

Converting Colors

RGB(255, 200, 212)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(255, 200, 212) contains.

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Color

RGB(255, 200, 212)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFC8D4
RGB	255, 200, 212
RGB Percent	100%, 78%, 83%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2157, 0.1686
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.17, 0.00
HSL	347°, 100%, 89%
HSV	347°, 22%, 100%
XYZ	73.7779, 67.3220, 71.3933
YIQ	217.8130, 28.9280, 15.3920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

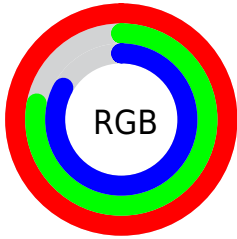
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 200, 212
Decimal	16763092
CIE Lab	85.67, 21.30, 1.54
CIE LCh	86, 21.353, 4.122
Yxy	67.3220, 0.3472, 0.3168
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294953172 (0xFFFFC8D4)
YUV	217.8130, -2.8658, 32.6130
Hunter-Lab	82.0500, 16.9166, 5.8456

Details

The RGB color **255, 200, 212** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **200, 255, 243**, and the grayscale version is **218, 218, 218**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **198, 146, 157** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 175, 192**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 226, 232**.

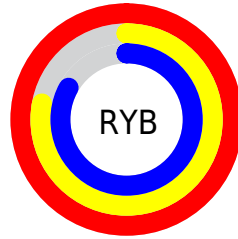
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (78%)

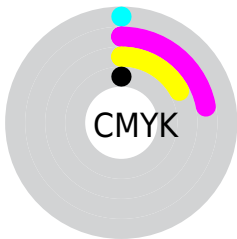
Blue (83%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (78%)

Blue (83%)

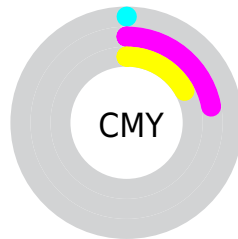


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (17%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 255, 200, 212 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 255, 200, 212 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 255, 200, 212


255, 255, 255

 255, 200, 212


 226, 173, 184

 198, 146, 157

 170, 120, 131

 143, 95, 106

 117, 71, 82

 91, 48, 59

 67, 26, 38

 43, 3, 17

 7, 0, 0

■ 255, 200, 212

■ 255, 200, 212

■ 255, 175, 192

■ 255, 226, 232

■ 255, 149, 172

■ 255, 251, 252

■ 255, 123, 152

255, 255, 255

■ 255, 98, 132

■ 255, 73, 112

■ 255, 47, 92

■ 255, 22, 72

■ 255, 0, 56

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



243, 202, 232



255, 200, 212



255, 202, 192

Triad

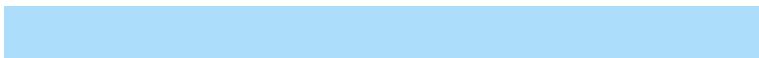
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 200, 212



205, 220, 180



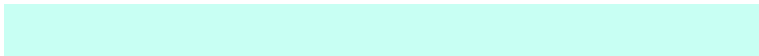
172, 221, 250

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 200, 212



200, 255, 243

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



160, 225, 236



255, 200, 212



182, 224, 196

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 200, 212



227, 214, 174



165, 226, 216



195, 215, 254

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 200, 212



250, 205, 182



165, 226, 216



166, 223, 246

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 200, 212



255, 240, 243



242, 200, 255



128, 119, 121



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

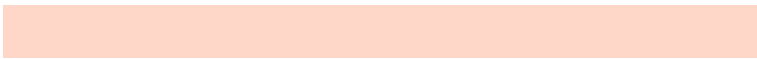
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 200, 212



255, 189, 203



255, 215, 200



128, 115, 118



191, 0, 42



64, 0, 14

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 200, 212



255, 189, 203



200, 240, 255



128, 115, 118



191, 0, 42



64, 0, 14

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 200, 212 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

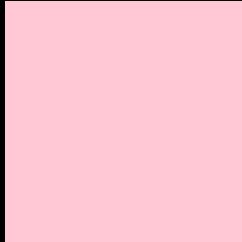
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 200, 212 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 255, 200, 212 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 200, 212.

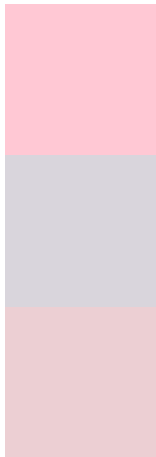


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 200, 212.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
255, 200, 212

Protanopia
217, 213, 220

Deuteranopia
236, 207, 211



Tritanopia
255, 200, 215

Trichromacy



Original Color

255, 200, 212

Protanomaly

231, 208, 217

Deuteranomaly

243, 204, 211

Tritanomaly

255, 200, 214

Monochromacy



Original Color

255, 200, 212

Achromatopsia

218, 218, 218

Achromatomaly

231, 211, 216

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 255, 200, 212 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 200, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 200, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 200, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 200, 212) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 255, 200, 212 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 200, 212) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 200, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 200, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 200, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 200, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 200,  
212) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 200, 212 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 200, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
200, 212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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