

Converting Colors

RGB(255, 208, 222)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(255, 208, 222) contains.

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Color

RGB(255, 208, 222)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFD0DE
RGB	255, 208, 222
RGB Percent	100%, 82%, 87%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1843, 0.1294
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.13, 0.00
HSL	342°, 100%, 91%
HSV	342°, 18%, 100%
XYZ	76.9807, 71.6457, 78.8789
YIQ	223.6490, 23.5180, 14.3180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

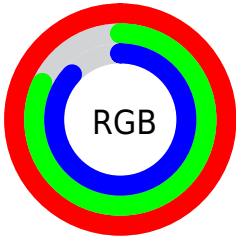
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 208, 222
Decimal	16765150
CIE Lab	87.80, 18.67, -0.66
CIE LCh	88, 18.678, 357.969
Yxy	71.6457, 0.3384, 0.3149
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294955230 (0xFFFFD0DE)
YUV	223.6490, -0.8130, 27.4948
Hunter-Lab	84.6438, 14.2132, 3.9987

Details

The RGB color **255, 208, 222** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **208, 255, 241**, and the grayscale version is **224, 224, 224**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **198, 153, 167** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 182, 204**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 234, 240**.

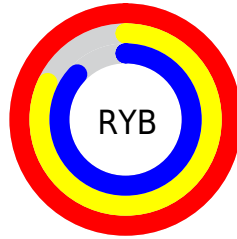
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (82%)

Blue (87%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (82%)

Blue (87%)

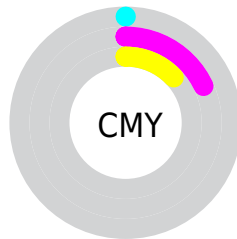


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 255, 208, 222 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 255, 208, 222 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 255, 208, 222

255, 255, 255

 255, 208, 222

 226, 180, 194


 198, 153, 167

 170, 127, 141

 143, 102, 115

 117, 78, 91

 92, 55, 67

 68, 33, 45

 45, 11, 24

 21, 0, 0

 255, 208, 222


 255, 208, 222

 255, 182, 204

 255, 234, 240

 255, 157, 186

255, 255, 255

 255, 132, 168

 255, 106, 150

 255, 81, 132

 255, 55, 115

 255, 29, 97

 255, 4, 79

 255, 0, 76

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



242, 211, 239



255, 208, 222



255, 209, 204

Triad

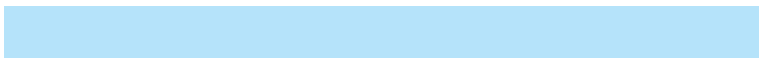
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 208, 222



216, 224, 189



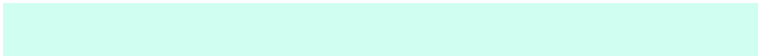
181, 227, 250

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 208, 222



208, 255, 241

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



174, 230, 236



255, 208, 222



196, 228, 201

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 208, 222



236, 218, 185



180, 231, 218



199, 222, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 208, 222



254, 211, 194



180, 231, 218



177, 228, 246

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 208, 222



255, 240, 244



241, 208, 255



128, 119, 121



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 208, 222



255, 199, 216



255, 217, 208



128, 115, 119



191, 0, 57



64, 0, 19

Inverse Universe

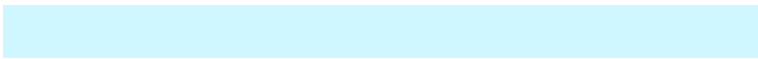
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 208, 222



255, 199, 216



208, 246, 255



128, 115, 119



191, 0, 57



64, 0, 19

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 208, 222 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

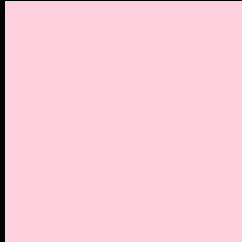
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 208, 222 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 255, 208, 222 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 208, 222.

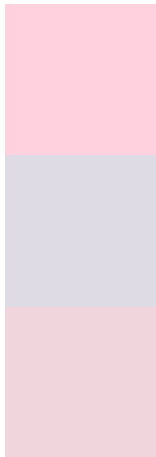


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 208, 222.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
255, 208, 222

Protanopia
222, 219, 229

Deuteranopia
241, 213, 221



Tritanopia
255, 208, 224

Trichromacy



Original Color
255, 208, 222

Protanomaly
234, 215, 226

Deuteranomaly
246, 211, 221

Tritanomaly
255, 208, 223

Monochromacy



Original Color
255, 208, 222

Achromatopsia
224, 224, 224

Achromatomaly
235, 218, 223

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 255, 208, 222 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 208, 222)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 208, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 208, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 208, 222) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 255, 208, 222 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 208, 222) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 208, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 208, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 208, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 208, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 208,  
222) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 208, 222 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 208, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
208, 222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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