

Converting Colors

RGB(255, 220, 171)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(255, 220, 171) contains.

RGB(255, 220, 171)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(255, 220, 171)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFDCAB
RGB	255, 220, 171
RGB Percent	100%, 86%, 67%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1373, 0.3294
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.33, 0.00
HSL	35°, 100%, 84%
HSV	35°, 33%, 100%
XYZ	74.1839, 75.3867, 49.1692
YIQ	224.8790, 36.5890, -7.8190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

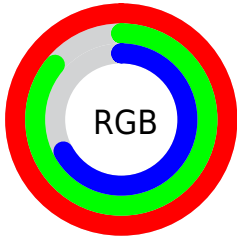
Format	Color
R _Y B	231, 255, 171
Decimal	16768171
CIE Lab	89.57, 5.30, 28.58
CIE LCh	90, 29.069, 79.502
Yxy	75.3867, 0.3733, 0.3793
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294958251 (0xFFFFDCAB)
YUV	224.8790, -26.5623, 26.4161
Hunter-Lab	86.8255, 0.5661, 27.2019

Details

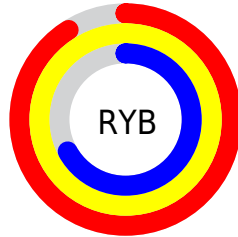
The RGB color **255, 220, 171** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **171, 206, 255**, and the grayscale version is **225, 225, 225**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 227**, and **197, 165, 118** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 209, 146**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 231, 196**.

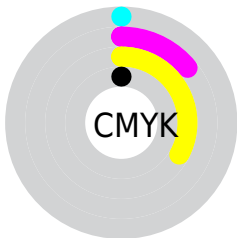
Distribution



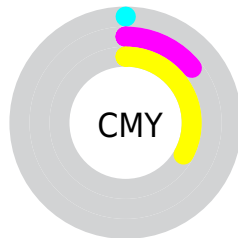
- Red (100%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 255, 220, 171 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 255, 220, 171 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 255, 220, 171

 255, 220, 171

255, 255, 255


 226, 192, 144

 255, 255, 227

 197, 165, 118

 169, 139, 93

 142, 113, 69

 115, 89, 46

 89, 66, 24

 65, 44, 0

 40, 23, 0

 9, 0, 0

■ 255, 220, 171

■ 255, 220, 171

■ 255, 209, 146

■ 255, 231, 196

■ 255, 199, 120

■ 255, 241, 222

■ 255, 188, 95

■ 255, 252, 248

■ 255, 178, 69

255, 255, 255

■ 255, 167, 44

■ 255, 156, 18

■ 255, 149, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 211, 184



255, 220, 171



227, 229, 173

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 220, 171



147, 241, 243



251, 212, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 220, 171



171, 206, 255

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



217, 221, 255



255, 220, 171



151, 237, 255

Square

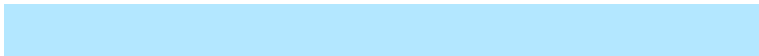
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 220, 171



165, 240, 214



179, 231, 255



255, 206, 236

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 220, 171



206, 234, 182



179, 231, 255



241, 215, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 220, 171



255, 244, 230



255, 171, 206



128, 121, 112



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

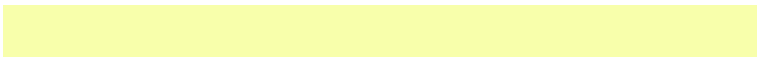
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 220, 171



255, 213, 153



248, 255, 171



128, 122, 115



191, 112, 0



64, 37, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



171, 206, 255



153, 196, 255



178, 171, 255



115, 120, 128



0, 80, 191



0, 27, 64

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 220, 171 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

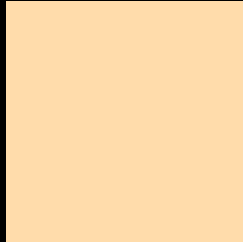
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 220, 171 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 255, 220, 171 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 220, 171.





This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 220, 171.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

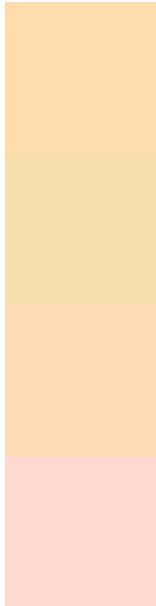
Dichromacy

	Original Color 255, 220, 171
	Protanopia 241, 225, 173
	Deuteranopia 255, 219, 188



Tritanopia
255, 215, 228

Trichromacy



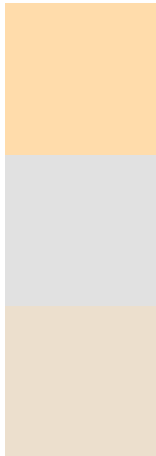
Original Color
255, 220, 171

Protanomaly
246, 223, 172

Deuteranomaly
255, 219, 182

Tritanomaly
255, 217, 207

Monochromacy



Original Color
255, 220, 171

Achromatopsia
225, 225, 225

Achromatomaly
236, 223, 205

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 255, 220, 171 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 220, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 220, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 220, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 220, 171) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 255, 220, 171 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 220, 171) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 220, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 220, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 220, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 220, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 220,  
171) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 220, 171 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 220, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
220, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor