

Converting Colors

RGB(255, 215, 168)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(255, 215, 168) contains.

RGB(255, 215, 168)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(255, 215, 168)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFD7A8
RGB	255, 215, 168
RGB Percent	100%, 84%, 66%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1569, 0.3412
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.34, 0.00
HSL	32°, 100%, 83%
HSV	32°, 34%, 100%
XYZ	72.6083, 72.6880, 47.2491
YIQ	221.6020, 38.9270, -6.1370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

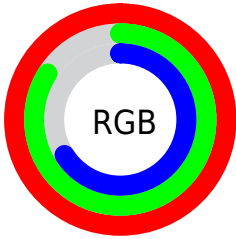
Format	Color
R _Y B	242, 255, 168
Decimal	16766888
CIE Lab	88.30, 7.51, 28.41
CIE LCh	88, 29.384, 75.192
Yxy	72.6880, 0.3771, 0.3775
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294956968 (0xFFFFD7A8)
YUV	221.6020, -26.4258, 29.2900
Hunter-Lab	85.2573, 2.8171, 26.8219

Details

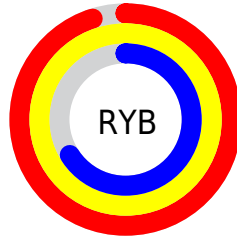
The RGB color **255, 215, 168** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **168, 208, 255**, and the grayscale version is **222, 222, 222**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 223**, and **197, 160, 116** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 203, 143**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 227, 194**.

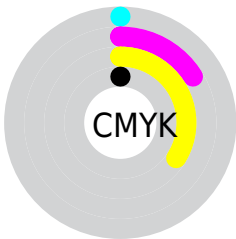
Distribution



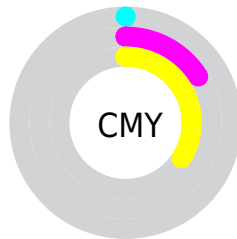
- Red (100%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (34%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 255, 215, 168 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 255, 215, 168 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 255, 215, 168

 255, 215, 168

255, 255, 255

 226, 187, 141


 255, 255, 223

 197, 160, 116

 255, 255, 252

 169, 134, 91

 142, 109, 67

 115, 85, 44

 89, 62, 22

 64, 40, 0

 39, 20, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 255, 215, 168

■ 255, 215, 168

■ 255, 203, 143

■ 255, 227, 194

■ 255, 192, 117

■ 255, 238, 219

■ 255, 180, 91

■ 255, 250, 245

■ 255, 168, 66

255, 255, 255

■ 255, 156, 40

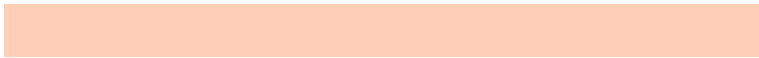
■ 255, 145, 15

■ 255, 138, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 206, 183



255, 215, 168



228, 224, 167

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 215, 168



143, 237, 235



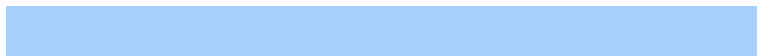
243, 210, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 215, 168



168, 208, 255

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



207, 219, 255



255, 215, 168



144, 235, 255

Square

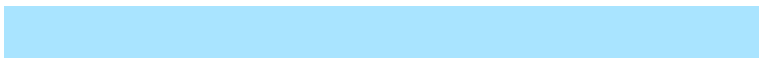
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 215, 168



165, 236, 206



169, 228, 255



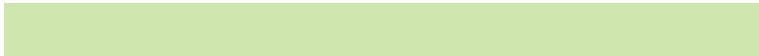
255, 203, 237

Rectangle

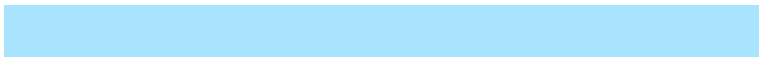
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 215, 168



207, 230, 175



169, 228, 255



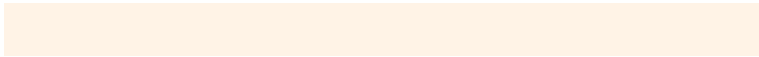
232, 213, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 215, 168



255, 243, 230



255, 168, 209



128, 120, 112



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 215, 168



255, 207, 150



252, 255, 168



128, 122, 115



191, 103, 0



64, 34, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



168, 208, 255



150, 199, 255



171, 168, 255



115, 121, 128



0, 88, 191



0, 29, 64

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 215, 168 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

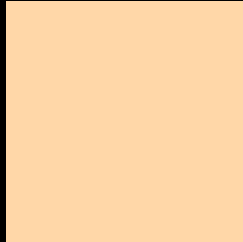
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 215, 168 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 255, 215, 168 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 215, 168.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 215, 168.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
255, 215, 168

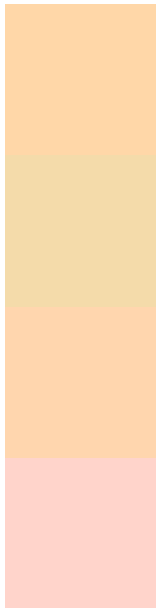
Protanopia
237, 221, 171

Deuteranopia
255, 214, 178



Tritanopia
255, 210, 223

Trichromacy



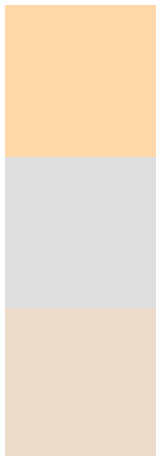
Original Color
255, 215, 168

Protanomaly
244, 219, 170

Deuteranomaly
255, 214, 174

Tritanomaly
255, 212, 203

Monochromacy



Original Color
255, 215, 168

Achromatopsia
222, 222, 222

Achromatomaly
234, 219, 202

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 255, 215, 168 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 215, 168)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 215, 168)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 215, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 215, 168) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 255, 215, 168 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 215, 168) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 215, 168) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 215, 168)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 215, 168); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 215, 168); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 215, 168) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 215, 168 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 215, 168) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
215, 168) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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