

Converting Colors

RGB(255, 211, 253)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(255, 211, 253) contains.

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Color

RGB(255, 211, 253)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFD3FD
RGB	255, 211, 253
RGB Percent	100%, 83%, 99%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1725, 0.0078
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.01, 0.00
HSL	303°, 100%, 91%
HSV	303°, 17%, 100%
XYZ	82.2639, 74.9404, 103.0577
YIQ	228.9440, 12.7420, 22.3900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

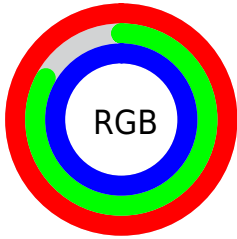
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 211, 253
Decimal	16765949
CIE _{Lab}	89.37, 22.34, -14.70
CIE _{LCh}	89, 26.742, 326.645
Y _{xy}	74.9404, 0.3161, 0.2879
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294956029 (0xFFFFD3FD)
Y _{UV}	228.9440, 11.8596, 22.8511
Hunter-Lab	86.5681, 18.1307, -9.9859

Details

The RGB color **255, 211, 253** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **211, 255, 213**, and the grayscale version is **229, 229, 229**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **198, 156, 196** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 185, 252**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 236, 254**.

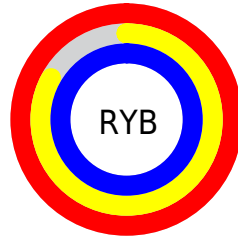
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (83%)

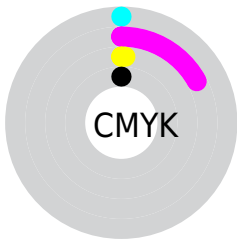
Blue (99%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (83%)

Blue (99%)

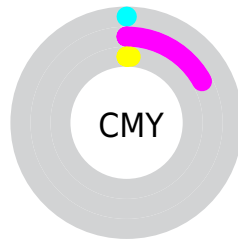


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (1%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 255, 211, 253 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 255, 211, 253 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 255, 211, 253


 255, 211, 253

255, 255, 255


 226, 183, 224


 198, 156, 196


 170, 130, 169

 144, 105, 143

 118, 80, 117

 93, 57, 92

 68, 34, 69

 45, 13, 46

 27, 0, 26

■ 255, 211, 253

■ 255, 211, 253

■ 255, 185, 252

■ 255, 236, 254

■ 255, 160, 251

255, 255, 255

■ 255, 134, 250

■ 255, 109, 248

■ 255, 83, 247

■ 255, 58, 246

■ 255, 32, 245

■ 255, 7, 244

■ 255, 0, 243

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



225, 219, 255



255, 211, 253



255, 207, 228

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 211, 253



247, 222, 174



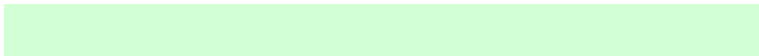
153, 239, 246

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 211, 253



211, 255, 213

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



165, 239, 221



255, 211, 253



219, 230, 179

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 211, 253



255, 214, 183



190, 236, 196



162, 235, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 211, 253



255, 207, 211



190, 236, 196



155, 239, 238

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 211, 253



255, 242, 254



212, 211, 255



128, 120, 127



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 211, 253



255, 201, 253



255, 211, 232



128, 115, 127



191, 0, 183



64, 0, 61

Inverse Universe

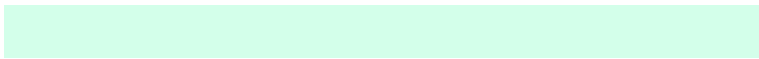
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 211, 253



255, 201, 253



211, 255, 234



128, 115, 127



191, 0, 183



64, 0, 61

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 211, 253 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

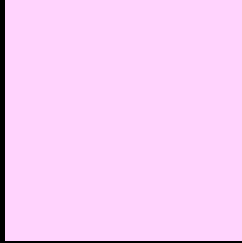
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 211, 253 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 255, 211, 253 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 211, 253.

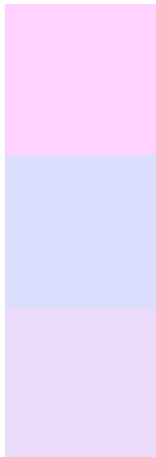


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 211, 253.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
255, 211, 253

Protanopia
219, 223, 255

Deuteranopia
234, 219, 251



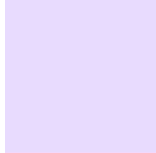
Tritanopia
252, 215, 231

Trichromacy



Original Color

255, 211, 253



Protanomaly

232, 219, 254



Deuteranomaly

242, 216, 252



Tritanomaly

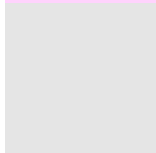
253, 214, 239

Monochromacy



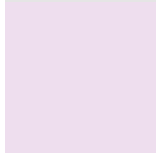
Original Color

255, 211, 253



Achromatopsia

229, 229, 229



Achromatomaly

238, 222, 238

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 255, 211, 253 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 211, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 211, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 211, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 211, 253) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 255, 211, 253 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 211, 253) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 211, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 211, 253)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 211, 253); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 211, 253);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 211,  
253) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 211, 253 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 211, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
211, 253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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