

Converting Colors

RGB(255, 1, 207)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(255, 1, 207) contains.

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Color

RGB(255, 1, 207)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF01CF
RGB	255, 1, 207
RGB Percent	100%, 0%, 81%
CMY	0.0000, 0.9961, 0.1882
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.19, 0.00
HSL	311°, 100%, 50%
HSV	311°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	52.5133, 25.7867, 61.2411
YIQ	100.4300, 85.2580, 117.9140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

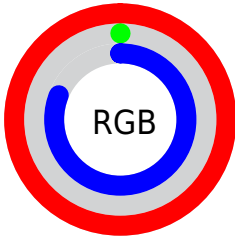
Format	Color
RYB	255, 1, 207
Decimal	16712143
CIELab	57.83, 92.03, -37.79
CIELCh	58, 99.487, 337.675
Yxy	25.7867, 0.3763, 0.1848
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294902223 (0xFFFF01CF)
YUV	100.4300, 52.5390, 135.5579
Hunter-Lab	50.7806, 95.7247, -35.9569

Details

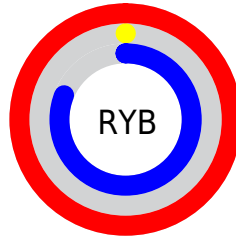
The RGB color **255, 1, 207** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF00CC**. The color can be described as light saturated magenta. A complement of this color would be **1, 255, 49**, and the grayscale version is **100, 100, 100**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 103, 255**, and **193, 0, 152** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 0, 207**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 26, 212**.

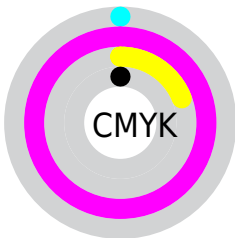
Distribution



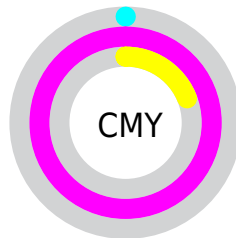
- Red (100%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 255, 1, 207 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 255, 1, 207 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 255, 1, 207

 255, 1, 207

255, 255, 255

 224, 0, 179

 255, 103, 255

 193, 0, 152

 255, 136, 255

 163, 0, 126

 255, 167, 255

 133, 0, 100

 255, 198, 255

 103, 0, 76

 255, 229, 255

 75, 0, 53

 44, 0, 30

 0, 0, 0

 255, 1, 207

 255, 1, 207

■ 255, 0, 207

■ 255, 26, 212

■ 255, 52, 217

■ 255, 78, 221

■ 255, 103, 226

■ 255, 129, 231

■ 255, 154, 236

■ 255, 179, 241

■ 255, 205, 246

■ 255, 231, 250

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



160, 102, 255



255, 1, 207



255, 0, 121

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 1, 207



149, 143, 0



0, 173, 245

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 1, 207



1, 255, 49

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 174, 160



255, 1, 207



34, 161, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 1, 207



220, 108, 0



0, 170, 67



0, 166, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 1, 207



255, 0, 65



0, 170, 67



0, 174, 218

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 1, 207



255, 179, 241



48, 1, 255



128, 82, 119



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 1, 207



255, 0, 207



255, 1, 81



128, 115, 125



191, 0, 155



64, 0, 52

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 1, 207



255, 0, 207



1, 255, 175



128, 115, 125



191, 0, 155



64, 0, 52

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 1, 207 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

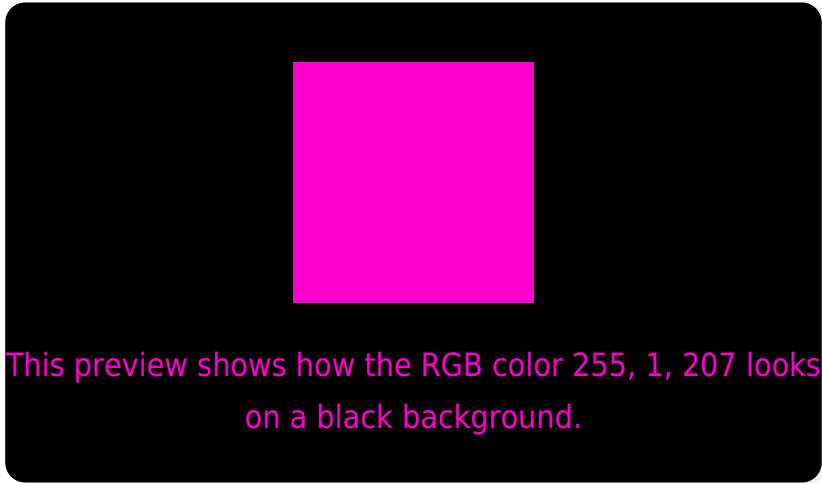
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 255, 1, 207 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 1, 207.

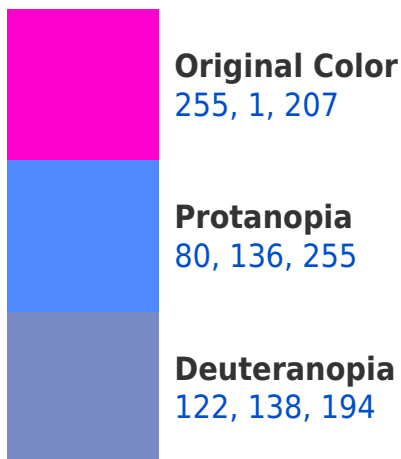


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 1, 207.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
245, 82, 86

Trichromacy



Original Color

255, 1, 207



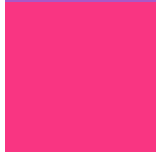
Protanomaly

144, 87, 238



Deuteranomaly

170, 88, 199



Tritanomaly

249, 53, 130

Monochromacy



Original Color

255, 1, 207



Achromatopsia

100, 100, 100



Achromatomaly

156, 64, 139

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 255, 1, 207 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 1, 207)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 1, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 1, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 1, 207) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 255, 1, 207 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 1, 207) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 1, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 1, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 1, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 1, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 1,  
207) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 1, 207 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 1, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 1,  
207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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