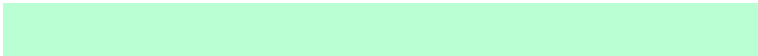
107, 222, 245

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 186, 230



186, 255, 211

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



116, 224, 215



255, 186, 230



184, 217, 157

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 186, 230



248, 197, 148



148, 222, 183



134, 216, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 186, 230



255, 185, 177



148, 222, 183



106, 223, 236

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 186, 230



255, 235, 248



210, 186, 255



128, 115, 123



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 186, 230



255, 173, 225



255, 186, 196



128, 115, 123



191, 0, 122



64, 0, 41

Inverse Universe

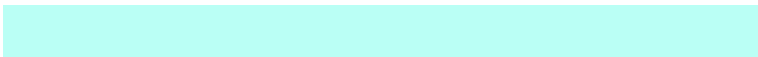
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 186, 230



255, 173, 225



186, 255, 245



128, 115, 123



191, 0, 122



64, 0, 41

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 186, 230 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

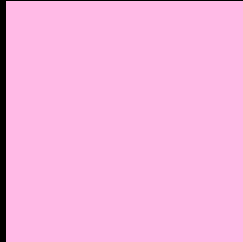
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 186, 230 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 255, 186, 230 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 186, 230.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 186, 230.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
255, 186, 230

Protanopia
200, 205, 242

Deuteranopia
218, 201, 227



Tritanopia
252, 190, 205

Trichromacy



Original Color

255, 186, 230



Protanomaly

220, 198, 238



Deuteranomaly

231, 196, 228



Tritanomaly

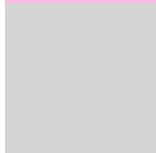
253, 189, 214

Monochromacy



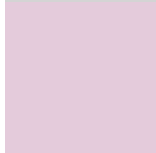
Original Color

255, 186, 230



Achromatopsia

212, 212, 212



Achromatomaly

228, 203, 219

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 255, 186, 230 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 186, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 186, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 186, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 186, 230) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 255, 186, 230 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 186, 230) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 186, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 186, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 186, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 186, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 186,  
230) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 186, 230 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 186, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
186, 230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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