

Converting Colors

RGB(255, 250, 215)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(255, 250, 215) contains.

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Color

RGB(255, 250, 215)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFAD7
RGB	255, 250, 215
RGB Percent	100%, 98%, 84%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0196, 0.1569
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.16, 0.00
HSL	52°, 100%, 92%
HSV	52°, 16%, 100%
XYZ	87.6913, 94.5375, 77.9157
YIQ	247.5050, 14.2150, -9.8250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

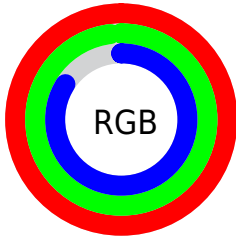
Format	Color
R_{YB}	221, 255, 215
Decimal	16775895
CIE _{Lab}	97.85, -3.97, 17.40
CIE _{LCh}	98, 17.848, 102.855
Yxy	94.5375, 0.3371, 0.3634
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294965975 (0xFFFFFAD7)
YUV	247.5050, -16.0250, 6.5731
Hunter-Lab	97.2304, -9.1654, 20.5492

Details

The RGB color **255, 250, 215** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **215, 220, 255**, and the grayscale version is **248, 248, 248**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **198, 194, 160** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 247, 190**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 253, 241**.

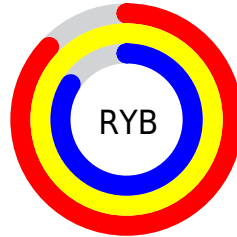
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (98%)

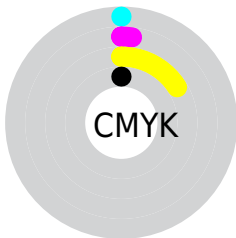
Blue (84%)



Red (87%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (84%)

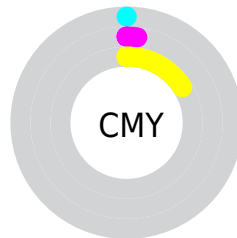


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 255, 250, 215 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 255, 250, 215 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 255, 250, 215

255, 255, 255


 255, 250, 215

 226, 221, 187

 198, 194, 160

 171, 166, 134

 144, 140, 109

 118, 115, 84

 93, 90, 61

 69, 67, 39

 46, 45, 18

 26, 24, 0

255, 250, 215

255, 250, 215

255, 247, 190

255, 253, 241

255, 244, 164

255, 255, 255

255, 240, 139

255, 237, 113

255, 234, 88

255, 231, 62

255, 228, 36

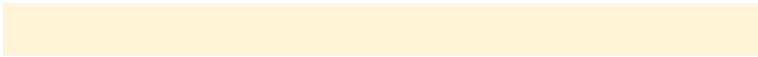
255, 224, 11

255, 223, 0

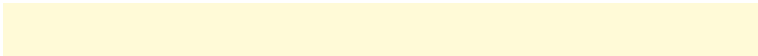
Harmonies

Analogous

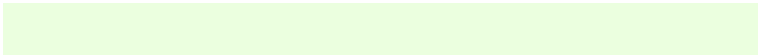
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 244, 216



255, 250, 215



235, 255, 223

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 250, 215



206, 255, 255



255, 238, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 250, 215



215, 220, 255

Split Complementary

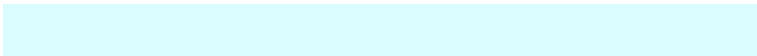
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 242, 255



255, 250, 215



219, 253, 255

Square

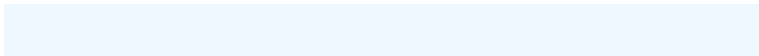
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 250, 215



206, 255, 255



240, 248, 255



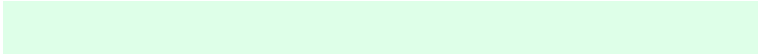
255, 237, 242

Rectangle

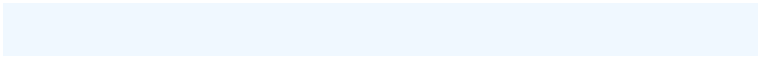
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 250, 215



222, 255, 232



240, 248, 255



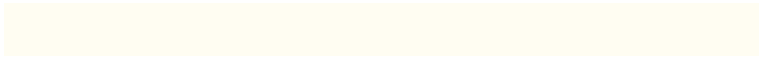
255, 239, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 250, 215



255, 253, 242



255, 215, 220



128, 127, 120



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

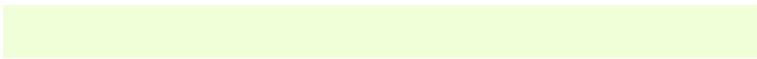
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 250, 215



255, 249, 207



240, 255, 215



128, 126, 115



191, 167, 0



64, 56, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



215, 220, 255



207, 213, 255



230, 215, 255



115, 116, 128



0, 24, 191



0, 8, 64

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 250, 215 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

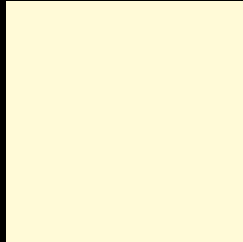
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 250, 215 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

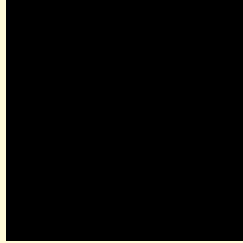
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 255, 250, 215 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 250, 215.

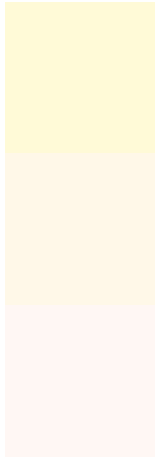


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 250, 215.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
255, 250, 215

Protanopia
255, 248, 232

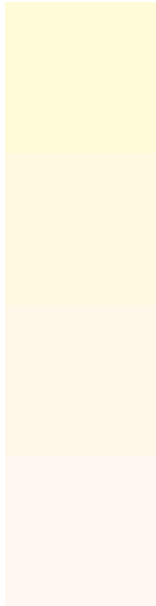
Deuteranopia
255, 247, 244



Tritanopia

255, 246, 255

Trichromacy



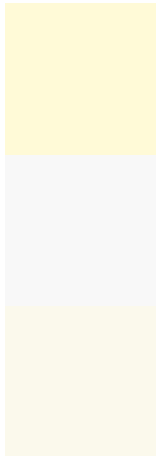
Original Color
255, 250, 215

Protanomaly
255, 249, 226

Deuteranomaly
255, 248, 233

Tritanomaly
255, 247, 240

Monochromacy



Original Color
255, 250, 215

Achromatopsia
248, 248, 248

Achromatomaly
251, 249, 236

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 255, 250, 215 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 250, 215)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 250, 215)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 250, 215) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 250, 215) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 255, 250, 215 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 250, 215) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 250, 215) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 250, 215)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 250, 215); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 250, 215);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 250,  
215) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 250, 215 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 250, 215) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
250, 215) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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