

Converting Colors

RGB(255, 196, 176)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(255, 196, 176) contains.

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Color

RGB(255, 196, 176)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFC4B0
RGB	255, 196, 176
RGB Percent	100%, 77%, 69%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2314, 0.3098
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.31, 0.00
HSL	15°, 100%, 85%
HSV	15°, 31%, 100%
XYZ	68.8164, 63.8744, 49.7763
YIQ	211.3610, 41.5840, 6.2880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

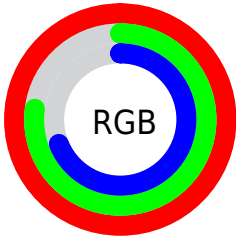
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 203, 176
Decimal	16762032
CIE Lab	83.90, 18.37, 18.17
CIE LCh	84, 25.839, 44.691
Yxy	63.8744, 0.3771, 0.3501
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294952112 (0xFFFFC4B0)
YUV	211.3610, -17.4330, 38.2714
Hunter-Lab	79.9215, 13.8348, 19.0184

Details

The RGB color **255, 196, 176** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **176, 235, 255**, and the grayscale version is **212, 212, 212**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 253, 232**, and **197, 142, 123** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 177, 150**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 215, 202**.

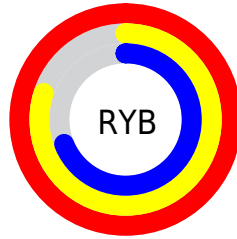
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (77%)

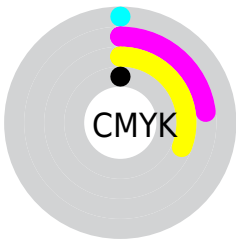
Blue (69%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (80%)

Blue (69%)

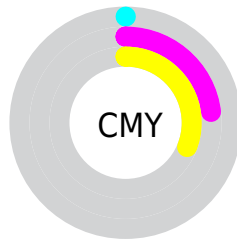


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (31%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 255, 196, 176 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 255, 196, 176 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 255, 196, 176

 255, 196, 176


255, 255, 255


 226, 169, 149

 255, 253, 232

 197, 142, 123

 169, 116, 98

 141, 92, 75

 115, 68, 52

 88, 45, 30

 63, 23, 7

 40, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 255, 196, 176

■ 255, 196, 176

■ 255, 177, 150

■ 255, 215, 202

■ 255, 158, 125

■ 255, 234, 227

■ 255, 139, 99

■ 255, 253, 253

■ 255, 120, 74

255, 255, 255

■ 255, 101, 49

■ 255, 82, 23

■ 255, 65, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 192, 198



255, 196, 176



239, 203, 163

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 196, 176



161, 222, 196



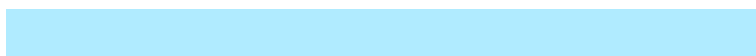
197, 207, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



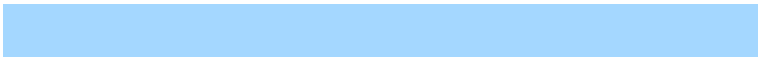
255, 196, 176



176, 235, 255

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



164, 215, 255



255, 196, 176



143, 223, 221

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 196, 176



187, 218, 174



143, 221, 243



228, 199, 244

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 196, 176



224, 209, 161



143, 221, 243



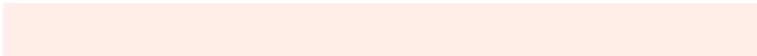
185, 210, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 196, 176



255, 238, 232



255, 176, 235



128, 117, 113



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 196, 176



255, 185, 161



255, 235, 176



128, 118, 115



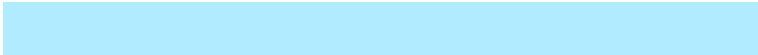
191, 48, 0



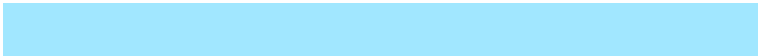
64, 16, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



176, 235, 255



161, 231, 255



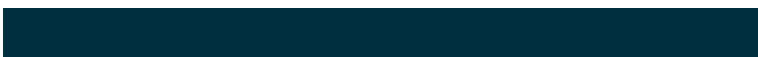
176, 196, 255



115, 124, 128



0, 143, 191



0, 48, 64

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 196, 176 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

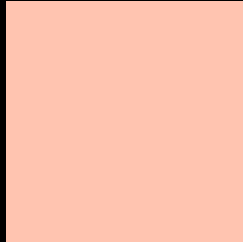
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 196, 176 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 255, 196, 176 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 196, 176.

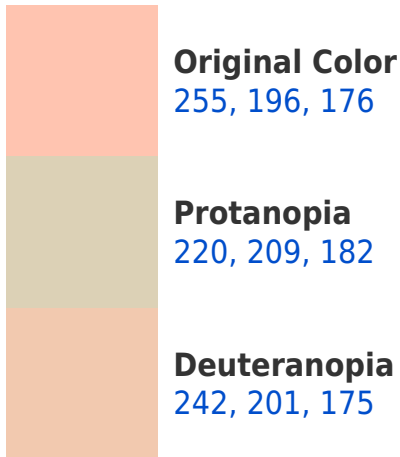



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 196, 176.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
255, 193, 207

Trichromacy



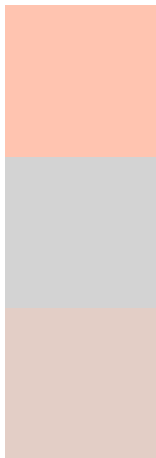
Original Color
255, 196, 176

Protanomaly
233, 204, 180

Deuteranomaly
247, 199, 175

Tritanomaly
255, 194, 196

Monochromacy



Original Color
255, 196, 176

Achromatopsia
211, 211, 211

Achromatomaly
227, 206, 198

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 255, 196, 176 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 196, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 196, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 196, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 196, 176) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 255, 196, 176 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 196, 176) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 196, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 196, 176)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 196, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 196, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 196,  
176) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 196, 176 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 196, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
196, 176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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