

Converting Colors

RGB(255, 241, 222)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(255, 241, 222) contains.

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Color

RGB(255, 241, 222)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF1DE
RGB	255, 241, 222
RGB Percent	100%, 95%, 87%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0549, 0.1294
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.13, 0.00
HSL	35°, 100%, 94%
HSV	35°, 13%, 100%
XYZ	85.8801, 89.4445, 81.8454
YIQ	243.0200, 14.4430, -2.9410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	246, 255, 222
Decimal	16773598
CIE _{Lab}	95.77, 1.63, 10.85
CIE _{LCh}	96, 10.974, 81.459
Yxy	89.4445, 0.3339, 0.3478
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294963678 (0xFFFFF1DE)
YUV	243.0200, -10.3629, 10.5065
Hunter-Lab	94.5751, -3.4173, 14.8930

Details

The RGB color **255, 241, 222** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFF6E6. A complement of this color would be **222, 236, 255**, and the grayscale version is **243, 243, 243**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **198, 185, 167** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 230, 197**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 252, 248**.

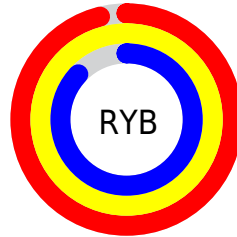
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (95%)

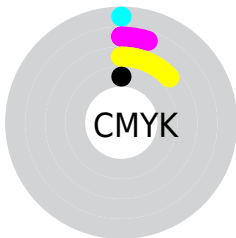
Blue (87%)



Red (96%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (87%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 255, 241, 222 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 255, 241, 222 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

255, 241, 222

255, 255, 255

255, 241, 222

226, 213, 194

198, 185, 167

171, 158, 141

144, 132, 115

118, 107, 90

93, 83, 67

70, 60, 45

47, 38, 24

27, 17, 0

255, 241, 222

255, 241, 222

255, 230, 197

255, 252, 248

255, 219, 171

255, 255, 255

255, 209, 146

255, 198, 120

255, 187, 95

255, 176, 69

255, 165, 44

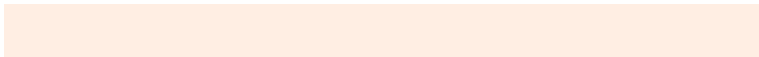
255, 154, 18

255, 147, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 238, 227



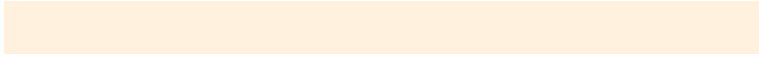
255, 241, 222



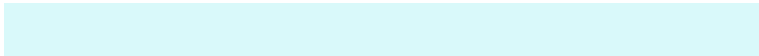
243, 244, 223

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 241, 222



217, 249, 250



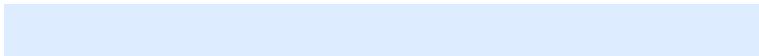
254, 238, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 241, 222



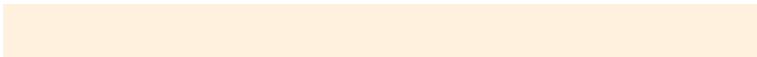
222, 236, 255

Split Complementary

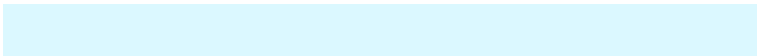
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



241, 241, 255



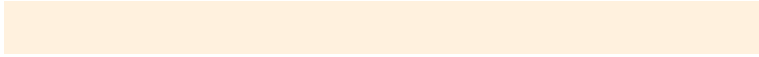
255, 241, 222



219, 248, 255

Square

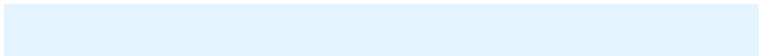
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 241, 222



221, 249, 239



229, 245, 255



255, 236, 246

Rectangle

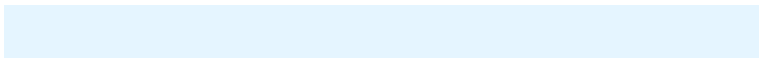
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 241, 222



235, 247, 227



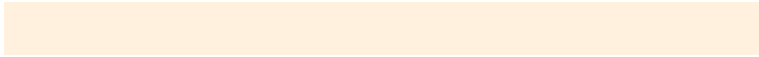
229, 245, 255



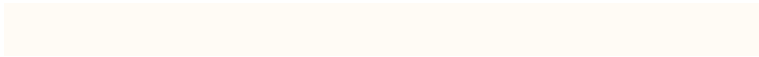
250, 239, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 241, 222



255, 251, 245



255, 222, 236



128, 125, 121



0, 0, 0



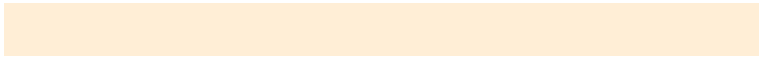
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 241, 222



255, 238, 214



253, 255, 222



128, 122, 115



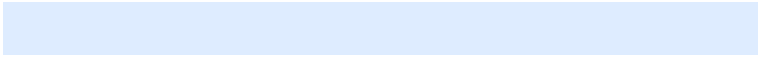
191, 110, 0



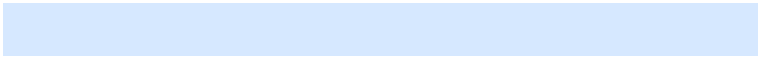
64, 37, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



222, 236, 255



214, 232, 255



224, 222, 255



115, 120, 128



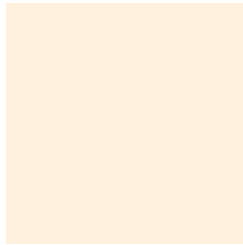
0, 81, 191



0, 27, 64

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 241, 222 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 241, 222 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

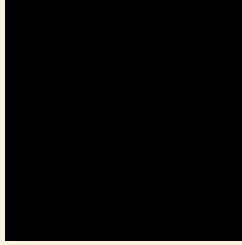
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 255, 241, 222 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 241, 222.

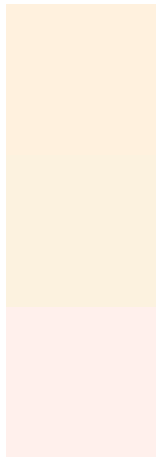


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 241, 222.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
255, 241, 222

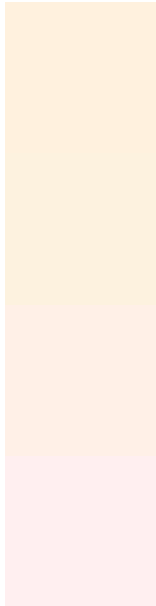
Protanopia
252, 242, 223

Deuteranopia
255, 240, 236



Tritanopia
255, 238, 251

Trichromacy



Original Color

255, 241, 222

Protanomaly

253, 242, 223

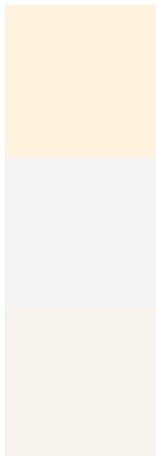
Deuteranomaly

255, 240, 231

Tritanomaly

255, 239, 240

Monochromacy



Original Color

255, 241, 222

Achromatopsia

243, 243, 243

Achromatomaly

247, 242, 235

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 255, 241, 222 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 241, 222)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 241, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 241, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 241, 222) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 255, 241, 222 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 241, 222) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 241, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 241, 222)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 241, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 241, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 241,  
222) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 241, 222 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 241, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
241, 222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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