

Converting Colors

RGB(255, 194, 148)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(255, 194, 148) contains.

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Color

RGB(255, 194, 148)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFC294
RGB	255, 194, 148
RGB Percent	100%, 76%, 58%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2392, 0.4196
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.42, 0.00
HSL	26°, 100%, 79%
HSV	26°, 42%, 100%
XYZ	65.8771, 61.9817, 36.5085
YIQ	206.9950, 51.1220, -1.3740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

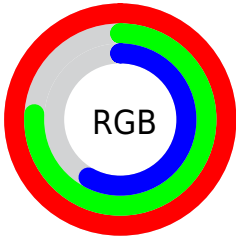
Format	Color
R_{YB}	255, 229, 148
Decimal	16761492
CIE _{Lab}	82.90, 16.18, 31.58
CIE _{LCh}	83, 35.483, 62.872
Yxy	61.9817, 0.4008, 0.3771
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294951572 (0xFFFFC294)
YUV	206.9950, -29.0845, 42.1004
Hunter-Lab	78.7285, 11.5875, 27.6155

Details

The RGB color **255, 194, 148** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **148, 209, 255**, and the grayscale version is **207, 207, 207**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 251, 202**, and **196, 140, 97** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 179, 123**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 209, 174**.

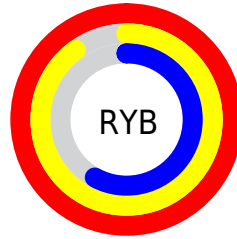
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (76%)

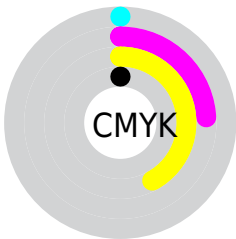
Blue (58%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (90%)

Blue (58%)

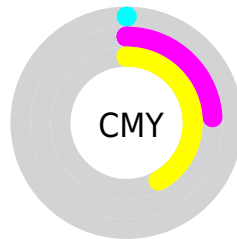


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (42%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 255, 194, 148 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 255, 194, 148 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 255, 194, 148

 255, 194, 148


255, 255, 255

 225, 167, 122

 255, 251, 202

 196, 140, 97

 255, 255, 231

 168, 115, 72

 140, 90, 49

 112, 66, 27

 86, 44, 3

 60, 23, 0

 36, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

255, 194, 148

255, 194, 148

255, 179, 123

255, 209, 174

255, 165, 97

255, 223, 199

255, 150, 72

255, 238, 225

255, 136, 46

255, 252, 250

255, 121, 21

255, 255, 255

255, 110, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 185, 172



255, 194, 148



227, 205, 140

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 194, 148



115, 225, 209



215, 197, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 194, 148



148, 209, 255

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



167, 208, 255



255, 194, 148



97, 224, 241

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 194, 148



152, 222, 175



120, 218, 255



252, 186, 237

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 194, 148



203, 212, 144



120, 218, 255



200, 201, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 194, 148



255, 236, 222



255, 148, 210



128, 116, 107



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 194, 148



255, 182, 128



255, 246, 148



128, 120, 115



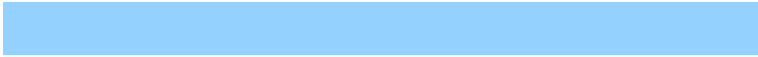
191, 82, 0



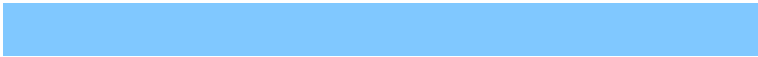
64, 27, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



148, 209, 255



128, 200, 255



148, 157, 255



115, 122, 128



0, 109, 191



0, 36, 64

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 194, 148 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

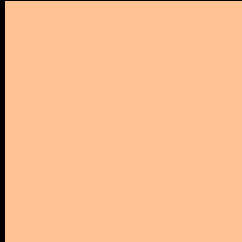
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 194, 148 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

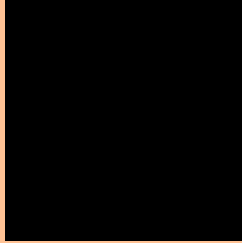
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 255, 194, 148 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 194, 148.

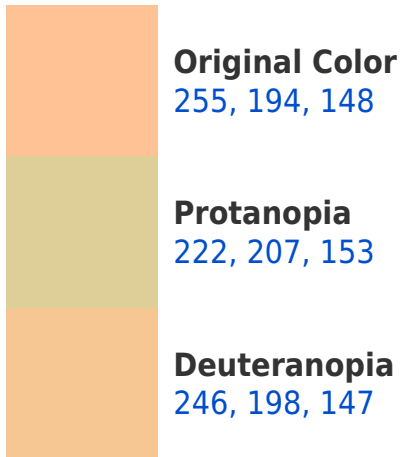



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 194, 148.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
255, 189, 202

Trichromacy



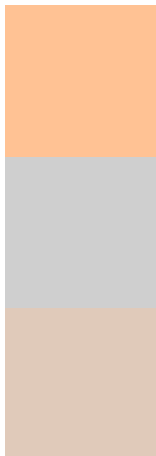
Original Color
255, 194, 148

Protanomaly
234, 202, 151

Deuteranomaly
249, 197, 147

Tritanomaly
255, 191, 182

Monochromacy



Original Color
255, 194, 148

Achromatopsia
207, 207, 207

Achromatomaly
224, 202, 186

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 255, 194, 148 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 194, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 194, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 194, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 194, 148) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 255, 194, 148 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 194, 148) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 194, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 194, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 194, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 194, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 194,  
148) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 194, 148 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 194, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
194, 148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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