

Converting Colors

RGB(255, 40, 126)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(255, 40, 126) contains.

RGB(255, 40, 126)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(255, 40, 126)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF287E
RGB	255, 40, 126
RGB Percent	100%, 16%, 49%
CMY	0.0000, 0.8431, 0.5059
CMYK	0.00, 0.84, 0.51, 0.00
HSL	336°, 100%, 58%
HSV	336°, 84%, 100%
XYZ	45.7647, 24.2839, 22.0139
YIQ	114.0890, 100.5340, 72.3260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

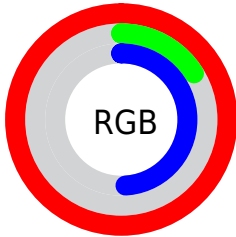
Format	Color
R_{YB}	255, 40, 126
Decimal	16722046
CIE _{Lab}	56.37, 79.95, 7.39
CIE _{LCh}	56, 80.290, 5.284
Yxy	24.2839, 0.4971, 0.2638
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294912126 (0xFFFF287E)
YUV	114.0890, 5.8721, 123.5789
Hunter-Lab	49.2787, 79.5334, 8.0090

Details

The RGB color **255, 40, 126** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0066**. The color can be described as middle washed rose. A complement of this color would be **40, 255, 169**, and the grayscale version is **114, 114, 114**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 112, 178**, and **191, 0, 78** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 15, 111**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 66, 141**.

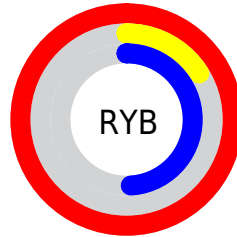
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (16%)

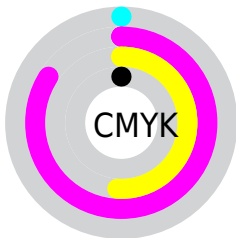
Blue (49%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (49%)

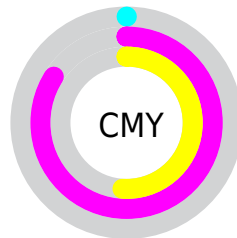


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (84%)

Yellow (51%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (84%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 255, 40, 126 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 255, 40, 126 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 255, 40, 126

 255, 40, 126

255, 255, 255

 223, 0, 101

 255, 112, 178

 191, 0, 78

 255, 143, 206

 160, 0, 55

 255, 173, 234

 129, 0, 34

 255, 203, 255

 98, 0, 12

 255, 234, 255

 68, 0, 3

 35, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 255, 40, 126

 255, 40, 126

■ 255, 15, 111

■ 255, 66, 141

■ 255, 0, 102

■ 255, 91, 157

■ 255, 117, 172

■ 255, 142, 187

■ 255, 168, 203

■ 255, 193, 218

■ 255, 219, 233

■ 255, 244, 248

255, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



226, 68, 195



255, 40, 126



246, 70, 58

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 40, 126



77, 153, 0



0, 158, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 40, 126



40, 255, 169

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 164, 215



255, 40, 126



0, 162, 72

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 40, 126



153, 136, 0



0, 165, 146



0, 140, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 40, 126



223, 97, 0



0, 165, 146



0, 161, 250

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 40, 126



255, 191, 217



169, 40, 255



128, 89, 105



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 40, 126



255, 0, 102



255, 62, 40



128, 115, 120



191, 0, 77



64, 0, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 40, 126



255, 0, 102



40, 233, 255



128, 115, 120



191, 0, 77



64, 0, 26

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 40, 126 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 255, 40, 126 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 255, 40, 126 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 40, 126.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 255, 40, 126.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
255, 40, 126

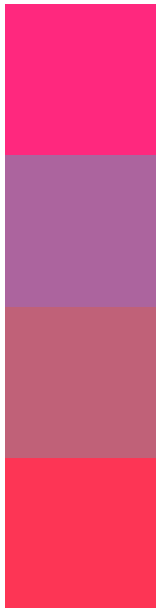
Protanopia
125, 134, 176

Deuteranopia
156, 130, 116



Tritanopia
252, 61, 62

Trichromacy



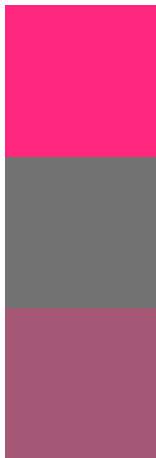
Original Color
255, 40, 126

Protanomaly
172, 100, 158

Deuteranomaly
192, 97, 120

Tritanomaly
253, 53, 85

Monochromacy



Original Color
255, 40, 126

Achromatopsia
114, 114, 114

Achromatomaly
165, 87, 118

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 255, 40, 126 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 40, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 40, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 40, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 40, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 255, 40, 126 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 40, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 40, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 40, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 40, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 40, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 40,  
126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 40, 126 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 40, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 40,  
126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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