

Converting Colors

RGB(255, 212, 211)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(255, 212, 211) contains.

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Color

RGB(255, 212, 211)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFD4D3
RGB	255, 212, 211
RGB Percent	100%, 83%, 83%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1686, 0.1725
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.17, 0.00
HSL	1°, 100%, 91%
HSV	1°, 17%, 100%
XYZ	76.5414, 73.0501, 71.6939
YIQ	224.7430, 25.9490, 8.8050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

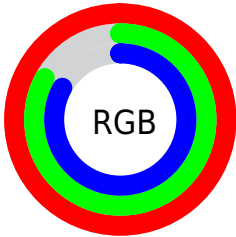
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 212, 211
Decimal	16766163
CIE Lab	88.47, 14.87, 6.13
CIE LCh	88, 16.086, 22.393
Yxy	73.0501, 0.3459, 0.3301
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294956243 (0xFFFFD4D3)
YUV	224.7430, -6.7753, 26.5354
Hunter-Lab	85.4694, 10.2828, 10.0946

Details

The RGB color **255, 212, 211** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **211, 254, 255**, and the grayscale version is **225, 225, 225**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **198, 157, 157** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 187, 185**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 237, 236**.

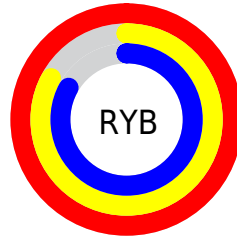
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (83%)

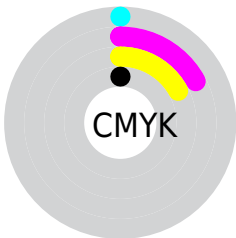
Blue (83%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (83%)

Blue (83%)

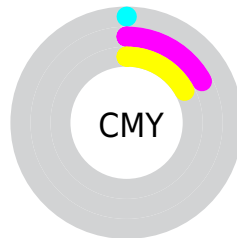


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (17%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 255, 212, 211 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 255, 212, 211 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 255, 212, 211

255, 255, 255

 255, 212, 211

 226, 184, 183


 198, 157, 157

 170, 131, 130

 143, 106, 105

 117, 82, 81

 92, 58, 58

 68, 36, 37

 44, 16, 16

 19, 0, 0

 255, 212, 211

 255, 212, 211

 255, 187, 185

 255, 237, 236

 255, 162, 160

255, 255, 255

 255, 137, 134

 255, 112, 109

 255, 87, 83

 255, 62, 58

 255, 38, 32

 255, 13, 7

 255, 6, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



251, 212, 227



255, 212, 211



250, 215, 198

Triad

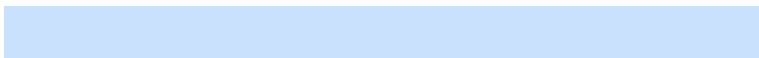
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 212, 211



204, 229, 203



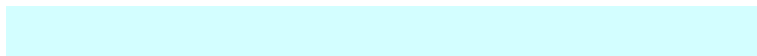
201, 225, 252

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 212, 211



211, 254, 255

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



187, 229, 246



255, 212, 211



190, 231, 217

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 212, 211



222, 225, 194



183, 231, 233



220, 219, 250

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



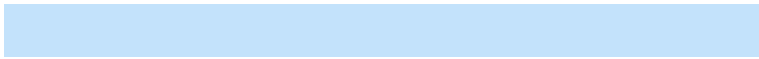
255, 212, 211



243, 218, 193



183, 231, 233



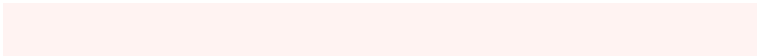
195, 226, 251

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 212, 211



255, 243, 242



255, 211, 254



128, 120, 120



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 212, 211



255, 203, 201



255, 234, 211



128, 115, 115



191, 4, 0



64, 1, 0

Inverse Universe

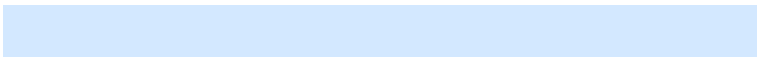
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



211, 254, 255



201, 254, 255



211, 232, 255



115, 127, 128



0, 187, 191



0, 62, 64

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 212, 211 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

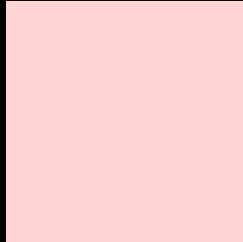
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 212, 211 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

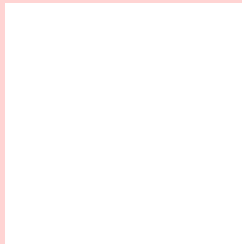
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 255, 212, 211 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 212, 211.

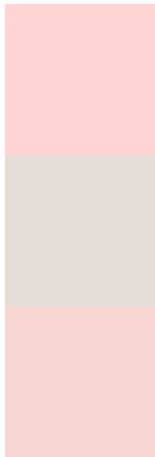


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 212, 211.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
255, 212, 211

Protanopia
228, 221, 216

Deuteranopia
248, 215, 210



Tritanopia
255, 210, 226

Trichromacy



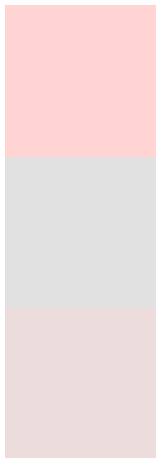
Original Color
255, 212, 211

Protanomaly
238, 218, 214

Deuteranomaly
251, 214, 210

Tritanomaly
255, 211, 221

Monochromacy



Original Color
255, 212, 211

Achromatopsia
225, 225, 225

Achromatomaly
236, 220, 220

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 255, 212, 211 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 212, 211)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 212, 211)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 212, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 212, 211) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 255, 212, 211 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 212, 211) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 212, 211) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 212, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 212, 211); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 212, 211);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 212,  
211) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 212, 211 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 212, 211) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
212, 211) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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