

Converting Colors

RGB(255, 187, 154)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(255, 187, 154) contains.

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Color

RGB(255, 187, 154)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFBB9A
RGB	255, 187, 154
RGB Percent	100%, 73%, 60%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2667, 0.3961
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.40, 0.00
HSL	20°, 100%, 80%
HSV	20°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	64.8431, 59.1337, 38.5682
YIQ	203.5700, 51.1210, 4.1530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

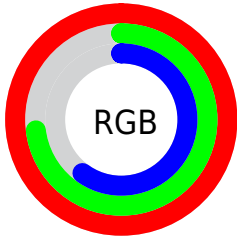
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 203, 154
Decimal	16759706
CIE Lab	81.37, 20.48, 26.36
CIE LCh	81, 33.384, 52.151
Yxy	59.1337, 0.3989, 0.3638
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294949786 (0xFFFFBB9A)
YUV	203.5700, -24.4380, 45.1041
Hunter-Lab	76.8985, 15.9442, 24.0922

Details

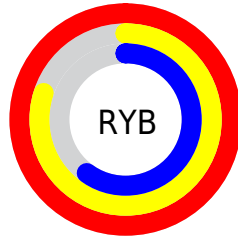
The RGB color **255, 187, 154** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **154, 222, 255**, and the grayscale version is **204, 204, 204**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 243, 209**, and **196, 134, 103** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 170, 129**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 204, 179**.

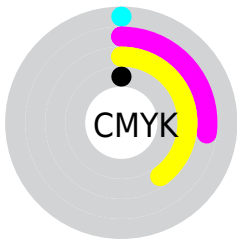
Distribution



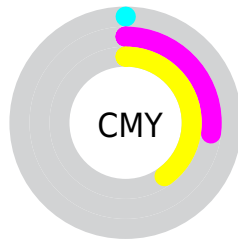
- Red (100%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 255, 187, 154 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 255, 187, 154 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 255, 187, 154

 255, 187, 154

255, 255, 255

 225, 160, 128

 255, 243, 209

 196, 134, 103

 255, 255, 237

 168, 108, 78

 140, 84, 55

 112, 60, 33

 86, 37, 11

 60, 16, 0

 37, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 255, 187, 154

■ 255, 187, 154

■ 255, 170, 129

■ 255, 204, 179

■ 255, 153, 103

■ 255, 221, 205

■ 255, 135, 78

■ 255, 239, 231

■ 255, 118, 52

255, 255, 255

■ 255, 101, 26

■ 255, 84, 1

■ 255, 83, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 180, 180



255, 187, 154



232, 197, 140

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 187, 154



129, 219, 193



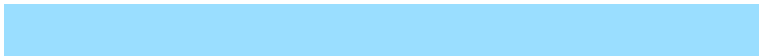
195, 197, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



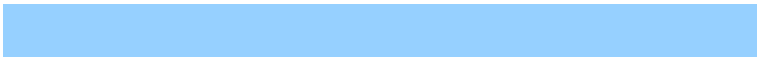
255, 187, 154



154, 222, 255

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



150, 208, 255



255, 187, 154



105, 219, 225

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 187, 154



164, 215, 163



112, 215, 251



234, 186, 241

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 187, 154



211, 204, 141



112, 215, 251



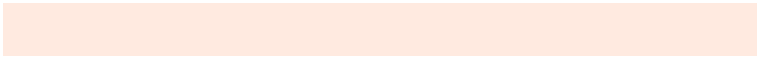
180, 201, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 187, 154



255, 234, 224



255, 154, 223



128, 115, 110



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 187, 154



255, 173, 133



255, 236, 154



128, 119, 115



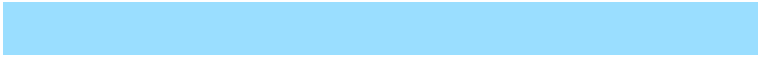
191, 62, 0



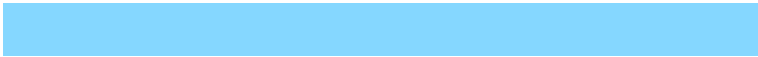
64, 21, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



154, 222, 255



133, 215, 255



154, 173, 255



115, 123, 128



0, 129, 191



0, 43, 64

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 187, 154 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

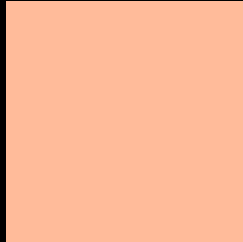
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 187, 154 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

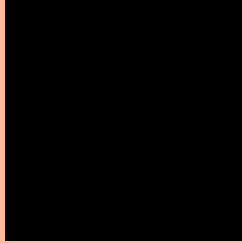
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 255, 187, 154 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 187, 154.

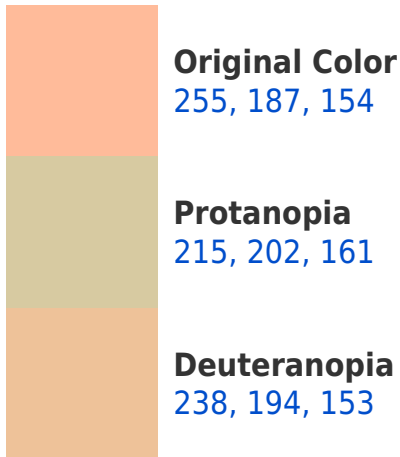



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 187, 154.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
255, 183, 196

Trichromacy



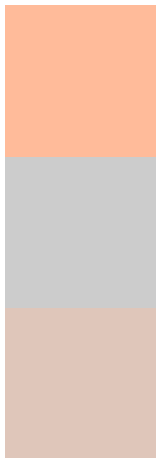
Original Color
255, 187, 154

Protanomaly
230, 197, 158

Deuteranomaly
244, 191, 153

Tritanomaly
255, 184, 181

Monochromacy



Original Color
255, 187, 154

Achromatopsia
204, 204, 204

Achromatomaly
223, 198, 186

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 255, 187, 154 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 187, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 187, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 187, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 187, 154) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 255, 187, 154 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

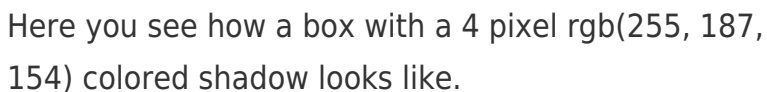
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 187, 154) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 187, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 187, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 187, 154); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 187, 154); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 187, 154) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 187, 154 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 187, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
187, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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