

Converting Colors

RGB(255, 248, 162)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(255, 248, 162) contains.

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Color

RGB(255, 248, 162)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF8A2
RGB	255, 248, 162
RGB Percent	100%, 97%, 64%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0275, 0.3647
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.36, 0.00
HSL	55°, 100%, 82%
HSV	55°, 36%, 100%
XYZ	81.3290, 91.0034, 47.4613
YIQ	240.2890, 31.7780, -25.2620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

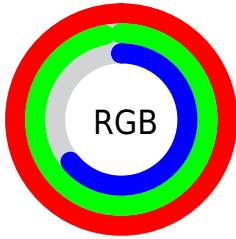
Format	Color
RYB	170, 255, 162
Decimal	16775330
CIELab	96.41, -9.85, 42.17
CIELCh	96, 43.304, 103.144
Yxy	91.0034, 0.3700, 0.4140
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294965410 (0xFFFFF8A2)
YUV	240.2890, -38.5965, 12.9015
Hunter-Lab	95.3957, -14.7635, 37.2790

Details

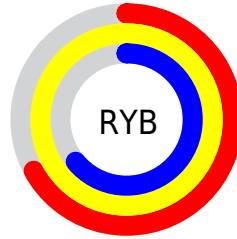
The RGB color **255, 248, 162** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF99**. A complement of this color would be **162, 169, 255**, and the grayscale version is **241, 241, 241**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 218**, and **197, 192, 109** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 246, 136**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 250, 187**.

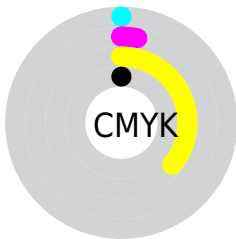
Distribution



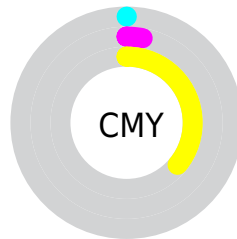
- Red (100%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 255, 248, 162 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 255, 248, 162 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 255, 248, 162

255, 255, 255

 255, 255, 218


 255, 255, 247

 255, 248, 162

 226, 220, 135

 197, 192, 109

 169, 165, 84

 141, 138, 59

 115, 113, 34

 89, 89, 5

 64, 65, 0

 39, 44, 0

 10, 24, 0

 255, 248, 162


 255, 248, 162

 255, 246, 136


 255, 250, 187

 255, 244, 111


 255, 252, 213

 255, 242, 86

 255, 254, 239

 255, 240, 60

255, 255, 255

 255, 238, 34

 255, 236, 9

 255, 236, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

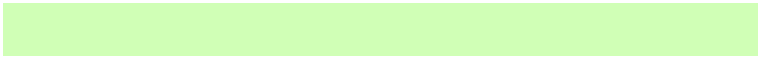
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 234, 165



255, 248, 162



208, 255, 182

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 248, 162



102, 255, 255



255, 216, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 248, 162



162, 169, 255

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 227, 255



255, 248, 162



151, 255, 255

Square

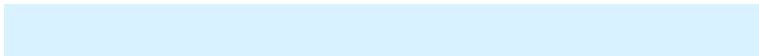
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 248, 162



112, 255, 255



216, 242, 255



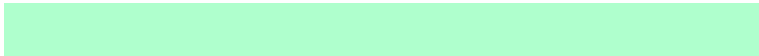
255, 213, 227

Rectangle

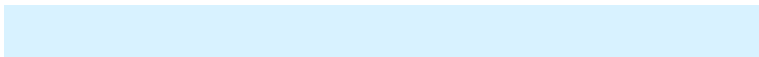
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 248, 162



175, 255, 205



216, 242, 255



255, 219, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 248, 162



255, 253, 227



255, 162, 170



128, 126, 111



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

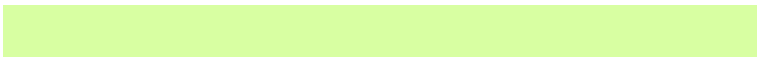
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 248, 162



255, 247, 143



216, 255, 162



128, 127, 115



191, 177, 0



64, 59, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



162, 169, 255



143, 151, 255



201, 162, 255



115, 116, 128



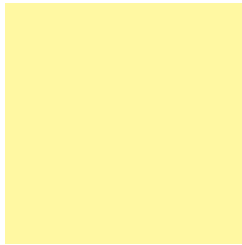
0, 14, 191



0, 5, 64

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 248, 162 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

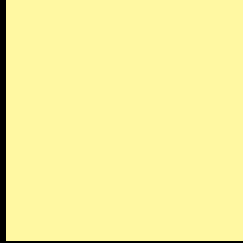
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 248, 162 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

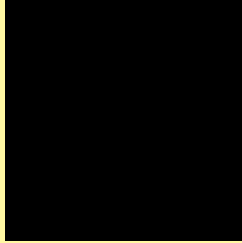
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 255, 248, 162 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 248, 162.

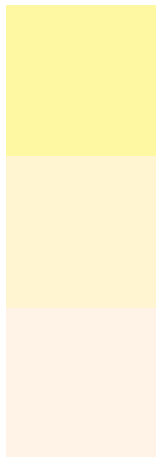


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 248, 162.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
255, 248, 162

Protanopia
255, 245, 209

Deuteranopia
255, 243, 232



Tritanopia

255, 241, 250

Trichromacy



Original Color

255, 248, 162



Protanomaly

255, 246, 192



Deuteranomaly

255, 245, 207



Tritanomaly

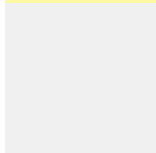
255, 244, 218

Monochromacy



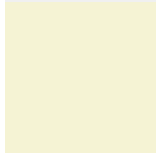
Original Color

255, 248, 162



Achromatopsia

240, 240, 240



Achromatomaly

245, 243, 212

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 255, 248, 162 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(255, 248, 162) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 248, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 248, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 248, 162) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 255, 248, 162 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 248, 162) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 248, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 248, 162)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 248, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 248, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 248,  
162) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 248, 162 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 248, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
248, 162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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