

Converting Colors

RGB(255, 199, 197)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(255, 199, 197) contains.

RGB(255, 199, 197)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(255, 199, 197)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFC7C5
RGB	255, 199, 197
RGB Percent	100%, 78%, 77%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2196, 0.2275
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.23, 0.00
HSL	2°, 100%, 89%
HSV	2°, 23%, 100%
XYZ	71.7415, 66.1381, 61.8081
YIQ	215.5160, 34.0180, 11.2500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

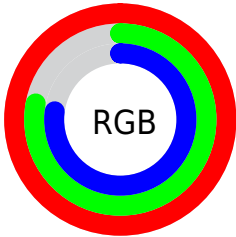
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 199, 197
Decimal	16762821
CIE Lab	85.07, 19.61, 8.65
CIE LCh	85, 21.439, 23.807
Yxy	66.1381, 0.3593, 0.3312
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294952901 (0xFFFFC7C5)
YUV	215.5160, -9.1284, 34.6275
Hunter-Lab	81.3253, 15.1452, 11.8667

Details

The RGB color **255, 199, 197** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **197, 253, 255**, and the grayscale version is **216, 216, 216**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 254**, and **197, 145, 143** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 174, 172**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 224, 223**.

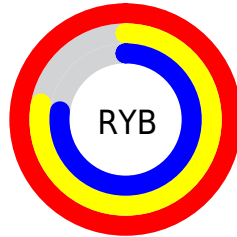
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (78%)

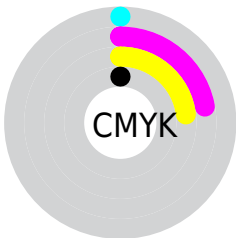
Blue (77%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (78%)

Blue (77%)

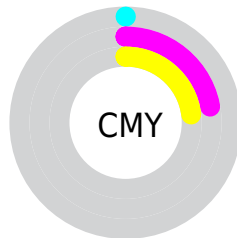


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (23%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 255, 199, 197 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 255, 199, 197 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 255, 199, 197


 255, 199, 197

255, 255, 255

 226, 172, 170

255, 255, 254

 197, 145, 143

 170, 119, 118

 142, 94, 93

 116, 70, 70

 90, 47, 47

 65, 25, 27

 43, 2, 0

 0, 0, 0

 255, 199, 197

 255, 199, 197

 255, 174, 172


 255, 224, 223

 255, 150, 146

 255, 248, 248

 255, 125, 121

255, 255, 255

 255, 101, 95

 255, 76, 69

 255, 51, 44

 255, 27, 18

 255, 9, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



251, 199, 217



255, 199, 197



248, 203, 181

Triad

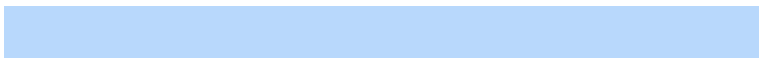
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 199, 197



188, 221, 188



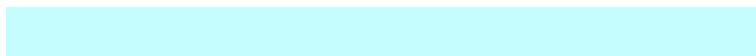
184, 216, 252

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 199, 197



197, 253, 255

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



164, 221, 244



255, 199, 197



168, 224, 207

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 199, 197



211, 216, 175



158, 224, 228



211, 209, 249

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 199, 197



239, 207, 174



158, 224, 228



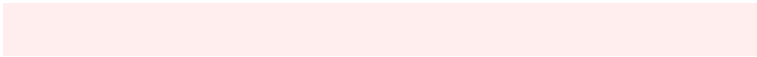
176, 218, 251

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 199, 197



255, 238, 237



255, 197, 253



128, 118, 117



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

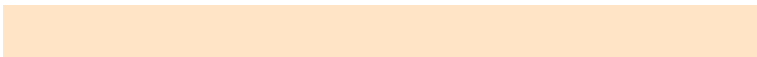
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 199, 197



255, 189, 186



255, 228, 197



128, 115, 115



191, 7, 0



64, 2, 0

Inverse Universe

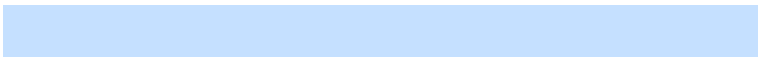
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



197, 253, 255



186, 253, 255



197, 224, 255



115, 127, 128



0, 185, 191



0, 62, 64

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 199, 197 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

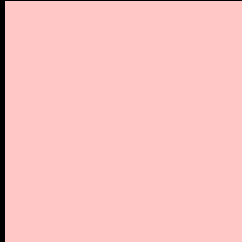
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 199, 197 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 255, 199, 197 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 199, 197.

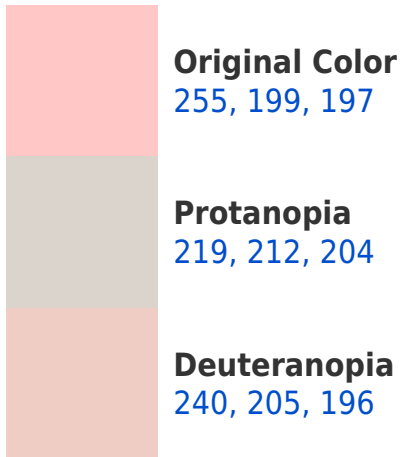


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 199, 197.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

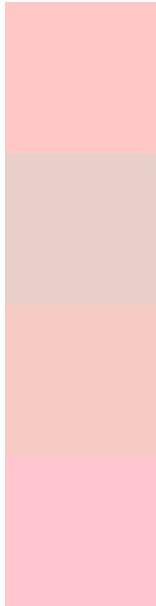
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
255, 197, 212

Trichromacy



Original Color
255, 199, 197

Protanomaly
232, 207, 201

Deuteranomaly
245, 203, 196

Tritanomaly
255, 198, 207

Monochromacy



Original Color
255, 199, 197

Achromatopsia
216, 216, 216

Achromatomaly
230, 210, 209

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 255, 199, 197 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 199, 197)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 199, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 199, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 199, 197) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 255, 199, 197 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 199, 197) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 199, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 199, 197)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 199, 197); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 199, 197);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 199,  
197) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 199, 197 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 199, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
199, 197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor